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New British Party Gains First Victory

By Leonard Downie Jr.

Washingto Paul Service

LONDON — Shirley Williams, a leader of
Britain's new Social Democratic Party, became
its first elected member of Parliament with a
decisive by-election victory in what had been
one of the safest seets in the course. So one of the safest seats in the country for Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's governing Con-

Minister inaugater managers governing conservative Party.

Mrs. Williams, 51, won 49.1 percent of Thursday's vote in the middle-class suburban constituency of Crosby, just outside Liverpool. She easily defeated the Conservative, John Burtoker a 20 was add accountage. Butcher, a 39-year-old accountant, who received 39.8 percent. The Labor Party candidate, John Backhouse, 28, a high school mathematics teacher, got only 9.5 percent and lost his election deposit

Mrs. Williams' victory is the biggest boost yet for the recently formed alliance of the Social Democratic and Liberal parties, which offers voters a centrist alternative to Mrs. Thatcher's Conservatives on the right and Labor on the left. bor on the left. The alliance won its first parliamentary election five weeks ago when William Pitt, a Liberal, won a previously Conservative seat in the south London suburb of Croy-

The Conservatives had held Crosby through I de Conservauves nad neid Crossy unrougu
I elections since the constituency was formed
in 1948, and the loss by such a large margin is
the most serious political setback for Mrs.
Thatcher since she became prime minister in
1979. The poor showing by Labor is the latest
in a series of electoral humiliations it has suffered since being deeply divided by militant left-wingers demanding that its policies and leadership become more radically Socialist.

Haig Confers

On Sinai Unit

U.S. Seeks to Prevent

Veto of European Role

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON -- Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel

met Friday with Secretary of State

Alexander M. Haig Jr. to hear a

plea that Israel not veto Western

European participation in a Sinai

ington for the hastily arranged meeting in hopes of finding a way

Prime Minister Begin, with a bro-ken thighbone, will meet his Cabi-net at the hospital Sunday. Page 2.

around an impasse over European

participation in a Sinai peacekeep-

Israel has said it will not permit

France, Italy, Britain and the Netherlands to participate because

of statements made by them favor-

ing the principle of a homeland for

the Palestinians and a role for the Palestine Liberation Organization

ing his overnight flight from Tel Aviv that the Europeans' "condi-

tions are unacceptable."

, are "the Europeans are unacceptable

able without the statements."

Mr. Shamir declared before tak-

An Israeli source said Mr.

Shamir's opening position in the talks with Mr. Haig would be that

with the statements but are accept-

But the source, who requested anonymity, said there might be some way out of the impasse be-

cause both the United States and Israel "want European participation." It was thought possible that the Israelis might agree to post-

pone a decision, now set for Sun-

day, on whether to accept the Eu-

turn to Israel soon after the meet-

ing with Mr. Haig. Mr. Shamir plans to be in Israel in time for a meeting Sunday of the Israeli Cab-

inct, which was expected to reject

Sinai force unless some compro-

The Israeli government also sent

The disputes over European par-

ticipation in the Sinai force and Middle East strategy are straining U.S.-Israeli relations. The Reagan

administration fears severe dam-

age to the Camp David peace pro-

cess if the Europeans are prevented from participating. But the Be-

gin government is angry with the Western Europeans for pushing

that a compromise might be struck in which the administration would

step up military cooperation with

Israel in return for accepting the

Europeans. But Mr. Shamir took a

tough stance after meeting Thurs-

British Position

LONDON (UPI) - Britain reaffirmed Friday that its partici-

ration in the planned Sinai peace-

Zapori, who was visiting Britain.

There was speculation in Israel

for a role for the PLO.

lov with Mr. Begin.

conditions.

a military team to Washington to

- European participation in the

mise could be worked out.

plies in Israel and for some token

military cooperation.

Mr. Shamir was scheduled to re-

ropeans as part of the Sinai force.

in negotiations.

peacekeeping force.
Mr. Shamir met with Mr. Haig
soon after his arrival here. Mr.
Haig invited Mr. Shamir to Wash-

With Israeli

ing that she had turned what had been a 19.272-vote Conservative majority in Crosby into a 5.289-vote Social Democratic majority, Mrs. Williams said, "The election of the first Social Democratic Party candidate ever in this country is the beginning of a great movement of history, an idea that has found its time."

She predicted that the political momentum

of the Social Democratic-Liberal alliance would eventually force Mrs. Thatcher's gov-ernment to modify its rightist economic poli-cies, and that the alliance would replace Labor as a major British party and sweep to victory in the next national election in 1983 or 1984. Mrs. Williams called this "a crusade to save

Britain from political extremism."

David Steel, the Liberal Party leader, said the success of the alliance so far was far different from equally dramatic but historically isolated Liberal by-election victories in years past. "We now have a credible alliance," he said, "not a minor Liberal Party which was the

repository for the midterm protest vote."

Mrs. Williams' victory gives the Social Democrats 24 members in the House of Commons. Most of them defected from Labor, one as re-cently as 10 days ago. Three of the four foun-ders and current co-leaders of the Social Democrats - Mrs. Williams, David Owen and William Rodgers, all former Labor Cabinet ministers — now have parliamentary seats.

The fourth, Roy Jenkins, a former deputy

Labor leader who has been favored to become the sole leader of the Social Democrats, narrowly lost a by-election earlier this year in the Labor stronghold of Warrington in northern England and is expected to try again when more seats are vacated by death or retirement. With Mr. Pitt, the Liberals now have 12

members of Parliament, providing the Social

Democratic-Liberal alliance with a total of 36, the largest postwar third-party representation in the House of Commons. The Conservatives still have 336 seats, Labor has 245 and minor regional parties hold 16.

If the alliance can demonstrate it represents

more than a passing protest against the current problems of the Conservatives and Labor and can hold the more than 40 percent it has been winning in opinion polls and parliamentary by-elections, it could win a majority in Parlia-ment in the next national election or at least enough seats to become part of a coalition gov-

If they win a share of power, the alliance parties are committed to changing Britain's voting system to proportional representation, which would make centrist, multiparty governments much more likely.

Support for Mixed Economy

Mrs. Williams stood on the Social Democrats' comparatively bland support for Brit-ain's current mixed economy, membership in the Common Market and nuclear arms reductions through international negotiation. She emphasized the Social Democrats' policies reducing unemployment, a controlled increase in government spending on public works and

in government spending on public works and job-training programs — that closely resemble policy changes Mrs. Thatcher's Conservative critics have been urging her to make.

During the campaign, Mrs. Williams also demonstrated her personal popularity as the leading media personality of the new party. Although she holds some of the most radical political views of the party's collective leadership, such as favoring the abolition of all private such as favoring the abolition of all private schools, she showed an ability to appeal to vot-



Shirley Williams after her by-election victory.

Warsaw Moves to Outlaw Strikes As Party Assails Union Extremists

By Brian Mooney

WARSAW - Poland's Communist Party acted on Friday to outlaw strikes as it warned that ex-tremists in the Solidarity free trade union were destroying the country with "strike terrorism."

The Interpress news agency said Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski, the premier and party chief, announced legal steps to halt strikes when he made his opening remarks to a ses-sion of the policy-making Central Committee,

The premier said the Politburo had charged the government with drawing up legislation banams strikes, interpress said.

The legislation would have to be put to the Sejm, or parliament, which has twice held back from the threat of a strike ban since corkers won the right to bargain in the August, 1980, revolt that led to the formation of Solidarity.

A position paper read to the Central Committee complained that there had not been a single day free from protest or strikes in the last six months. Interpress also quoted an alter-

nate Politburo member, Włodzimierz Mokrzyszczak as revealing that 244,000 people had quit the Communist Party and 180,000 had been expelled in recent months. New members in the party, which once had about three million, totaled only 30,000.

The Central Committee's session opened with a position paper on the worsening state of the economy. It said that "strike terror is that Poles would ultimately reach systematically emasculating the national understanding.

state and annihilating the nation," and pledged that the government would go ahead with sweeping economic reforms.

At about the same time of the committee session, police in Warsaw cordoned off an area close to the main firemen's officer training academy after about 380 cadets ignored a deadline to end a sit-in protest and called on workers to come to protect them. The firemen were demanding the demilitariza-tion of their school.

Their protest was one of several centers of tension in Poland, including an almost total campus shutdown. Frivate farmers main-tained six 71 public buildings in tained sit of public buildings in several cities, oil workers remained on strike in the Krosno area and a strike at secondary schools spread throughout the Lublin area.

Warning From Church

Meanwhile, leaders of the nation's Roman Catholic Church warned of civil strife, and called for true national conciliation. The Roman Catholic primate, Archbishop Jozef Glemp, has played a key part in bringing together lead-ers of the Communist Party and Solidarity. The church statement on Friday said he was willing to do anything else necessary for the

good of the country.

But the statement, issued at the end of a two-day meeting of the Polish Episcopal Council, said the church was acting as a moral, not a political, force. The Polish bishops pointed to the danger of "fratricid-al struggle," but said they believed

The bishops called for the creation of "new and indispensable structures" and said there could be no conciliation as long as the mass media made use of half-truths.

This was seen as a clear statement of support for Solidarity's arguments that a government-union alliance would be workable only if there were basic political changes and for the union's campaign for access to the mass media. Meanwhile, Solidarity reported

that it had wrested concessions from the government in the field of economic control, but no major breakthrough in partnership was expected until further high-level

Solidarity's Warsaw news service said the government had agreed to give the union control over food production and distribuduring talks between government and union negotiators on Solidarity's demands for a social council to control the economy - an issue on which there was no progress.

The Politburo position paper at Friday's plenum, read by Central Committee secretary Marian Wozniak, said the economy had become a platform for political struggle. Mr. Wozniak said Solidarity extremists were paralyzing the government and had stepped up their activity in recent weeks.

in Moscow, Pravda reported Friday that defense ministers of the seven-nation Warsaw Pact will meet in Moscow in the first half of December. It said the meeting was part of a regular series of consulta-

EEC Falls Short On Accords, but Gains Are Seen

By Axel Krause onal Herald Tribuse

LONDON - Leaders of the 10 European Economic Community countries ended a two-day summit meeting here Friday without resolving key questions on budgetary or agricultural reform or defining new directions for the community's activities.

But various delegation sources said that the meeting should not be considered an outright failure and that the test of the EEC's ability to cope with its problems will come at the meeting of foreign ministers to be held either before Christmas or in January.
The summit's final communiqué

stated that the foreign ministers will consider "these difficult prob-lems and make recommendations to the heads of government which we hope to be able to approve without a further meeting."
Prime Minister Margaret

Thatcher, who presided over the conference, said that the unresolved issues may have to be held over for the next EEC summit. which is to be held in March in Brussels. But she described the meeting as "extremely construc-tive" and said it lacked any "acrimonious discussion.'

President Francois Mitterrand of France said at the news conference Friday evening that four is-sues remained to be resolved. He said they included Britain's financial contribution; balancing the EEC budget; protecting small- and medium-sized diary farmers, primarily in France, and arranging "well-defined" relationships between the richer member countries and those in the Mediterranean area, particularly Greece.

Commenting on the current arrangement under which Britain's contribution to the budget is made, Mr. Mitterrand said he was "not hostile to continuing rebates to Britain which are being granted under the 1980 agreement.

But he said that any budgetary relief for Britain should be "temporary and regressive" and that the agreement should not be extended for seven years, as Britain is suggesting. French sources said that the more "reasonable" period would be three or four years. West German Chancellor Hel-

mut Schmidt said at the press conference that he was frustrated with the bureaucrats who helped prepare the negotiations during the Mr. Schmidt is believed to be

strongly in favor of the meeting of foreign ministers that is expected to be organized with a minimum of staff participation. "He feels it might be easier to come to solutions if no bureaucrats are around," West German sources

The final communiqué specified that this meeting would be restricted to foreign ministers and two aides. It was not disclosed where the meeting would take place.

Mr. Mitterrand met for an hour Friday morning with Mr. Schmidt, and delegation sources said they reached a broad understanding on limiting Britain's budget contributions for three years. But they also agreed, according to the sources, that Britain would have to remain a net contributor to the EEC budg-

et under any budget reform

It also appeared that Mr. Mit-terrand's insistence on protecting the interests of small French dairy farmers complicated chances for broad agreement on reducing the costs of the agricultural policy. In his meeting with Mr. Schmidt, the French leader emphasized the need for protecting French dairy farmers against competition from the efficient, industrialized dairy farms in Northern Europe.

Mr. Mitterrand also told Mr. Schmidt that France was prepared to support EEC Commission recommendations that European wheat and grain prices be lowered to be closer in line with world lev-els. But he said this could only be accomplished if protective limitations were placed on imported competitors to wheat and grains of which France is the EEC's main

Similarly other, smaller farm producers, notably Ireland, the Netherlands and Denmark, were reported to be highly defensive of their agricultural interests.

Among the proposals put off by the summit was the plan presented earlier this year, by West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher and Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo, to expand the political role of EEC institutions, including the European Par-

Britain's eventual participation in the European Monetary System will be taken up at the March summit, Mrs. Thatcher confirmed Friday night. She also said that she was very understanding of the high budgetary contribution being made by the West Germans. She indicated that she would be willing to support a reduction in West Germany's contribution, the high-est of any EEC member.

On foreign affairs, the summit endorsed President Reagan's negotiating policy for U.S.-Soviet arms talks and expressed hopes for a quick trade-off to halt missile deployment. They praised Mr. Reagan's "commitment ... to the goal of major disarmament by means of mutual reductions in nuclear and conventional forces and confidence-building measures."
But they avoided any attempt to

discuss the the Middle East, and officials said this reflected a deliberate decision to avoid getting embroiled in further Arab-Israeli con-troversy. Four EEC nations — Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands - are waiting to see if Israel will carry out a threat to veto their participation in a Sinai peacekeeping force.

Empty-Handed Polish Merchants Face Consumers' Wrath

By Thomas W. Netter The Associated Press

A woman in Radom, Poland, didn't wait to get home from her

shopping rounds before inspecting a pair of boots that she had purchased in one of the city's crowded but understocked stores.

WARSAW - Shopkeepers short of merchandise in Poland are facing increasing violence from the long lines of disappointed consumers who wait for hours to buy what is

not there, or reach the door just at closing time.

The fears of the front-line workers — clerks and cashiers in state-run shops - have grown to the extent that 10,000 shopkeepers threatened a strike during the week. They re-lented when officials promised that police would react faster to calls for help.

In one Warsaw clothing shop that sells dresses, jackets, a

ariety of women's wear and toiletries, a sign was posted: We are not guilty. There are no goods. Don't beat us." gon on new strategic ties with the United States. A U.S. plan, submitted to the Israelis 10 days ago, called for stockniling medical

The sign - soon copied in other stores - went up last ek after a furious crowd of shoppers saw a shipment of clothing arrive just before closing time. "They forced us to stay open for hours and sell the jackets that were brought a shopworker said, asking not to be identified and that the name of his store not be used.

wouldn't leave," he said. "And when it was over we had five times the amount of money we're allowed to keep here overnight and the banks were closed. What were we to do?

In addition, the official news media have reported an increase in crime that sometimes is termed "alarming" by commentators, police and Communist Party officials. "It may just be lack of something to do, but it may also show the general feeling of pent-up anger and frustration about the situation in a generally loosened climate," a Western diplomatic observer said recently.

Among the incidents that led to the strike threat were: A woman shopkeeper in Brodnica, near Torun in northwestern Poland, had a heart attack and died after customers began breaking windows in the store where she was

A man waiting with others in Rzeszow to buy vodka ied — apparently of suffocation, trampling or a heart attack - when people rushed into the store to buy liquor.

 The state news agency PAP said customers had demolished display stands in several stores and forced shop at-tendants to work late until all goods were sold.

• In a department store in Bialystok, northeast Poland, a crowd cut the clothing of shop personnel with razors, the agency reported. In Lomza, northeast Poland, a crowd barricaded the

shopkeepers inside a store. Few such cases are reported where Poles line up for meat

and other essential foods - places where violence might seem more likely to occur. The news agency, in a commentary in its report, suggest-

ed that there may be a sinister motive — a profit motive — for some people's desire to buy. "Such cases often occur in front of shops selling durable goods rather than foodstuff," the agency said. "All those durables sold there can later be found at bazaars or through advertisements in the papers." Some shopkeepers have followed that line in a popular poster appearing on many Warsaw shops. It said: "The

robber is guilty, so let's hang the shopkeeper."

"We are not thieves and speculators," said another.
"That's what they [the news media] tell you and that is how
they cover up the inability to produce enough to sell."

"They filled the room here, smoked cigarettes and Curbs Sought on Research by Chinese in U.S.

State Department Wants to Limit Study in Science and Technology

Mr. Feshbach did not complete in process, and very few are grant-

By Barbara Crossette New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The State Department, charged with overseeing the scademic programs of Chinese scholars studying in the United States, is asking universities to cooperate in restricting research done by the Chinese. Many scholars from the People's Republic of China are working in science and technological research, areas that the department says are subject to export-control legislation.

Altogether about 2,000 mainland Chinese scholars are entering seeping force was not subject to the United States for study each

A Foreign Office spokesman and Minister of State Douglas Hurd gave that assurance during a The response to the State Department's request, from at least two universities, has been swift onel courtesy call by Israeli Communications Minister Mordechai

C. Peter Magrath, president of the University of Minnesota, told

the State Department in a letter last month: "Our mission is teaching, research and public service, and neither our faculty nor our ad-ministrators were hired to implement government security actions." Minnesota has 130 Chinese scholars, one of the largest groups

in the country. Appeal for Cooperation

At the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Herman Feshbach, the head of the physics depart-ment, said he had received from the State Department last spring a "page full of questions" about the work and professional associations of a scientist from Peking.

Mr. Feshbach said that the ac-

companying letter had appealed

for his cooperation in view of

how we feel about Communists."

officer for China in the State Department's office of Chinese affairs, said that the need to monitor the activities of students stems from a change in policy made over the last two or three years as cultural agreements have been concluded with Peking. The United States and the People's Republic

Keith Powell 2d, the exchange

ment on the matter.

of China resumed diplomatic relations in January, 1979. Until exchanges were begun as part of the Chinese-U.S. rapprochement process, the Chinese were subject to the same scrutiny as scholars from Soviet-bloc nations were, and still are, Mr. Powell said. Under that process, a visa for a scholar can take six months

the form, and he has had no fur-ther contact with the State Depart-nations for research in sensitive Although the Chinese still fall

under those rules, Mr. Powell said, efforts are being made to have the regulations changed, and in the meantime a compromise has been worked out that allows Chinese scholars to get visas before their programs of study are "fully analyzed" by the United States. The rapid increase in Chinese scholars in universities in the United States compares with a total of about 50 Soviet-bloc scholars, whose courses of study have been cleared in advance

U.S. technology: the Export Administration Act, the Arms Control Act and the Atomic Energy Act. The State Department is (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

Three laws govern the export of

INSIDE

Austrian Trial

One of Austria's biggest cor-ruption trials, which contrib-uted last year to the resignation of the finance minister, has ended with the conviction of all 12 defendants. Page 9.

Allen Inquiry

A Japanese business consultant and friend of U.S. presi-dential adviser Richard V. Allen reversed his account of his role in setting up a controversial interview. Page 3.

Busy, Busy, Busy

Pierre Cardin, super-designer turned super-businessman, discusses plans for Maxim's and the empire he is building on the name. Page 5W.

U.S. Delegate Sees Hope in **Geneva Talks**

GENEVA — Paul H. Nitze, a veteran U.S. negotiator on arms matters, vowed to be "reasonable and tough" as he arrived Friday in Geneva for talks that open Monday with the Soviet Union on limiting nuclear arsenals in Europe.
"The present state of anxiety

and the imperatives of establishing peace give the United States and the Soviet Union every reason to be sincere in their efforts to reach agreement on the reduction of nu-clear weapons," Mr. Nitze said in a brief arrival statement. "I feel that there are prospects for reaching a fair, equitable and verifiable agreement which could be the bhieprint for a new era of East-West relations.

The negotiations on theater nuclear forces - weaponry capable reaching targets in Enrope to open Monday and are expected to last for months. The Geneva talks will be the first on nuclear arms for the Reagan administra-

of ambassador, heads the U.S. delegation. He served in the Johnson and Nixon administrations and participated in the negotiations that led to the first strategic arms limitation treaty in 1972.

He is considered a hard-liner

Mr. Nitze, 74, who has the rank

toward the Soviet Union and warned in 1979 that the SALT-2 treaty, signed by President Jimmy Carter but never ratified by the U.S. Senate, would lead to Soviet strategic superiority.

The chief Soviet representative. Yuli Kvitsinsky, a 45-year-old diplomat, is due to arrive in Geneva on Saturday.

Mr. Nitze is expected to open with a formal presentation of the "zero option" proposal outlined by



Paul H. Nitze ... on arrival in Geneva.

President Reagan last week. The proposal calls for the United States to abandon plans to deploy 108 Pershing-2 missiles and 464 Cruise missiles in Western Europe by December, 1983. The Russians, turn, would be required to dismantle their intermediate-range SS missiles, which include the triplewarhead SS-20.

"We think it's an ambitious project, and a correct project, to get rid of all the intermediaterange weapons," Mr. Nitze said Friday. "If we could do that, that

would be a great success." Soviet President Leonid I. Brozhnev, during a visit this week to Bonn, rejected the Reagan proposal. Instead, Mr. Brezhnev renewed proposals for a moratorium on deploying medium-range Soviet missile systems in Europe and said the Kremlin might then make a unilateral cut in its medium-range arse-

nal "as a gesture of good will." Mr. Nitze said he would go to Hamburg on Saturday to confer with West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt on his talks with Mr. Brezhnev.

Disagreements Continue on Economy As Chinese Congress Prepares to Meet

By Michael Parks

Los Angeles Times Service
PEKING — China will attempt to define the basic principles for its long-term economic development next week at a meeting of its National People's Congress, but planners are still far from agreement on many key elements, Chinese sources say.

Premier Zhao Ziyang will propose the general goals and guidelines for the next five-year development program at the annual meeting of parliament, asking it to debate the national economic strategy. A precise plan will be drawn up later.

The program will be predicated on moderate but solid growth as China continues its program of ance with export regulations on economic readjustment, according to Chinese sources. It will also reaffirm the government's commitment to reform and restructure the loss of technology with military economic system during the next potential decade, gradually reshaping Chi-

Broad agreement on this is expected from the 3,500 deputies, but many of the measures to implement the program are controversial and may bring sharp debate during the committee meetings of the 10-day session.

Differences Continue

"Ideally, a consensus should emerge on our economic strategy from the discussion of the government's proposals," a Chinese offi-cial said this week, "This will then be taken and worked into a more specific plan to be implemented phase by phase."

But economists acknowledge that they themselves are still unable to agree on the goals of the current "readjustment" of China's once-ambitious spending program and are thus unable to say when it will end, permitting faster growth.

Nor is there agreement on crucial questions such as the proper balance between consumption and investment, the relationship between heavy and light industry, the increasing role of market forces in what will still be a planned economy or how to reorganize the country's 370.000 enterprises, a third of

WELLINGTON, New Zealand - New Zea-

landers vote Saturday in a general election that

is likely to be decided by the unpredictable

impact of the divisive recent South African

rugby tour and the performance of a newly

emergent third party.

The intentions of the 1.8 million voters re-

main unclear, and most analysts say that the

parliamentary election is the most difficult to

Traditional electoral indicators point to a

victory by the opposition Labor Party over the

National Party of Prime Minister Robert Mul-

doon, 60, who has served two three-year terms.

has lost some support on election day, and La-

The Associated Press
MADRID — Seven months after
8-year-old Jaime Vaquero Garcia
doubled over one night with stomach cramps and high fever, more

than 200 Spaniards have followed

him to the grave, victims of poi-soned cooking oil and one of the most nightmarish public health

The affliction the press now

16,000 persons, left more

calls Spain's Toxic Syndrome has

than 1,000 hospitalized, many for the second and third time. The

poison attacks the lungs, pancreas,

There is no antidote, no mirac-

Despite months of research and

Nor has the exact cause been

ulous cure, nothing but hope," said

tests, no solution has been found

the news magazine Cambio 16.

Health Organization.

scandals in Europe.

Virtually every government in New Zealand

forecast in 50 years.

was once dismissed as a rubber- be the focus of most of the discus- down harder on officials who stall stamp parliament endorsing without question whatever the govern- Great Hall of the People, several ment and Communist Party pro-other controversial topics may posed. But it has become a signifi-arise. Among them are the followposed. But it has become a argument cant political forum in its last two ing:

Bureaucracy and abuse of Bureaucracy and abuse of

sions this week and next at the

terrogation of government minis- privilege - Although most deputers and open criticism of a num-ties are members of the bureaucracy themselves, they are expected to

U.S. Seeks to Curb Research Of Visiting Chinese Students

(Continued from Page 1) charged with monitoring complibehalf of the Commerce and Defense departments. Of particular concern to the United States is the

According to both Kenneth H. Keller, the University of Minnesota's vice president for academic affairs, and Kurt Gottfried, a Cornell University physicist who is chairman of the American Physical Society's Committee on International Freedom of Scientists, it is the Commerce Department that has been most active recently under the Carter and Reagan administrations — in attempting to extend the definition of what technology is subject to licensing con-

Law Outlined

The State Department's position is that it has not asked universities to police the activities of Chinese students, but has only outlined the law and advised host universities that they may be approached by government officials concerned with the export control.

However, in a Sept. 30 letter to W.R. Franta, a professor of computer sciences at Minnesota, Mr. Powell wrote concerning the program of a Chinese scholar, Qi Yulu: "It is suggested that Qi be restricted from any access to unpublished or classified govern-ment-funded work. It is also suggested that the program emphasize course work with minimal involvethem running at a loss.

The National People's Congress should be no access to the design, from abroad

Although economic policies will call upon the government to crack

construction or maintenance data relevant to individual items of computer hardware. There should be no access to source codes or their development."

Advisory Asked

Mr. Powell added in the letter: "I would take this opportunity to remind you that this office should be advised prior to any visits to any industrial or research facili-

Mr. Magrath, replying that the university did no classified work, in line with its policy against secret research, said: "Both in principle and in practice, the restrictions proposed in your letter are mappropriate for an American re-

Magrath said he had just received a second letter from the State De-partment along similar lines. "We have a serious problem here," he said, "and I am very concerned. We are not anxious to have a dispute with the Department of State, but a university has to be free. We don't know of any way to accept students and then restrict what

There has to be some clarification on this," Mr. Magrath said.
"The implication is that if we don't cooperate we may be hurting ourselves; we may become a place visas won't be issued for."

The American universities accepting Chinese scholars admit them through their normal processes. Scholars choose the universities according to programs of-fered and apply for places there economic, social and political changes. Official corruption and abuse of privilege are also certain to be brought up, according to Chinese sources.

• Cultural policies — Several prominent writers, artists and other intellectuals reportedly want to raise the case of Bai Hua, a leading poet, dramatist and screenwriter, who has been under criticism for six months because of his film scenario "Bitter Love," which authorities have condemned as portraying too bleak a picture of Socialist China. His defenders want to know why he and others who have been attacked in the campaign against "bourgeois liber-alism" have not been allowed to reply as originally promised.

• Unemployment — The government is likely to fall short of its goal of 10 million new jobs this year, and ministers may be asked to say when urban unemployment, expected to be 6 percent or 7 percent at the end of the year, will be eliminated. They will also probably be questioned about a new labor policy that permits young workers to find their own jobs but no longer guarantees everyone a lifetime state job.

 Prices — Cigarette, beer and wine prices rose by an average of 25 percent this month, and overall urban consumer prices have probearch university." urban consumer prices have prob-In an interview this week, Mr. ably risen 10 percent in the past year without matching pay increases. Last year, the government pledged to end inflation, but this year it seems willing to live with a little bit, and deputies may ask

The Congress, which opens its Monday, will also receive a report from a special commission it established last year to revise the Constitution, and this may lead to discussion of much broader political issues, ranging from whether the country should have a president to the relationship between the Communist Party and the state to basic civil rights.

Foreign policy questions, particularly Chinese-American relations in view of the Reagan administration's consideration of arms sales to Taiwan, are also likely to be

many middle-class New Zealanders were horrified by his attacks on black Africans and oth-

At the same time, Mr. Muldoon is expected

to get conservative working-class votes because of his stand on the tour. One of the imponder-

ables is which of these two groups will have

more effect at the polls Saturday.

Meanwhile, the Social Credit leader, Bruce

Beetham, 45, urging a return of power from the executive to Parliament and the end of the

two-party monopoly on office, hopes to m-

crease his party's seats in the legislature to sev-

If Social Credit does well and no party gains

a majority, the balance of power will held by a

ers who criticized his attitude.

BRAZIL RESCUE EFFORT -- A janitor ching to the wall of a building where he worked in São Paulo, while for an hour he resisted firemen's rescue efforts. He had climbed out of a 12th-story window, saying he wanted "peace." An employee persuaded him to re-enter the building.

Israel Suspends Paper For Terrorism 'Praise'

By William Claiborne

Washington Post Service JERUSALEM - Reviving controversy over political censorship of the press, the Israeli government has closed the West Bank Arabic and English-language newspaper, Al Fajr, for publishing "encouragement" of terrorism and articles deemed to be a danger to security in the occupied territories.

The order Thursday was given y Interior Minister Yosef Burg with the approval of Prime Minis ter Menachem Begin, who Wednesday condemned Al Fair in a speech to parliament. Mr. Begin said the newspaper had expressed jubilation over the murder of a moderate Palestinian leader and his son in Ramallah on Nov. 17. Invoking a 1933 press ordi-

nance, part of an emergency security act carried over from the Brit-ish mandate of Palestine, Mr. Burg suspended Al Fair for one month.

Two weeks ago, Al Fajr was suspended for a week by the Israeli military censor, touching off criti-cism of Israeli censorship policies by not only Arabs but by Israeli civil rights activists. Israel's Su-preme Court ordered a compro-mise in which Al Fair agreed to submit to the military censor articles that have a direct bearing on security in the West Bank.

Interior Ministry spokesman Mr. Burg signed the order "after he learned that ever since the paper began to reappear, items were published in it that were liable to endanger the public welfare, in-cluding words of praise for acts of terror and murder, and encouragement of their commission

Al Fajr editor Hanna Siniora denied he had published inflammatory articles, and said the closing was a "political act" stemming from Al Fair's opposition to the Israeli-supported Village League, an or-ganization of Palestinian moderates that the military government is attempting to establish in the West Bank as an alternative to the Palestine Liberation Organization. West Bank nationalists have branded the Village League as a "collaborationist" organiza-

The order cited this week's English-language edition of Al Fair, one of three Palestinian weeklies published in East Jerusalem and read widely in the West Bank, Mr. Burg did not specify any articles, but editors at Al Fajr said he ap-parently had in mind two stories. one reporting on the assassination of Ramallah Village League president Yousef Khatib, and the other reporting on Israeli development of nuclear arms.

The assassination story, for the most part, appeared to closely follow details reported in the Israeli press and by foreign newspapers, but in the end referred at length to

of Mr. Khatib It condemned his long history of collaboration" with Israel and Jordan, and claimed that Mr. Khatib had been involved in "land schemes" in which deeds were forged so that Arab land could be sold to Jews. It also said Mr. Khatib had "pres-sured" mukhtars — local headmen

into joining the Village League.
Al Fair editors said the nuclear story was drawn entirely from reports published in the foreign

Editorial Attacks

Palestinian journalists said Mr. Begin and Mr. Burg may have been more concerned about recent editorial attacks on the Village League and its architect, Menachem Milson, who recently was ap-pointed civilian administrator of the West Bank.

Also, they said, the government was indignant over two unsigned columns in the Arabic edition that openly celebrated the assassination of Anwar Sadat

Chaim Kubersky, director-gen-eral of the Interior Ministry, refused to comment on the closing of Al Fair, saying it was a "personal decision" of Mr. Burg's.

In an editorial in the English

language edition, Al Fair referred to recent demonstrations in the West Bank, and said, "For a people under military occupation, the said the people would continue to throw stones, burn tires and fly Palestinian flags to demonstrate their support for the PLO.

In his speech to the Knesset, Mr. Begin said Al Fajr had "praised" the murder of Mr. Khatib and his 23-year-old son, adding, "In other words, it called for the murder of like-minded people."

On Wednesday, an association of Palestinian journalists conducted a sit-in strike at the International Red Cross headquarters to pro-test censorship of "the freedom of the Arabic press" and the recent imprisonment of Akrahm Hani-yeh, editor of the Arabic newspaper, Ai Shaab, for alleged incite-

There has been recent controversy within Israel over political cen-sorship of Israel's only television station, a state-owned channel that comes under frequent pressure from the government

Last month, the Broadcasting Authority ordered television correspondents to stop using the term
"West Bank" and instead refer to the occupied area with the Biblical names preferred by Mr. Begin, "Judea and Samaria." Moreover, television reporting in the West Bank has been curtailed. West Bank correspondent Rafik Halaby said he was no longer allowed to conduct investigations or do feature reports, and that he was told not to interview Arabs without

Washington Post Service national peacekeeping force for JERUSALEM — Israeli Prime the Sinai Peninsula.

Minister Menachem Begin, who fractured a thighbone in a fall Thursday night, will chair a Cabinet meeting in his hospital room Sunday to decide the issue of European participation in the multi-

8-Hour General Strike Is Held in Naples Area

quake-struck regions of Campania and Basilicata to back union demands for jobs and redevelop-

a square here, where one of the nation's most powerful labor leaders, Luciano Lama, urged improvements in housing, transportation, education and health. The strike concluded several days of demon-strations marking the Naples-area that left 300,000 people homeless.

Mr. Begin was described by his doctors as in good condition Fri-day, and his press secretary, Uri Porat, said the prime minister had done paperwork in his room at Hadassah Hospital. Mr. Begin underwent surgery Thursday night after he fractured the bone in a fall in his bath.

that Mr. Begin should not recover fully. He said Mr. Begin would remain in the hospital for about two weeks and then spend two or three

was no reason to postpone Cabinet action on the question of partici-pation in the Sinai force by Britain. France, Italy and the Netherlands, who linked their role in the force to involvement of the Palestine Liberation Organization in the Middle East peace process.

The prime minister's aides said the outcome of Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir's talks in Wash-

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

apan Bars Military Budget Increase

Tekyo — Premari Zenko Struki said Friday that his government would continue to hid military spending below I percent of gross national product over the next few years despite U.S. pressure for an in-

Replying to questions in the parliament's Administrative Reform. Committee, Mr. Suzuki said: "We have no intention at the moment of changing the policy of resintaining defense spending below the 1-percent level." He added that a five-year program was now being prepared on

the basis of this policy.

Mr. Suzuki has already said that his government would abide by the 1percent limit a policy of successive governments since 1976. But it was the first time that he has said that the policy would be applied to the 1983-87 defense program.

NAIROBI — Delegates discussed Enday whether the proposed interAfrican force for Chad should intervene against rebels seeking to topple
President Goukouni Oneddei, delegates reported Friday.

They said that the question of whether the form They said that the question of whether the force, being assembled by the Organization of African Unity, should play a purely near-keeping at the one-day meeting.

the Organization of African Unity, should play a purely peacekeeping

role was a key topic at the one-day meeting.
Only Kenya, which holds the OAU chairmanship, and three of the six countries contributing to the force attended the opening session: Nigeria, Zaire and Senegal. Benin's envoy was present for the afternoon session, and the delegate from Togo was expected later. There was no word from Guinea, which also promised troops for the Chad force.

2 Die, 15 Hurt in Tehran Bombings

. The Associated Press BEIRUT — Bombs exploded in central Tehran Friday, killing two persons, injuring 15, and setting Iran's largest department store and a nearby gasoline station aftre, police and the Iranian news agency report. ed. The agency called the explosions an anti-government terroris

ing although it named no group as responsible.

A police spokesman said that seven bombs had been planted inside the four-story. Quds department store. Three exploded and four ways found and removed, he said. The store was closed at the time. A fire continued for three hours after the bombing, police said.

The agency said that a concussion bomb in a vehicle near the gasoline station, across the street from the department store, killed two motorists and injured 15 passers-by-

Sakharov's Condition Said to Worsen

MOSCOW — The heart complaint of human rights activist Andrei D. Sakharov, who is on a hunger strike, has worsened, his stepson's fiancet Lisa Alexeyeva said she had heard from a friend who had visited the

physicist Thursday in Gorky, where lives in forced internal exile. She said she was told "that his heart complaint has definitely got worse."

Mr. Sakharov and his wife, Yelena Bonner, began a hunger strike on Nov. 22 to protest the Soviet anthorities' refusal to allow the emigration of Miss Alexeyeva, who seeks to join Miss Bonner's son, Alexei Semyenov, in the United States. The couple were married by proxy in Montana. The Soviet government does not recognize the marriage.

Zia Denies Border Buildup Charge

The Associated Press

KARACHI, Pakistan --- President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq of Pakistan denied Friday an assertion by Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi that Pakistani troops were being strengthened along the Indian border. "We can't say under what circumstances Mrs. Gandhi made this state. ment," Gen. Zia said. Pakistan, he added, still sought "good neighborly".

relations with India. The president said that routine military exercises had been conducted as recently in Punjab province, which borders India. The maneuvers had nothing to do with the border itself, he said.

U.S. Force Quits Egypt After Games

CAIRO — About 2,000 U.S. troops have left Egypt in the last few days.

after U.S.-Egyptian war games, the first of a series in the Middle East, a U.S. spokesman said Friday.

Evacuation of the Rapid Deployment Force began Wednesday, he said. The first group left by air a day after the end of a 10-day exercise code named Bright Star 82. Others left Thursday, and 14 flights were

Most of the rest of the 4,000 troops will be evacuated within the next few days, the spokesman said, but about 400 from headquarters and communication units will stay until next month to await similar exercises

Few Funds for Belgian Unemployed

BRUSSELS — The Belgian government has practically no more funds to pay allowances to the country's 413,000 unemployed, Labor Minister Roger De Wulf announced Friday.

Belgium has the highest rate of unemployment in the Common Market, 12.7 percent. The country also has a record budget deficit, no government. ernment and no parliament. The last government fell Sept. 21, and a new Cabinet has not yet been formed. The new parliament, elected Nov. 8, 5 has not yet convened.

Mr. De Wulf said that he had asked for 10.9 billion francs (\$266 million) for payment of December unemployment allowances, but that the Ministry of Finance made available only 2.4 billion francs, enough

Seychelles Said to Hold 3 Mercenaries in Raid

Renters
VICTORIA, Scychelles — Seychelles authorities have captured at least three of the force of white mercenaries who attacked the archipelago's international airport, reliable sources said Friday.

They said the men were seized Thursday when the mercenary commando group was routed and some of its members fled by hi-jacking an Air India Boeing 707 to the South African port of Durban, about 2,000 miles away.

As authorities enforced a round-



Menachem Begin

ington on Friday with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. would have a greater bearing on the question, although Mr. Begin had already said he would recommend to his Cabinet that the European nations be disqualified from the force.

the clock curfew, troops searched to the jungle hills between the Sey the chelles capital of Victoria and the airport for more mercenaries. South African police held under

strict security a group of white men who hijacked the Boeing 10 Durban, Reuters reported from Johannesburg.
The South African government.

facing potential embarrassment over the incident, ordered a news blackout on details, and officials declined to confirm the number of men detained in Pretoria or reports from security police sources that one bijacker was dead and two were found wounded when the aircraft landed at Durban. Police Commissioner Louis L

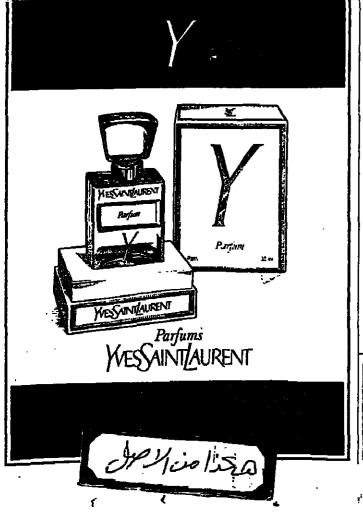
Grange said in Johannesburg that one hijacker had been wounded: and a number of them had been identified, among them some South Africans. Passengers on the flight, from Salisbury to Bombay, via the Seychelles, said the aircraft arrived on Mahe Island in the midvia the Sey Mahé Island in the may arrived on Mahé Island in the may dle of a gunfight. The aircraft was a carrying 65 passengers and 14 cm.

dle of a gunnym
carrying 65 passengers and 14 me
members.

Armed men carrying Soviet
made weapons boarded the plane
and, after it had sat on the runway
for about three hours, the men or for about three nours, the mean dered that the plane take off, they said. Most of the hijackers and appeared to be South Africans of Rhodesians, with some Britons, Germans and Frenchmen, they

After the aircraft landed in South Africa, Durban airport was !! scaled. The passengers were freed after about five hours of negotia-tions between police and hijackers, who initially made a number of do

The Seychelles Defense Ministry



pinpointed. Authorities say it is probably from toxic industrial

as low-priced olive oil. Gijón say other chemicals found in the tainted oil might be responsible, such as aniline, a poisonous dye. Some have suggested that ani-

arteries, liver, spleen, brain and muscles, leaving victims gasping for breath and writhing in pain.

Leftists opposed to the centrist government of Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo say Health Ministry officials reacted slowly to the magnitude of the poisoning and have by Spanish toxicologists, visiting experts from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control or the World

been fumbling for a cure. takes in organization and adminis-

From Toxic Cooking Oil in Spain

Rugby Issue May Affect Vote in New Zealand

Social Credit Party one.

In the last general election, the National Party won 51 seats, the Labor Party 40 and the

Under normal circumstances, the present

widespread discontent over 15-percent annual

inflation, 5-percent unemployment and five

years of economic stagnation would cause the

anti-incumbent trend to continue. But as Mr.

Muldoon has noted, this is no normal election.

The reasons are the rugby tour two months ago and the emergence of the Social Credit

League, a third party comparing itself to Brit-ain's new Social Democratic Party.

emotions. Many liberal, middle-class New

Zealanders were dismayed by the violence

when anti-apartheid demonstrators and police

The tour divided the country and stirred

Researchers at the University of

"Of course, there have been mistration, but the actions of this ministry have not been as bad as peo-

The government has seized tons of the poisoned oil, blacklisted 21 brands and jailed 25 businessmen suspected of conspiring to sell the tainted product. Twelve suspects have been indicted for crimes

line and rapeseed oil combine to produce a highly toxic compound.

rapeseed oil peddled door-to-door

against public health.

Experts Still Seek Cause of Deaths

ple claim," said Health Minister Jesus Sancho Rof. Critics respond that poor health inspections are to blame. The na-tion of 37 million people has 500 food inspectors, 20 assigned to

Madrid, where most of the poisoning has struck.
Although \$28.5 million has been spent to aid victims and give them free care, thousands have formed associations to file negligence suits against the government. Many vic-

tims suffer pain, nausea, cramps and fatigue. The family of Jaime, who died May 1, still requires medical attention. Cristobal Pozas, a Madrid house painter who is another vic-tim, has not worked in six months and has lost weight. Twenty per-cent of school-age children who

have been poisoned remain out of Health Ministry experts first identified the ailment as an "atypi-cal pneumonia" not linked to the oil. The health minister later said

the affliction was caused by a tiny Six weeks after the first death, Dr. Juan Tubuenca, acting head of Madrid's children's hospital, narrowed the cause. Doubting the bug theory, he questioned parents of child victims. He learned they had all consumed unlabeled cooking oil, sold as cheap olive oil. The affliction was concentrated in Ma-drid's poorer industrial neighbor-

Medical detectives traced the oil to a firm near Madrid. Laboratory analysts showed the oil was 90 percent rapeseed oil, used as an indus-trial lubricant. It is made from seeds of the rape plant, part of the

mustard family. Analysts also said the tainted oil was laced with soy oil, animal fats and aniline dye, which is put in rapeseed oil to mark it for industri-

Investigators said those already arrested were part of a widespread fraud. The newspaper El País said \$80 million worth of the fake olive oil had been peddled in the past 10 years. But no one has explained why the disease did not surface be-

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Protesters Build 'Tent City' Near The White House United Press International

WASHINGTON - A "tent village" has been built in Lafayette Park, across the street from the White Honse, to pro-test planned administration

cuts in welfare programs. Mitch Snyder, a leader of the Community for Creative Non-Violence, vowed to populate the gathering of 10 tents with poor people until the end of winter. He termed the tents

'Reaganville." Park police said no arrests had been made immediately because no laws would be broken unless the occupants attempted to sleep in the tents.

"Whether or not they issue us a permit we are going to do what we know is right, what we know is constitutionally protected and what we know is an absolute necessity," Mr. Snyder said.

Magazine in Paris

Denies Libya Deal International Herald Tribune PARIS - Jeune Afrique, a Parisbased magazine on African affairs, Friday denied in part assertions that it had agreed to a \$4-million deal with Libya to publish favorable stories about Col. Moamer

Qadhafi, the Libyan leader. The magazine's publisher, Bechir Ben Yahmed, said that "no contract had been signed to date with Libya" and that Jeune Afrique readers would be informed about any such accord. The French weekly Le Canard Enchaine reported this week that advertising representatives of Jenne Afrique, whose circulation is 135,000, had proposed to the Libyan authorities to publish a series

of flattering articles about Libya to

be written by prominent French reporters and published without any mention that the stories were paid advertisements.

Correction

A New York Times article from Ankara in the International Herald Tribune on Nov. 16 incorrectly identified the party in power when the Turkish government was overthrown in September of last year. The Justice Party was in power at

Cabinet Will Meet Sunday In Begin's Hospital Room

The Associated Press NAPLES - An eight-hour general strike closed factories, government offices, banks and schools Thursday throughout Italy's earth-

About 100,000 workers railied in

The 68-year-old prime minister's personal physician, Dr. Mervin Gotsman, said he saw no reason

weeks recuperating at home. Aides to Mr. Begin said there

tower and terminal buildings.

mands but surrendered without in-

Television May Be the Real Audience for U.S. House's Ritual 'Morning Hour'

By Warren Weaver Jr. New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - It is just after 10 o'clock on a Thursday morning in the sommolent chamber of the House of Representatives. The chaplain has prayed for all 14 lawmakers present. Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill Jr. has given his blessing to the previous day's journal and three messages from the Senate have been duly

One of the four members in the front row seats, Rep. James C. Wright Jr., Democrat of Texas, rises, and the speaker greets him: "The gentleman from Texas.

"I request permission to address the House for one minute," the congressman says, ex-ercising his priority as majority leader.

"The gentleman is recognized for not to ex-ceed one minute," the Speaker responds.

Rep. Wright strides to a lectern in the well of the chamber facing the Democratic seats, which lie to the speaker's right. He puts his one-page text on the lectern and booms into the microphone: "Mr. Speaker, the House has twice voted by overwhelming margins ...

The "morning hour," a congressional ritual that has taken on new meaning with the penetration of the House chamber by television. had begun. In the next 32 minutes, 19 more members each delivered one minute's worth of oratory on the subject of their choice, to an andience that consisted almost entirely of people waiting to make one-minute speeches.

Like much of the oratory, if not the deci-sion-making in Congress, the morning hour is

actually addressed to an audience other than the visible one. On this Thursday, there were only 53 speciators looking on and a solitary reporter in the press gallery.

Some participants in the morning hour were really addressing the readers of the Congressional Record, where their words would appear the next day. Many of them will make reprints of their remarks in the Record and mail them to constituents, giving the vague impression that the speeches were delivered at the climax of a tumultuous House debate.

Perhaps most important, the one-minute speeches were also delivered before the unblinking television cameras that have recorded the proceedings of the House for the past 32 months. Any member may now buy a film clip of any speech from the House clerk's office and offer it to his local television stations as a

The ritualistic character of morning hour turns out to be fairly flexible. Most speakers request and receive permission to "revise and extend" their remarks, polishing up the printed version and adding material beyond the oneminute limit.

It is difficult to determine how much the lure of television has fed the institution of the morning hour. The House clerk's office reports that no records are kept "for First Amendment reasons" of how many members buy film clips. apparently lest the tally have a chilling effect on freedom of publicity. But House aides who have watched the ceremony for years are convinced there are more one-minute speeches

since the cameras began rolling.

House rules prohibit any member from us-

ing the television recordings of sessions "for political purposes," which has been carefully defined as inclusion in campaign commercials for radio or television. But House rules bind only House members, and anyone can buy the

film clips.
In the 1980 elections, candidates challenging House incumbents, in at least two instances, bought House television clips of their opponents, focused on the less glamorous and coherent segments of their floor speeches and used the negative material in campaign com-

The Senate has a version of the morning hour, called "routine morning business," which like many things in that body, is windier and less tightly organized. Members are given ments are likely to be at least 15 or 30 minutes.

No self-respecting senator, it seems, could con-template saying anything at all in one minute.

In routine morning business, the Senate chamber is even more empty than the House at morning hour. Senators generally do not arrive on the floor until just before their time slot opens. Occasionally, to avoid the solitary echo of his own voice, a senator will organize a sort of mock debate, inviting a handful of like-minded colleagues to join him on the floor and provide background oratory.

A resolution authorizing television cameras in the Senate for the first time has been approved in committee and is scheduled for floor debate in coming months. If it is approved, the Senate's routine morning business may come less routine and more businesslike in the fu-

part of a special investigation un-der the direction of FBI Director William H. Webster.

day on the television network re-

The ABC report said FBI agents had been pulled off other cases and formed into a counterintelli-

gence group to concentrate on finding Libyan agents.

Robert Wagus, assistant district director for investigations for the

Immigration and Naturalization

Service in Detroit, said the INS

does not have the manpower to in-

crease the number of agents on

duty at the border. He would not

comment on whether those on duty are on a heightened state of

The Libyan government has denied previous reports that the Li-

byan leader, Col. Moamer

Qadhafi, has sent "hit men" to the

United States in an effort to kill

Mr. Reagan and other officials.

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The FBI had no comment Fri-

Report of Libya Killers

Raises U.S. Concern

The Associated Press
WASHINGTON — U.S. government security officers take "very.
very seriously" reports that Libyan

or other extremist "hit teams"

might attempt to assassinate Presi

dent Reagan or other top U.S. offi-

The sources, who requested that

they not be identified, said reports

were received last week that one or

more assassination teams might infiltrate the United States from

Canada or another way. There

were indications that these warn-

ings, originating in the Middle East, mentioned six assassins and

Accordingly, security measures are said to have been tightened by the Secret Service, the FBI and

other government security special-

Defense Secretary Caspar W.

Weinberger and Secretary of State

Alexander M. Haig Jr. are due to

travel abroad soon, and security

officials are especially concerned that they might be exposed to dan-ger from other possible assassina-tion teams abroad, although there

did not appear to be any intelli-gence on specific threats overseas.

that Libyan agents had been assigned to assassinate Mr. Reagan

and other top high officials and,

the network said, were believed to

have already entered the United States through Canada.

Quoting unidentified sources, ABC said monitoring of the Cana-

dian border, especially in the De-troit area, had been increased as

ABC News reported Thursday

cials, sources said Friday.

listed their names.

Tokyo Friend Says He Asked Allen For Help in Arranging Interview

TOKYO — Tamotsu Takase, a close friend of Richard V. Allen, said Friday that he helped set up an interview with Nancy Reagan for a Japanese magazine by phon-ing Mr. Allen, according an article appearing in Saturday's issue of

the newspaper Mainichi Mr. Takase, a business consultant and university lecturer, told the newspaper that his wife, Chizu-ko, had been having difficulty in arranging the interview for Shufunotomo magazine (The Housewife's Companion) late last

"I found my wife was getting nowhere," he said, "so I found it necessary to help her, which prompted me to call Richard Allen."

Mr. Allen is under investigation by the Justice Department for hav-ing received a \$1,000 cash payment from Japanese journalists who interviewed Mrs. Reagan on Jan. 21 in the White House. Mr. Allen told investigators that he intercepted the money and meant to turn it over to the authorities. But he has said that the cash was placed in an office safe and forgotten.

In an interview in Washington, Mr. Alien explained, sometimes angrily, his sale of a Washington consulting firm after a published report suggested that his sale of the Potomac International Corp. might have placed him in a conflict

Mr. Allen said that he stood to make only \$39,000 from the sale, which he characterized as a "per-fectly ordinary commercial trans-

Takese Interviews

Mr. Allen's friend and associate, Mr. Takase, spoke twice with Mainichi this week. In an article
that appeared Thursday, Mr. Takase told Mainichi "my wife,
Chizuko, did everything" to arrange the interview with Mrs. Reagan. The interview eventually took place with Mrs. Takase serv-ing as interpreter for two other women working for the magazine.

"I was not involved in it at all." he was quoted as saying in break-ing a public silence that had lasted since it was disclosed on Nov. 13 that an investigation was under way of the acceptance by Mr. Al-ien the \$1,000. But Mr. Takese changed his account in the second interview scheduled to appear in the newspaper Saturday.

Mr. Takase could not be reached for comment on the change in his account of the events that preceded the interview at the White House, Mr. Allen has said that he received an initial request for the interview and that he turned it over to others for "evaluation." He has not said who made

Mr. Takase's disclosures underline the close relationship between Mr. Takase, a director of Technova, a small research group here, and Mr. Allen.

"He is my intimate friend since 1955," Mr. Takase was quoted as saying in the first Mainichi interview Thursday.

Mr. Takase's role as a go-be-tween for top politicians here and Washington is obscure. He said in the latest Mainichi interview that he arranged a meeting between Takeo Fukuda, a former Japanese premier, and Mr. Reagan in Washington on March 20.

"I admit I was responsible for arranging former Premier Fuku-da's meeting with President Reagan this year," he told Mainichi after he was asked about the matter. The claim could not be confirmed with Mr. Fukuda's off-

In the telephone interview in Washington, Mr. Allen said Thursday that he would not "terminate friendships" with some of his for-mer Japanese associates or clients or with Peter D. Hannaford, the purchaser of the consulting business, simply "because I've become a public official."

A report published during the week suggested that his installment sale of the Potomac International Corp. might have placed him in a conflict of interest. The report raised questions about Mr. Allen's continuing relationship with Mr. Hannaford, Mr. Hannaford's clients, some of whom were Mr. Allen's clients when he owned Potomac, and a Japanese professor, with whom Mr. Allen has long enjoyed a close business and social

Vietnam, Russia Sign Pact

BANGKOK - Vietnam and the Soviet Union have signed agreements under which the Russians will provide assistance in the energy, construction and communications sectors, the Vietnamese News Agency reported Friday.

"I find it particularly revolting to suggest that friendships of many years' standing are seen to contain Allen said. The double standard, the application of double standards by the press - by the media

Mr. Allen asked during the interview, "How can there be a con-flict?" and went on to answer his one guy leaves a law firm and leaves his accounts, is there a conflict if he meets with the lawyer who takes over those accounts or the former client, particularly if he excuses himself from matters pertaining to the client. The answer is

Richard A. Hanser, the deputy counsel to the President, said he had reviewed Mr. Allen's sale of Potomac and found no conflict of interest. Mr. Hauser said that Mr. Allen had no continuing sales relationship with former Potomac clients and that the debt was owed to him by the Hannaford Co.

Mr. Allen sold his Potomac consulting business on Jan. 19 to the Hannaford Co., a concern owned by Mr. Hannaford and several business associates, according to Mr. Hannaford. Mr. Hannaford was an aide to Ronald Reagan be-fore Mr. Reagan became presi-

Mr. Allen provided details on the sale during the interview. He said that while Mr. Hannaford agreed to pay off the installment debt over a three-year period, both he and Mr. Hannaford expected the debt to be retired within a few

"He wants to get rid of the obli-gation," Mr. Allen said of Mr. Hannaford, who said in an interview last week that Mr. Allen was owed "a modest amount" that would be paid off in three to four

Mr. Allen said Thursday that Mr. Hannaford's company still owed him about \$50,000 and had paid off about \$20,000 of the debt since Mr. Allen had been in office.

"How can I be in a conflict of Mr. Allen asked. "The man owes me money in a perfectly ordinary commercial transaction. Whatever happens, come hell or high water, the Hannaford Co. and its stockholders are responsible for the debt owed to me."



RESCUE IN BERMUDA — A sightseeing boat, left, went to the aid of chartered yacht in Hamilton harbor as a storm with 100-mph winds hit Bermuda. Two men clinging to a lifeboat were rescued Friday after abandoning a West German cargo ship reported sinking east of Bermuda; U.S. Coast Guard and Navy planes were searching for the 22 other crew members.

Mexico Is Expected to Explain U.S. Views As Minister From Nicaragua Begins Visit

By Alan Riding New York Times Service

MEXICO CITY - Nicaragua's foreign minister has arrived here for talks with Mexican officials just two days after Mexico offered to act as a "communicator" to lower tensions between the Reagan administration and the Sandinista

Mexican officials said Thursday that the trip by Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto was planned some time before this week's visit to Mexico City by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., but they said that U.S.-Nicaraguan relations would certainly be dis-

The State Department said Wednesday that Mexico had agreed to raise with the Sandinista regime concerns that the Mexican government reportedly shares with the Reagan administration about recent political developments in

But Mexican officials have questioned the interpretation given by Washington of Mr. Haig's conversations with President José López Portillo and Foreign Minister Jorge Castañeda, noting that Mex-ico had not agreed to intercede "unilaterally" with Nicaragua but had offered to be a "communica-tor" between Washington and

Hopes Are Raised

The officials added, however, that Washington's version of the talks Monday and Tuesday raised hopes that the Reagan administralitical effort to reach an understanding with the Sandinista government.

During his visit here, Mr. Haig reportedly spoke of the need to adopt "severe measures," excluding military intervention, against

be too much for my tolerance," he

"When I was told by telephone from the State Department that

the insulting message had originated at the White House, I thought

that I no longer had a useful function to perform on behalf of the president in Tehran."

Mr. Sullivan says that he re-

Nicaragna if its current "totalitarian trend" persisted. But Mr. López Portillo warned him that the use of force by Washington in the region would be a "gigantic historical er-

Sandinista commanders have in recent weeks insisted on their desire for closer ties with the United States. But the Reagan administration has said that relations could not improve until Nicaragua halted its alleged arms shipments to Salvadoran guerrillas and reversed its current military buildup.

The Nicaragan foreign minister is expected to be briefed on the results of Mr. Haig's visit, but offibe invited by both sides to act as a "communicator," the channel in Managna would be directly with the ruling junta or with the Sandinistas' nine-member national

directorate, which dictates the guidelines of policy.

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When U.S. Diplomats Turn to Writing, How Much Should They Tell? est example of a rapidly growing information relating to relatively tion that had swept over me during cottage industry in Washington in recent events. Mr. Rusk shares the mained on post to help in the evac-uation of U.S. citizens but that, since he no longer had the confi-dence of the White House, "and

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Three Service

WASHINGTON -- As William H. Sullivan recounts the tale, it was "a complete surprise" when he was asked in 1977 to become the U.S. ambassador to Iran. Mr. Sullivan, perhaps the leading Southeast Asian specialist in the Foreign Service, had never served in the Middle East and "knew little about its culture or its ethos."

"While I recognized the importance of Iran, the proposal did not make me jump for joy," the retired diplomat says in a 296-page book, "Mission to Iran," which has just been published.

Mr. Sullivan, it turned out, was to be the last U.S. envoy to Iran. He was there when Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi left the country and Ayatollah Rubollah Khomeini returned from exile. He departed seven months before the takeover of the U.S. Embassy.

Now, just two years later, he has written a highly readable, controversial memoir that is, in effect, a on de coeur by a proud diplomat who makes it clear that he thinks President Jimmy Carter's White House, and in particular Zbigniew Brzezinski. Mr. Carter's national security adviser, did as much as anyone to "lose" Iran.

Mr. Carter and Mr. Brzezinski are working on their own memoirs and undoubtedly will have something different to say about Mr. Sullivan's sweeping conclusion

Ahmed Zaki Saad. IMF Ex-Director, Is Dead in Geneva

New York Tones Service WASHINGTON -- Ahmed Zaki Saad, 81, a former executive direcfor of the International Monetary Fund, died last weekend in Geneva, the IMF announced.

Mr. Saad was executive director of the IMF from 1946 to 1970. He was also Saudi Arabia's representative on the board of governors of the IMF and the international Bank for Reconstruction and Development, known as the World Bank, from 1958 to 1977.

John Edwin Postfret

NEW YORK (NYT) - John Edwin Pomírci, 83, a historian and president of the College of William and Mary from 1941 to 1951, died Thursday in Camden, S.C.



that after he left Iran in April, 1979, "the feckless manner in which the Carter administration conducted its affairs continued, the erratic ambitions of Brzezinski were unabated, and the failure to understand events in Iran was compounded." "All of this led, in November of

1979, to the taking of the hostages in the American Embassy and to a period of national humiliation unmatched in our history," he writes. It was not our linest bour." Mr. Sullivan's memoir is the latwhich former diplomats take to the typewriter to write about their experiences and publicize their views of policy and events.

David Newson, who retired in January as undersecretary of state for political affairs, has written an article criticizing the Gulf policies of the Carter and Reagan administrations; Herman Eilts, former ambassador to Egypt, has publicized his view that the Camp David process has run out of steam and that a different Middle East policy should be found.

The proliferation of memoirs and articles by such well-known and respected career diplomats as Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Eilts and Mr. Newsom has alarmed some past and present members of the Foreign Service who believe that retired officers should keep their thoughts to themselves. If they feel compelled to write, this school of thought holds, they should put considerable distance between the event and the writing of it.

Rusk Was Incensed

The debate is, of course, not new. When Dean Rusk was secretary of state in the 1960s, he was highly incensed by the articles and books written by Arthur Schlesin-ger Jr. and Theodore Sorensen, who were former sides to John F. Kennedy, and by a book about the State Department by Roger Hills-

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view of such other retired officers as Philip C. Habib that Foreign Service officers should not write about contemporary events. He has never published a memoir. But Mr. Rusk did record his experiences for Columbia University's oral history project so that they would be available to scholars in the fu-

of diplomatic history would certainly be much poorer if such for-mer ambassadors to Moscow as George F. Kennan and Charles Bohlen had not written about their careers. And Henry A. Kissinger, completing the second of three volumes on his experiences, differs sharply with Mr. Rusk on the propriety of former secretaries of state telling all.

Mr. Sullivan's book is limited to Iran and is not an attempt even to tell the detailed story of the two years when he was ambassador. Rather, it is an episodic and point-ed account in which he reveals how he and the Carter administration – principally Mr. Brzezinski – came to a parting of the ways over framing policy even though Mr. Sullivan was still the ambassador

At one point, he wrote, "I received a most unpleasant and abrasive cable from Washington, which in my judgment, contained an unacceptable aspersion upon

in Tehran.

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PARIS HÔTEL PLAZA-ATHÉNÉE

Page 4 Saturday-Sunday, November 28-29, 1981

Unneeded Sinai Frictions

It seemed good news that Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands had offered to take part in the peace force being organized by the United States to police the Sinai after the Israelis finish evacuating next April. It would give the United States some welcome company in its sponsorship of Camp David. With any luck, those taking part would end up bored to tears but in proud possession of world-class volleyball teams.

How regrettable that an exercise meant to draw nations together has produced yet more friction. The trouble lies not only between Israel and the Europeans, who wish to join the force in order to get a voice in the next stage of Middle East diplomacy and to join in a way that will let them demonstrate their rejection of Camp David to their Arab oil suppliers. There is also a disagreement between Israel and the United States, which wants the Israelis to stop grumbling about the Europeans' verbal formulations and to accept the modest benefits of European participation in the force.

The dust has not yet settled from the AWACS controversy and from Mr. Reagan's remarks on the Saudi peace plan. (That plan is now under a dark new cloud of uncertainty as a result of the abrupt shattering of the Arab summit called to promote it.) But the Israeli foreign minister has hastened to Washington to untangle the Sinai issue. Meanwhile, U.S.-Israeli plans for strategic cooperation are coming into public dispute.

Some of the trouble between these two friendly and like-minded countries is not of their making. The European performance is shabby. On the future of the Palestinians there are many questions, but the peace between Egypt and Israel is here and now. It would be nice to have allies unashamed to support the single part of any Mideast peace process that 1) exists and 2) works.

But much of the strain between the United States and Israel is of their own making. President Reagan has yet to find an effective way to manage this uniquely complex relationship. The handles to its separate parts seem to be scattered among subordinates insensitive to the requirements of coordination and tact. Often, when Mr. Reagan himself joins in, he leaves people asking whether he understands what has gone before. On his part, Prime Minister Begin has chosen to treat each issue that comes along as a do-ordie test of American fidelity. He seems intent on compelling the United States to choose between its Israeli interests and its Arab interests, when the basic American policy is to try to pursue them both.

No manner of conducting relations can crase the real differences that lie between the United States and Israel. This is all the more reason to keep extraneous differences from clogging the machinery. No substantial improvement can be expected if the matter is not addressed at the top.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Praying for Reaganomics

Before I pray for my wife and children at night, I pray for lower interest rates. - Senator Jake Garn.

Someone up there may be listening; interest rates have fallen sharply in the weeks since the Utah senator expressed those priorities. But the cost of borrowing has fallen only because loan demand is off, reflecting poor business prospects during a recession. Once the economy picks up, interest rates are likely to soar again. Many businessmen who not long ago saw tight credit as the economic solution now see it as part of the problem.

In a way, they are right. High interest exacts a terrible, unjustly selective price in lost output and in unemployment. But given the political constraints President Reagan has imposed on himself, tight credit remains the only dependable weapon against inflation.

Controlling inflation with monetary policy seems simple enough in theory. By limiting the amount banks have to lend, the Federal Reserve forces borrowers who cannot afford high rates out of the market. And that, in turn, reduces the demand for a range of goods and puts downward pressure on wages and prices. But there is, alas, a catch - more than one, in tact

Consider some effects of high interest

• Much of the impact has been felt in the auto and housing industries, whose consumers judge the affordability of products by the monthly interest payments. Home building is running at a six-year low. Big Auto is losing hundreds of millions a month.

• High interest rates cause business to postpone productive investment in equipment and technology. They also increase the cost of borrowing by government just when public dollars are scarcest.

 High interest rates have raised the costs of savings institutions without generating commensurate increases in income. Some big institutions have gone under and dozens are on the ropes, with only government insurance between them and insolvency.

 High interest rates induce foreigners to park their extra money in dollar securities, bidding up the exchange value of U.S. currency. That makes it harder for Americans to sell abroad, and much easier for foreigners to sell in the United States.

If tight money is so damaging, why depend on it to control inflation? Because the Reagan administration has renounced the alternatives.

Demand might have been restrained by raising taxes, or by postponing tax cuts. Some tax increases remain a possibility. But after focusing his whole program on a big income tax cut, Mr. Reagan has made clear his reluctance to reverse course.

There are ways to try to restrain prices and wages with what economists call "incomes policies." These range from casual presidential exhortations to tax breaks for workers and employers who follow wage and price guidelines. Some economists believe they can't work. Given Mr. Reagan's vehement opposition, no one is likely to find out.

Senator Gam's sympathy for the victims of tight credit is laudable. Perhaps he ought to add a prayer for the president's economic policies. They need all the help they can get. THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Opinion

Reagan's Bolt From the Blue

President Reagan's shift from belligerent rhetoric to an offer to the U.S.S.R. of a mutual nuclear arms reduction has come as a bolt from the blue. It is a significant departure from the hawkish postures that the Reagan administration has so far adopted vis-à-vis Russia.

— From the National Herald (Delhi).

Mr. Reagan needed all this hyperbole to sell his offer because it is neither straightforward nor historic in any sense. It is a bombastic propaganda stunt to blunt the increasing suspicion that Mr. Reagan's political and strategic foreign policies are becoming dangerous for the peace of the world.

- From the Patriot (Delhi).

The Collapse of the Arab Summit

Amid the bitterness overshadowing the Arab situation, the basic question remains whether the Arabs can really unite. This question becomes more difficult in the absence of Egypt from the Arab scene. Most observers say that Egypt, which has been the key to war and victory, would be the key to peace and Arab unity.

- From Al-Gomhouriya (Cairo).

The result is the worst news of all for the Palestinian people, who ever since the birth of Israel have paid dearly for the extremism and intrigue of the Arab radicals who de-

stroyed Lebanon, nearly destroyed Jordan and will not rest, they say, until they have destroyed Israel. The Arab radicals can frustrate the Saudis, and the Jordanians, and would here like to frustrate the Egyptians, but they cannot deliver anything except what they have delivered in the past: bloodshed and futility.

- From The Times (London).

Enough Talk of Spanish Coups

Bubbling beneath there is profound disquiet. The life of the present government can now be measured in months, if not weeks. And hovering in the wings, a brooding intangible presence, are the Spanish armed forces.

As the political formula that has served Spain reasonably well over the past six years begins to disintegrate, it is essential that Spaniards should start to realize that their governmental system has now left the apron strings of post-Francoism. They need to have the self-confidence to realize that their democracy rests not on a knife edge but on a broad plateau of public support.

Spain today has seldom in practice looked further from a military coup. The conditions for it - fear, prolonged crisis, economic collapse, social breakdown — are not present. But if the unwanted specter is not to materialize, endless discussion of its imminence needs to be brought to a speedy close.

- From The Guardian (London).

Nov. 28: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1906: Anarchist Lands Regicide

GENEVA - M. Louis Bertoni had been indicted by the Federal Supreme Court in Lausanne for publishing Anarchistic writings eulogizing the act of Bresci, who assassinated King Humbert of Italy. He extolled the memory of the assassin as a glorious martyr. Mr. Bertoni, renouncing the service of an advocate, pleaded his own case with baffling skill. He established that the crime charged to him was one depending on the justice of the complaints and the degree of reprehensibility of the sovereign in question. The prosecuting attorney admitted Mr. Bertoni to be beyond reproach in private life, and actuated by sincere motives, and demanded only a mitigated sentence of one month.

1931: Pacifists Riot in Paris

PARIS - A mass meeting of 7,000 world disarmament and peace apostles ended in a wild riot last night at the Trocadero when, after nearly four hours of pandemonium supposedly caused by several thousand dissident war veterans, a score of their ringleaders rushed the speakers' platform, overturned the table, upset chairs and scattered radio and amplifying apparatus. Only the good humor and parliamentary discipline of Edouard Herriot prevented a general clash. With a cordon of Republican Guards surrounding the dais, and scores more calming the guests of honor, he insisted upon Sen. Henri de Jouvenel completing his discourse, which was drowned in the deafening din.



The Price of Stagflation

By Joseph Kraft

ONDON — The oldest of the industrial democracies holds up a mirror to the others. The political glory of Britain, its two-party system, is breaking up, and the general lesson is that central political institutions in

enormous, cracking pressure.

The British political system was built around a strong middle class with an aversion to extremes. Electoral law provides that the winner takes all in each parliamentary constituency. Two parties, but not more, have a good chance and a strong incentive to win a majority of the constituencies. Since most of the voters are in the middle, the two parties must compete at the center

Stable, centrist government was a consequence for decades, and until very recently.

Conservatives ruled for a dozen consecutive years in the 1950s and 1960s. Thereafter Harold Wilson won four general elections for Labor. The similarity between the two parties was so pronounced that their economic policies were described in a word, "Butskellism," concocted from the names of two finance ministers: R.A. Butler, a Tory, and Hugh Gaitskell of Labor.

Now it is different. Prime Minister Mar-

garet Thatcher deliberately keeps her rhetoric hard right. She clings tightly to far-out monetary policy, and refuses, despite high inflation and 11-percent unemployment, to make what she calls with typical exaggeration a "U-turn."

She is a disenlightened Tory, and dismisses as "wets" Conservatives who spring from the landed gentry and embody the principle of looking after others. "To me," she said in a recent speech, "consensus is the process of abandoning all beliefs, principles, values and policies ..."

Not Only in Britain

On the Labor side, the lead role has swung to the ultra-Socialists under Anthony Wedgwood Benn, who favors unilateral disarmament, more nationalization of industry, higher wage settlements, protectionism and withdrawal from the European Community. He came within an ace of becoming deputy leader to Michael Foot at the party congress last month. He is now working at the grass roots to purge Labor members of Parlia-ment who voted against him. London Labor Briefing, the Bennite publication which printed the hit list, sounds like Thatcher on consensus. "Toleration," it said, "has been a much overworked word of late."

The void left at the center by Thatcher and Benn is being filled by a new party, the Social Democrats, who have allied themselves with the Liberals. A score of members of Parliament have jumped to the Social Democratic bandwagon, and the third party may gradually replace Labor and thus keep alive the two-party system. But the likeli-hood is that the new party will become a balance wheel, and use its power to exact election by proportional representation. That would be the end of the two-party system, and would condemn Britain to the multi-party coalitions and tortuous government

now prevalent in Northern Europe.

The reasons for the disruption of the two-party system seem to elude most of the actors in the drama. James Prior, the leading wet" in the Cabinet, put down to "mad-

ness" the abandonment of the center by the two major parties. An outsider, however, de-

Thatcher took over the Conservative Party after Edward Heath and the "wets" proved unable to master stagilation by meeting the unions halfway on wage bar-gains. Benn has risen in the Labor Party because the centrist leaders tried to moderate wages, the better to keep Britain competitive in the European Community. In both cases, moderate leadership was wrecked by the

problem of inflation and slow growth.

But stagflation is a general condition, and not peculiar to Britain. It burdens governments everywhere, begetting, as it has done in Britain, impatient dissatisfaction with ex-isting political systems. Thus the universal tide is away from what used to work best.

In Scandinavia, the Socialists are voted out after years of power. In France and Greece, the right center is shattered and the Socialists collect a majority for the first time in history. In the United States, the fourth president in a row comes to grips with stag-flation and shows no signs of coming out on top, with his office enhanced.

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North-South Ways Ahead

By Richard N. Gardner

By Richard

TEW YORK — With the Cancin summit past, pressure will come from some industrialized maions and from the developing countries to have promptly into global negotiations on ship North-South such a such a

poses giving the United Nations a central role in the global negotiations, insisting that the World Bank, the IMF and GATT. whose management reflects the economic importance of the developed countries, should be kept as independent as possible of United Nations influence.

Common sense suggests a way of reconciling these positions. The basic structures of the two Bretton Woods institutions — the bank and the IMF - and of GATT should not be changed: By ensuring that those who make economic commitments have an appropriate say in institutional management, se structures have made it possible to mobilize impressive financial resources onbehalf of developing countries and to clear away obstacles to their trade.

A Compromise

On the other hand, the division of voting on the other nand, the civision of voting rights agreed upon at the Bretton Woods conference 37 years ago needs continual ad-justment in the light of changing economic realities. There should be further increases in the voting power of Saudi Arabia and other OPEC members, in return for increased financial contributions. A modest increase in the voting rights of all developing countries should be considered in order to enhance the credibility of the World Bank and the IMF in the Third World without impairing their effectiveness.

A compromise is also possible on the question of global negotiations in the United Nations. The United States is right in resisting demands to create a "new internaresisting demands to create a new means-tional economic order," as may be decided in the General Assembly by the Third World voting machine. But the developing

countries are night in insisting that the world needs a central forum where all economic

questions can be discussed, their interrela-tionships examined, and trade-offs explored. Indeed, the United States and all member countries are committed by the UN Charter-to try to use the United Nations for this purpose. The problem is to ensure that the organization serves its Charter aim of "harmonizing the actions of nations" -- that is, serves as a place for resolving economic diflerences and not just as a place where these differences manifest themselves.

New Methods.

To make the United Nations a fit place for global negotiations, the methods of work of the General Assembly and the Economic

and Social Council need to be revised.

Small negotiating groups representative of member states' interests should be established for particular issues; they should be composed mainly of experts from capitals and not members of United Nations missions, who are too often schooled in politics and rhetoric. An acknowledged authority in each field under negotiation should serve as full-time chairman of each group, with the job of working with key countries to find In the absence of agreement, the General

Assembly could vote anything it liked, as at present, but the defeated minority from whom concessions are demanded would be whom concessions are demanded would be under no obligation to change its ways. The World Bank, the IMF and GATT would retain the independence they now have. But when the new procedures produced agreements, ratified by the Assembly, the developed and developing countries concerned would undertake to implement them in good faith through the World Bank, the IMF, GATT and other appropriate institutions.

GATT and other appropriate institutions.

This compromise was unanimously agreed upon by a UN group of representatives of rich and poor countries appointed by Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, in a 1975 report, "A New United Nations Structure for Global Economic Cooperation." With appropriate updating and adapting the compromise remains available for those who want to get on with the urgent business of striking North-South bargains in the common interest.

The writer is professor of international law at Columbia University and a former U.S. ambassador to Italy. He contributed this arti

Time to Demilitarize a King's Democracy

By Victor de la Serna

MADRID — As Spain emerges from yet another round of rumors and fears of an impending coup, this jittery nation faces crucial questions: To be successful, does a coup have to be carried out with the help of tanks, armored trucks and heavy artillery? And don't the increasingly pressing and open demands from some military areas mean that parliamentary democracy in Spain is already a lost cause?

The answer to the first question is no. Palace coups are not new to Spain. They can adopt many forms and can be just as effective as violent uprisings.

The answer to the second question is:

Before military forces took to the streets in Valencia and paramilitary Civil Guards stormed the Cortes in Madrid last February, two different plots had apparently been in motion. One was preparing the violent ac-tions that eventually took place; the other was preparing a "soft" coup, with a scenario in which a respected general would be ap-pointed premier in a Cabinet made up of "independent" civilian figures and perhaps a sprinkling of members of the conservative, centrist and Socialist parties.

Such a government would have put an end to "separatist" forces in the Basque region and in Catalonia, and to terrorism. After the coup failed, suspected participants in both plots were arrested. They were accused of having joined forces at the last minute.

The idea of a "soft coup" was resurrected recently after Lt. Gen. Jesús González del Yerro, one of the more respected army leads, traveled to Madrid from his command in the Canary Islands to hold meetings with conservative politicians and businessmen. Several days later, after the meetings had been widely publicized in the Spanish and

foreign press, Gen. González del Yerro issued a statement stressing his loyalty to the constitution and the king.

Whatever the scope of Gen. González del Yerro's activities, Spanish political sources contend that the message from the military is coming louder and clearer every day. The process of regional devolution is "unacceptable" if it continues as a threat of national "disintegration." Harsh sentences against the generals awaiting trial as alleged leaders of the February coup would be "macceptable," too. What about an eventual, and write processes of the moderate So. quite possible, success of the moderate So-cialist Party in the next general election? Doubtless "unacceptable."

Skillful Distorting

The same political sources say that highranking officers in the army request strong conservative government that would ensure that everything will be "acceptable." If this does not happen, the outcome could be violent, it is widely feared in Madrid.

With the social scene relatively calm and few logical reasons for military restlessness. If usually well-informed politicians are right, that restlessness reaches beyond the normal areas of concern for the military in a democracy and into the realm of purely political decisions. This is the realm generally reserved to civilian leadership.

The sometimes obscene backbiting and inlighting that have characterized the recent power struggle in the governing Union of the Democratic Center have certainly fueled military impatience. But again, in no West-ern democracy could such developments, however unpalatable, justify threats of a forces at work in Spain — particularly single-ist civilian sectors that have lost their poli-cal power — which skillfully distort single magnify every "shortcoming" of democracy and try to spur the army into open rebellio

Only by toning down partisan bickering as King Juan Carlos has repeatedly uned can the elected leaders of Spain endeaver in create a civilian front to effectively dispet threats and finally carry out the ever-post-poned task of assuring from and perinances control of the military by civilian society. A West European, parliamentary democracy cannot survive for more than a few

weeks or months if it is held effectively hostage by the military — if they are in a posi-tion to press demands that only such and such a party can govern, or that house rule, considered by the Basques and Catalonians as a decisive historical conquest, is to be canceled, at the risk of a new outburst of terrorist violence. The badly splintered centrist party has re-

sponded to the challenge by constantly retreating and making concessions. Thus, civil liberties are d eniv thre idea is to "defend democracy by compromising." But when such compromises are made, tanks and guns usually wind up having the upper hand.

Now is the time for Spam's democrats, including their many high-ranking allies in the military, to regroup and reassert them-selves. The imminent entry into NATO could provide a good occasion for restoring a much needed balance of power. It could well be the last chance for the parliamentary system to finally take root after almost two centuries of experiments that were usually aborted by military pronunciamentos.

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Letters-

Belated Light

David Broder writes (IHT, Nov. 21) that the realization has now come to Ronald Reagan of "the extraordinary importance of arms control in this fourth decade of the nuclear age." This is something for the world to be truly thankful for. But hasn't seeing the light come rather late for the president? For many of us it has been bright and clear for a long, long time. FLORENCE A. LILJANDER.

Taming the Wave

Wolfgang Wagner (IHT, Nov. 25) is right to say that criticism of Reagan policies must not be interpreted as anti-Americanism. Europeans do not want to cast off the mooring ropes that retain the United States, they merely refuse to be beholden to it. And thus they look for dialogue between the two superpowers in a period of tension.

That tension is a great wave battering the continents. It must die down. Dialogue is the key word, and it expresses Europeans' idea of peace.
PATRICK MARTIN.

Conflans-Ste-Honorine, France.

Not Really Peace

President Reagan, in his recent foreign policy speech, was accurate only to a degree in stating that "our policies have resulted in the longest European peace in this century." He evidently had Western Europe in mind. Unfortunately, the countries of Eastern Europe have not enjoyed the blessings of such peace. Two of them - Hungary in 1956 and Czechoslovakia in 1968 — were brutally invaded by the Soviets, and a Soviet sword of Damocles hangs over the heads of the courageous Polish people.

The European peace movements, whatever their motivations, should have learned a lesson from those two unprovoked aggressions. The new arms reduction propos-

als, if they are to benefit the entire continent, should include the total renunciation by the Soviets of the Brezhnev Doctrine that gives there a hunting license in their designated sphere of influence. W. ZACHARIASIEWICZ.

Spiraling Threats

Marbella, Spain.

The enthusiastic report of President Reagan's proposal for a "U.S.-Soviet Missile Slash in Europe" (IHT, Nov. 19) needs comment. Whereas the new proposal demands a withdrawal of existing Soviet medium-range missiles, it offers only a slashing of planned positioning of U.S. Cruise and Pershing missiles.

The asymmetry here is obvious: You think up something terrible, then offer not to carry it out in trade for some real reductions on the Soviet side.

What worries me is that this approach by the United States could usher in a new spiral of threats from both sides. The logic of the U.S. proposal rests on beligerency in foreign policy; it is not very likely to result in fruitful arms re-

IAN McKELLED. Oxford, England.

Holocausts Both

Al Altman (Letters, Nov. 13), finds irony in the fact that Stanley Karnow's article (Oct. 12) on the genocide of 6 million Jews stands next to James Reston's article mentioning the death of 30 million Russians during the same period, without Mr. Karnow extending his concern to the Russians.

The real irony is that the Russians brought most of their suffering upon themselves by being the allies of the Nazis to start with, and were a powerful contributing cause to the Holocaust by procuring the Nazis the advantage of that alliance at a critical time

CLARKSON POTTER.

Microprocessors

Intel first announced its mi-

The campaign against nuclear weapons has been explained as an

explosion of fear inspired by the unprecedented arsenals of destruc-

tion. Fear is certainly a contribut-ing factor. The invisible effects of

nuclear energy and the difficult paradox of deterrence through

horrible atomic weapons augment

Yet I feel it wrong to ascribe the

anti-nuclear campaign entirely to fear. In the Netherlands three-

fourths of the population remains in favor of NATO. The problem therefore comes down to a lack of

prospects in the continuing build-

up of nuclear weapons. The

younger generation can only be kept on board if the prospects be-

come clearer than just a new spiral

sense of insecurity.

in the arms race.

In a special section on communication and technology (IHT, Oct. 2) there appeared an article, "The Era of the Microprocessor," by John F. Kane, which makes this statement: "The first microproces-sor — the Intel 4004 introduced in contained the equivalent of 2,300 transistors and made pos-sible the first pocket calculator."

ber, 1971. Texas Instruments demonstrated a working CPU on a chip (microprocessor) in March, 1971. Later in 1971, Texas Instruments demonstrated the feasibility of the one-chip microcomputer (the entire computer on a chip, not just the CPU) and was awarded a patent on this development.

Also, the microprocessor did not make possible the pocket calcula-tor. In 1967, Texas Instruments

croprocessor, the 4004 in Novem-

A Dutch Member of Parliament Asks for Better-Defined Security Policy The NATO ministers were aware of this mood when they took the double-track decision of De-

cember, 1979, for deploying the-ater nuclear weapons while negoti-ating with the Soviets. But they could have gone a step further to create a true incentive for moderation in arms programs. It would have been feasible to phase in Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles in such a way as to decide firmly on a given number in re-sponse to the SS-20s already oper-ational and to acquire the remain-

That would have introduced an element of reward for restraint. Instead, the 1979 decision provided

der only if and when the Soviet

program would be further imple-

Moscow with a stimulus to go forward with the SS-20 program as quickly as possible.

demonstrated the world's first

pocket calculator. This miniature electronic calculator is in the per-

manent collection of the Smithso

nian Institution in Washington. On April 14, 1970, Canon of Japan

commercially introduced the

world's first miniature electronic

calculator (called "Pocketronic"),

which was a joint effort by Canon

and Texas Instruments.
NORMAN P. NEUREITER.

Churchill's maxim "arm to parley" cannot be the whole story anymore. New arms decisions should be coupled with a clear position on the equilibrium they are expected to maintain. Otherwise the action-reaction pattern will go on unchecked.

Negotiations are bound to be long and complicated, and in the meantime arms programs run their course. An effort to link unilateral moves with performance on the other side might be a way to give the perspective to our security policy that our young people need.

W.F. van EEKELEN.

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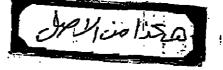
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by Hebe Dorner

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Herald Tribune

The Anti-Tourist's Pocket Guide to Going Native

by Paul Fussell

EW YORK - It is hard to be a snob and a tourist at the same time. A way to combine both roles is to become an anti-tourist. Despite the suffering he undergoes, the anti-tourist is not to be confused with the traveler. His motive is not inquiry but self-protection and vanity.

Dean MacCannell, author of the anthropological study "The Tourist," remembers a resident of an island like Nantucket who remonstrated when, arriving, MacCannell offered to start the car before the ferry docked. "Only tourists do that," he was told. Abroad, the techniques practiced by anti-tourists auxious to assert their difference from all those tourists are more shifty. All involve attempts to merge into the surround-

ings, like speaking the language, even badly.

Some dissimulations are merely mechanical, like a man's shifting his wedding ring from the left to the right hand. A useful trick is ostentatiously not carrying a camera. If asked about this deficiency by a camera-carrying tourist, one scores points by saying, "I never carry a camera. If I photograph things I find I don't really see them."

Another device is staying in the most unlikely hotels, although this is

risky, like the correlative technique of eschewing taxis in favor of local public transportation (the more complicated and confusing the better), which may end with the anti-tourist stranded miles out of town, cold and alone on the last tram of the night.

Another risky technique is programmatically consuming the local food, no matter how nasty, and affecting to relish sheeps' eyes, fried cicadas and shellfish taken locally, that is, from the sewagey little lagoon. Dressing with attention to local coloration used to be harder before jeans became the international costume of the pseudo-leisured. But jeans are

careful to prevent betrayal by jackets, trousers, shoes and even socks and neckties (if still worn) differing subtly from the local norms.

Sedulously avoiding the standard sights is probably the best method of disguising your touristhood. In London one avoids Westminster Abbey and heads instead for the Earl of Burlington's 18th-century villa at Chiswick. In Venice one must walk by circuitons smelly back passages far out of one's way to avoid being seen in the Piazza San Marco. In Athens, one disdains the Acropolis in favor of the eminence preferred by the locals the Localettis.

the locals, the Lycabettus. Each tourist center has its interdicted zone: In Rome you avoid the Spanish Steps and the Fontana di Trevi, in Paris Les Deux Magots and spanish sless and the Politania di Trevi, in Panis Les Deux Maggios and the whole Boul' Mich area, in Nice the Promenade des Anglais, in Egypt Giza with its excessively popular pyramids and sphinx, in Hawaii Walki-ki. Avoiding Walkiki brings up the whole question of why one's gone to Hawaii at all, but that's exactly the problem.

Driving on the Continent, it's essential to avoid outright giveaways like the French TT license plate. Better to drive a car registered in the

country you're touring (the more snave rental agencies know this) if you can't find one from some unlikely place like Bulgaria or Syria. Plates entirely in Arabic are currently much favored by anti-tourists, and they have the additional advantage of frustrating policemen writing tickets for illegal parking.

Perhaps the most popular way for the anti-tourist to demarcate him-self from the tourists, because he can have a drink while doing it, is for him to lounge — cameraless — at a cafe table and with palpable con-tempt scrutinize the passing sheep through half-closed lids, making all movements very slowly. Here the costume providing the least danger of exposure is jeans, a thick dark-colored turtleneck and longish hair. Any conversational gambits favored by lonely tourists, like "Where

are you from?" can by deflected by vagueness. Instead of answering Des Moines or Queens, you say, "I spend a lot of time abroad" or "That's really hard to say." If hard-pressed, you simply mutter "Je ne parle pas

Anglais," look at your watch and leave.
The anti-tourist's persuasion that he is really a traveler instead of a tourist is both a symptom and a cause of what the British journalist Alan Brien has designated tourist angst, defined as "a gnawing suspicion that after all ... you are still a tourist like every other tourist."

As a uniquely modern form of self-contempt, tourist angst often issues in bizarre emotional behavior, and it is surprising that it has not yet become a classic for psychiatric study. "A student of mine in Paris," writes MacCannell, "a young man from Iran dedicated to the [student] revolution, half stammering, half shouting, said to me, 'Let's face it, we are all tourists!' Then, rising to his feet, his face contorted with ... self-hatred, he concluded dramatically in a hiss: 'Even I am a tourist.'"

Tourist angst like this is distinctly a class signal. Only the upper elements of the middle class suffer from it, and in summer especially it is endemic in places like Florence and Mykonos and Crete. It is rare in pseudo-places like Disneyland, where people have come just because other people have come. This is to say that the working class finds nothing shameful about tourism. It is the middle class that has read and heard just enough to sense that being a tourist is somehow offensive and scorned by an imagined upper class that it hopes to emulate and, if possible, be mistaken for.

The irony is that extremes meet: The upper class, unruffled by con-tempt from any source, happily enrolls in Lindblad Tours or makes its

way up the Nile in tight groups being lectured at by a tour guide artfully disguised as an Oxbridge archaeologist.

Sometimes the anti-tourist's rage to escape the appearance of tourism

propels him around a mock-full-circle, back to a simulacrum of exploration. Hence the popularity of African safaris among the upper-middle class. One tourist agency now offers package exploristic expeditions to Everest and the Sahara and to Sinai by camel caravan, "real expeditions for the serious traveler looking for more than an adventurous vacation." Something of the acute discomfort of exploration and the uncertainty of real travel can be recovered by accepting an invitation to "Traverse Spain's Sierra Nevada on horseback (\$528)."

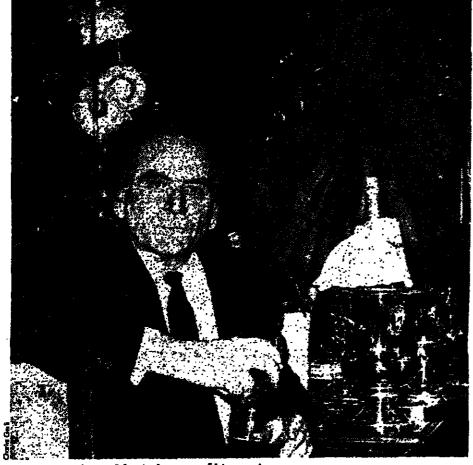
But the anti-tourist deludes only himself. We are all tourists now, and there is no escape. Every year there are over two hundred million of us, and when we are jetted in all directions and lodged in our pseudo-places, we constitute four times the population of France.

The decisions we imagine ourselves making are shaped by the Professor of Tourism at Michigan State University and by the "Travel Administrators" now being trained at the New School in New York and by the International Union of Official Travel Organizations, whose publications indicate what it has in mind for us: "Factors Determining Selection of Sites for Tourism Development," for example, or "Potential International Supply of Tourism Resources.

Our freedom and mobility diminish at the same time their expansion is loudly proclaimed; while more choices appear to solicit us, fewer actually do. The ships will not come back to the Hudson, and some places in Guyana will doubtless be selected as a site for tourism development. The tourist is locked in, and as MacCannell has pointed out, as a type the tourist is "one of the best models of modern mai

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Harry



Pierre Cardin at Maxim's, part of his empire.

What Cardin Is Cooking Up For Maxim's

by Hebe Dorsey

ARIS - Pierre Cardin is an immense ly successful man so it sort of follows that he is also immensely criticized.

But that does not faze him. "I'm used to being criticized," he says. "Every time I do something new, people tear me apart, then they do exactly what I do." For proof, he was the first noted designer in ready-to-wear, as far back as 1959 - a revolutionary move that got him expelled from the Chambre Syndicale de la Couture Parisienne.

His empire, nobody can quite ascertain. "All I know is that it's gigantic," is as much as he will say. Figures range between \$400 million and several billion for Cardin, 59, now known as the king of the license business. He has put his name on more than 600 products — ranging from furniture to chocolates — distributed through 540 factories and a 120,000 man workforce in 80 countries, including, as of last weekend with much fanfare, China. A frustrated theater man the opened his own conture house in 1950 with theater costumes), he also owns his own theater, L'Espace Cardin in Par-

In 1979, he started the Maxim's license business, owning a controlling interest in the or-ganization that allows the use of the restaurant's name. That was promptly followed by the acquisition of 27 percent of Maxim's res-taurant, a temple to Belle Epoque architecture and naughtiness. But Cardin did not simply buy a gastronomic landmark; he is busy putting it to use and turning it into a highly profitable product. If he has his way, the magic name will soon be over everything from a delicatessen to hotels and restaurants, including those now in Tokyo and Mexico City and others planned in Singapore and Brussels. In 1983 a vast U.S. plan includes new Maxim's restaurants in New York and Los Angeles and the

reopening of the one in Chicago.

A man who started as a humble tailor, operating from a fifth-floor walkup near the Paris Opera, the Venetian-born Cardin has come a long way. He has, for example, all but cornered the Elysée Palace. His fashion house is on avenue Marigny, next to the mansion the Rothschilds sold to the French government to house official guests. On the rue du Faubourg Saint Honore, almost directly across from the Elysée's entrance, is the first stone of the Maxini's edifice, a delicatessen that sells pickles und caviar plus the Maxim's ashtrays tourists constantly steal - the ashtrays cost 30 francs here. Across from the store, another comer building is devoted to Maxim's Homme de la Nuit, or evening clothes. Around the corner is Now, on rue Royale, next to the restaurant, there is Maxim's Fleurs, a flower shop where Art Nouveau vases are filled with white orchids at \$40 a stem. Cardin owns not only the shop but the whole building.

The trouble is, not too many people are seen in all those fancy stores, which has led people to ask: Is it for real and what's behind it all? Some offer the theory that Cardin bought Maxim's to upgrade his own label, which, they say, was suffering from overexposure. Others argue that Cardin is cheapening Maxim's with commercial operations, including dinner parties during which he shows his collections. Others still, stunned by the number of buildings Cardin has his name on ear that Maxim's ings Cardin has his name on, say that Maxim's is all camouflage for a real-estate operation, Cardin, super-designer turned super-busi

Cardin, super-designer turned super-dust-nessman, pooh-poohs all those rumors.

First, he insists he has no problems with his own label. "On the contrary," he says from his fashion house, which is so tunnulmous that he cannot seem to find an office for himself. "The Pierre Cardin label has never been stronger." That's how I've been able to buy Maxim's. The reason I took on Maxim's is because I was

mesmerized by its image."

No great gournet, Cardin was probably not upset that the restaurant is no longer in the Guide Michelin — at the request of the former owner. The reason reportedly was that he was afraid to lose one of his three stars despite a tradition of haute cuisine such as duck with peaches (which has now become, in a bow to nouvelle cuisine, duck with raspberry vinegar) and rack of lamb Maria Callas (on request). Instead, Cardin saw the potential of the Maxim's name and knew exactly how to exploit it.

For Maxim's lovers, it was a major turn; the former owners, Louis and Maggy Vaudable, were aging as was indeed, the restaurant it-self. There is little chance that Maxim's can long survive with the same clubby standards people are still turned away at the door if the maire d'hotel, the ineffable Roger, does not like the way they are dressed. In a reflection of the economic situation. Roger admits that while the dinner hour is still all right, there is less booking at lunch in these days when expense accounts are coming under increasing government scrutiny and taxation. By making the restaurant commercially viable. Cardin is

able to keep it going.

Besides spreading Maxim's name all over the map, Cardin is also busy restoring the restaurant but always, he points out, with the agreement of the aesthetic authorities, for the place is a classified monument. "All I'm trying to do is make Maxim's authentic," he says. "For, past the Art Nouveau restaurant, all the

Continued on page 6W

Tax-Free Cars: Curves Ahead

by Ann Pinkerton

ARIS - "Tax-free cars." The words sound enticing and they can stand for a bargain... but just how much of a bargain depends on your individual situation. It's not quite as simple as buying tax-free perfume, cigarettes or whiskey at the

Basically, you qualify if you buy a car in a country where you're not a resident. But the catch is that when the owner brings his new car home, he will probably have to pay the customs duty and registration fee of his own

Still, buying a car in a foreign country taxfree may be a good deal in at least two cases: either if, when you return home, your country taxes you on the value of a used car and not on the price you paid for it new; or if you sell the car before returning home.

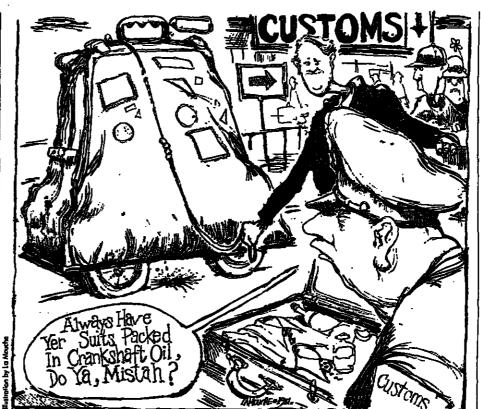
The savings can be attractive if you live in a country that taxes cars heavily. In England, it's 25 percent of the cost of the car. In France, it's 33 percent. In Belgium it's 25 percent or 30 percent for a larger-sized luxury car. In West Germany, it's 13 percent and a non-resident pays the tax, which is refunded when he leaves. In Spain, it's 20 percent for a Spanish-made car and a hefty 70 percent tax for a foreigncent. The tax on cars is, of course, subject to

A non-resident buying a car can avoid these charges by obtaining a temporary registration.

Ask the auto manufacturer or dealer if he can arrange to get tourist registration and plates for you; if the manufacturer or dealer cannot help and there is trouble finding the police or customs officials, the embassy or consulate of your own country can point you in the right

You'll have to show your passport and, most likely, proof that you're a visitor (a return airline ticket can help) with a permanent residence elsewhere. It's residence and not citizenship that counts. You might be an Italian citizen but if you live in another country, you can buy a car in Italy tax-free with tourist plates.

What you save by registering in tourist plates as a non-resident doesn't matter so much as what you do next with the car you just bought. Someone living in England could save 13 percent tax by buying a car in West Germa-



ny but, if he takes it home, he might wind up paying his country's 25 percent tax on it.

When you take your foreign-bought car home and face customs officials there, there are basically three possibilities. Perhaps you will have used your car to such an extent that you won't be required to pay tax or duty bevond the normal registration fee. In that case vou will have, in fact, gotten a tax-free car.

A more likely contingency, however, is you'll be paying taxes on the value of your car at the time you cross the border. As a result you would still be saving money by paying tax-es on a used and not a new car, with allowanc-es made for mileage and condition. But, again, it's best to check the rules in your country. For example, as of July, 1980, anyone bringing a foreign-made car into the United States must pay a duty based on the transaction value of

the car. This means that, even if you've been driving your car around Europe for three years, you'll pay taxes on the invoice price without any discount for the condition of the

The third possibility is that you resell the

car. If you sell your car before you return home the person who buys it may have to pay taxes on it unless he, too, is a non-resident. Obviously, since laws vary, it's best to get advice in both the country in which you are buying the car as well as in the country where you will eventually register it. For example, residents of Britain, who can obtain substantial savings by buying cars in other Common Market countries, can receive a detailed kit of advice by sending a large stamped, addressed

envelope to Action Cars, Consumers' Asociation, I Caxton Hill, Hertford, England. In other countries, similar consumer associations can be helpful.

A key factor in most cases is the length of time that a new owner can drive the car on temporary plates in the country of purchase before importing it in the country where the customs duty and registration fees must finally

The duration of a temporary registration is often determined by the purchaser's status. An executive on temporary assignment may be eli-gible for a long period that allows for considerable depreciation in the car's value.

Different countries have different time limits. A tourist registering a car in France with tourist plates is allowed to use them for six months. A journalist or a student (who is not earning a salary) may keep the French "TT" plates for up to two years providing the car is not sold in the meantime and providing French customs is paid a 15 percent deposit, refundable on departure. In Switzerland, you can get a temporary tourist registration for as long as three years if you aren't a resident of Switzerland. In Italy, England and Spain, tourist plates are good for a year.

But check the rules: in some countries, customs officials start counting the time your plates will be legal starting with your date of arrival and not with the purchase of your car.

In certain cases, you can extend expired tourist registration by going to another country. But that depends on where you've been registered and where you're going. In any case, you're not allowed to return to a country where your tourist registration has expired without paying taxes.

All taxes aside, the regulations in your country may very well require that your foreign car conform to certain safety standards. This is important because you won't be allowed to bring it home unless those specifications are met. It's best to tell your car dealer where you eventually intend taking your car so he can sell you a model that will meet the standards of

Better yet, check with your country's embassy to make sure you know the specifications yourself before ordering the car. For example, French cars usually need yellow headlights. Scandinavian cars may have to be equipped with special seat belts and white lights. In the United States, cars must meet emission-control regulations as well as safety standards.

Searching for the Raw Materials of Sushi in Tokyo

by Joel Stratte-McClure

OKYO — Spend a morning at the world's largest fish market with sushi chef Isao Yamanaka and you're excused for wondering if the Japanese live on raw fish alone. Yamanaka, one of an estimated 350,000 sushi chefs in Japan, has been in the business of tasting, preparing and serving raw fish for 30 years. The sprawling, sen-smelling market off Harumi Street is his laboratory and he uses all of his senses to evaluate and select the most delectable fish in To-

"Raw fish straight from the sea is the ulti-mate natural and nutritional food," Yamanaka says as he gently pinches a bit of blood-red tuna caught yesterday off Hokkaido and selling today for 15,000 yen (about \$70) a kilo. "The reason the Japanese are so fond of raw fish is that we can be sure it is fresh fish."

Wholeseless and cheft brane a mandana. Wholesalers and chefs brave a pre-dawn

traffic jam to shop competitively for an overwhelming variety of fish at the Tokyo market between 4 a.m. and noon. The fish have ar-rived by ship, rail and truck and are being eyed by a multitude of buyers wearing knee-high rubber boots and determining precise weights with digital scales.

Most of the fish - whale, tuna, squid and crab, for example — come from Japanese waters, but there are imports from around the world — lobster from South Africa, salmon from Alaska, shrimp from Colombia, eel from Taiwan and herring from Canada. The fish, if not fresh, are frozen, salted or on ice.

Yamanaka eyes the frozen fish with disdain but tenderly evaluates about 30 kinds of fresh fish he will use in today's sushi, a dish of morsels of raw fish placed on compacted mounds of vinegared rice. Yamanaka refuses to acknowledge the existence of refrigeration. He gleefully dips his arm into an aerated tank and catches a salmon, pokes at an unsuspecting sea urchin, plays with the tentacles of an octopus and punches the tough skin of an abalone. Oc-casionally he will take a bit of tuna or pop some salmon roe into his mouth.

"I must make sure that we get the best for today's sushi and that requires precisely the right purchases," Yamanaka says as he hands a companion a chunk of fresh sea urchin. Although Yamanaka visits the market only three times a week and relies on a buyer from

Nakajima Marine to do his purchasing the rest of the time, he insists on an intimate relation-ship with his fish and their suppliers. Recently he visited Hiroshima to sample the season's fare and assure the fishermen that someone is carefully monitoring their efforts. He dismisses the environmental uproar concerning the whale, doesn't mind the Japanese reputation for occasionally fishing in forbidden waters and seems solely concerned with getting his customers the best fish on the market. Some observer, think Vannacka and his illustrated observers think Yamanaka and his ilk are fanatics in this respect.

The Swedes and French occasionally eat

raw fish but the Japanese are crazy about it to the point of obsession," says Grégoire Sein, a chef at Tokyo's Rengaya restaurant in which French restaurateur Paul Bocuse has a stake. "They eat it for every meal, have made the presentation an art form and their fish markets are expensive but excellent."

Turnover at the Tokyo market is estimated at \$500,000 a day and a portion of the sales is destined for the 9,700 sushi restaurants in Tokyo. Yamanaka's purchases, which be makes during a half-hour tour of the colorful stalls and pavilions, will be delivered to his small kitchen at the Hilton Hotel at 10 a.m. and the whale meat will be thinly sliced, the shellfish shelled and the abalone cleaned. Today's choice also included squid, salmon roe, flatfish, eel and octopus, but Yamanaka is particularly proud of the fine tuna and whale meat.

Some of the shellfish is wrapped in seaweed and he prepares tasty tidbits for hors d'ocuvres mushrooms in soya sance and other vegeta-bles with ginger. Yamanaka and his assistant. Ryuhei Segewa, who was an apprentice for 10 years, are professionals at preparing sushi and, if pressed, can make up a plate in about a minute. They let the customer choose a minimum of seven types of fish and then artfully prepare it by placing each piece on a ball of rice. The resulting dish looks like an aquarium in air.

"Most Japanese customers know exactly what they want in a sushi and will flavor the fish with soya sauce, lime or horseradish," Yamanaka says as he serves a customer. "But I guide foreigners, based on their past exposure to sushi and the type of fish they are likely to

have eaten in their own countries." Yamanaka contends that cating raw fish is becoming increasingly popular outside Japan and believes it has influenced the French trend towards lighter cuisine. Grégoire Sein does not



Early morning in Tokyo's fish market.

agree. "It does not take a great deal of talent to make sushi, and raw fish itself has very little taste," the Frenchman says. "The Japanese also tend to smother the fish with a strong taste like horseradish and know very little about the necessity of a light, subtle sauce."

Yamanaka is not worried about the critique. Although sushi is becoming expensive due to

current prices, he seems pleased that you don't

have to be a gourmet to eat raw fish. "Raw fish is a food for common people and can be eaten at any time," he says while explaining that sake, beer or white wine can accompany a sushi meal. "You do not have to be French or a professional eater to appreciate

EW YORK - An "exotic" spice that is being gobbled up by fans of nouvelle cuisine is nothing more than a common weed related to poison ivy and is capable of causing severe toxic reactions, according to botanical experts.

The spice, variously known as pink, or red. peppercorns and Baies Roses de Bourbon, has been said to grow only on the French island of Reunion, off Madagascar. The peppercorns are prized by restaurateurs and gourmet shoppers for their slightly sweet, stingless fla-

But — according to persistent detective work by Sandy Hicks, herb consultant for the University of Michigan - the mysterious berries are nothing but the fruit of a common weed, Schinus terebinthifolius, better known as Brazilian pepper or Florida holly. The aggressive plant, once prized as an ornament, is now a pest in tropical areas all over the world, including Florida

Dr. Julia Morton, director of the University of Miami's Morton Collectanea, who assisted in identifying the berries, developed a sore throat, tightness in her chest and hoarseness soon after tasting a few. Her thick file of adverse human and animal reactions to Brazilian peppers (leaves and flowers, as well as fruit) include painful rashes, asthma-like attacks and internal poison ivy - upset stomach, diarrhea and hemorrhoids. A scientist at the National Institutes of Health was forced to stop working with the berries when she developed violent headaches, swollen eyelids, shortness of breath and chest pains.

Indeed, the hazards of Brazilian peopercorns have been known at least since 1786, when a Peruvian scientist described their ability to cause "terrible hemorrhoids." The numbers of berries required to cause adverse effects is not known. But the experts advise din-ers to steer clear of foods adorned with tiny red spheres of unknown identity.

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Cardin and Maxim's Continued from page 5W

top floors are, how shall I say, fake and without style. I want the whole house to be an ensemble, with authentic furniture, engravings and paintings." An avid Art Nouveau collector. Cardin, who has a stall in the Paris flea market working almost solely for him, already has a head start.

The bar on the first floor is being changed back to its original, curlicued Art Nouveau style. Downstairs. Cardin's major and most interesting work is the restoration of a little theater that once was where the stage, with an oom-pah-pah orchestra, is now. In the restaurant's earlier and humbler days, that theater was used by, among others, Mistinguett and

Maurice Chevalier. Cardin will renew that boulevard café tradition on Dec. 6 when he will bring in the opera soprano Kiri Te Kanawa to sing "The Merry Widow" at a semi-private evening. Things, however, will not be quite the same as in Belle Epoque days, as it will be not a black-tie affair but a buffet dinner — Sunday and Socialism oblige. But Cardin does not intend to have only period pieces; his idea is to bring in varied international talent — he drops the name

of Barbra Streisand. The kitchens, too, are being moved from the basement to the second floor. "I had no choice," Cardin says, "those people were working in dreadful, 19th-century conditions."

To top his edifice. Cardin, who can never be faulted for his sense of promotion, is adding to Maxim's what he calls a "Chambre d'Amour' — an authentic Art Nouveau suite at \$1,000 a night. "It's a gag, a petite folie," Cardin admits. "It's not a revival of the cabinet particulier tradition" - referring to those private rooms in turn-of-the-century Parisian restaurants where the door did not open from the outside.

People have been saying that Cardin is turning Maxim's into a museum and that, gradually, the restaurant will decline — if it has not done so already. "Not at all," Cardin says. The food has not changed and will not. I'm not a restaurateur, and I don't see why I should meddle with something that's doing

Shopping: Christmas Past, Christmas Presents

In Switzerland

by Calla Corner

AUSANNE — The Swiss, being a practical people, lean toward practical Christmas gifts. Swiss pottery, for example, is practical, colorful and quaint and can be found in almost any shape or size. At Art Suisse, 8 rue Enning, Lausanne (tel: 021/20.81.80), there are soup tureens in blue and white or red and white with the famous Gruyère crane (124 Swiss francs, about \$70) and yellow and green butter slabs (21 francs) from the Vaud. Fondue pots at 49 francs and cake and cheese covers on wooden bases from 80 francs as well as eggctips starting at 15 francs in earthy Thun colors are iilable at Heimatwerk, 61 Kramgasse, Berne (tel: 031/22.30.00). For children playing at being housewives, miniature kitchen sets start at 17 francs at Heimatwerk.

Also in Berne, antique pottery can be bought at Erust Mach-Kaser, 35 Kramgasse (no telephone). A carafe with simple, pleasing

lines goes for 350 francs. To wrap up a pair of shoulders in the latest peasant style, fringed wool shawls made in Glaris and starting at 28 francs are available at Art Suisse, Lausanne. A selection of lace linens from Saint Gall can be seen at Chalet Suisse, 18 quai General Guisan, Geneva (tel: 022/21.82.10). Tablecloths embroidered with Swiss wildflowers start at 170 francs, aprons can be had for 30.50 francs and handkerchiefs

worthy of framing are 25 francs. For a hot-shot skier whose only problem may be high boots that hurt, Raichie's new Flexon ski boot with a supple tongue for lean-ing forward painlessly is the answer. They cost 280 francs at any of the Placette department stores in French-speaking Switzerland. And for skiers and sailors, a handblown glass wall barometer made from Saanen glass, operating with water and guaranteed to overflow when the weather looks bad, is 49 francs at Art

More Saanen glass in the form of carafes, hand-engraved to enhance their delicacy, are 59 francs at Art Suisse, Lansanne, and Christmas tree balls that won't bounce are 36 francs

at the Heimatwerk, Berne. Walkers will appreciate antique walking

sticks from Galerie Michele Zeller, 20 Kram-gasse, Berne (tel: 031/22.23.54). They start at 100 francs.

Pewter is more precious to the Swiss than silver (perhaps because it doesn't need polishing). Carafes in this metal, known as Channes and available in regional styles, can be bought reasonably throughout Switzerland at the Migros chain, starting at 59 francs.

Used for ladling thick Gruyère cream and pretty enough to decorate a cupboard, handcarved wooden spoons from Le Pays d'en Haut start at 22 francs at Art Suisse, Lausanne. Antique ones can be found for a bit more at Ida Krater, 55 Kramgasse, Berne (tel: 031/22.61.09), along with old butter molds 140 francs).

Still in wood, handcarved wooden creche figures (the males look a bit like William Tell) can be bought for all prices at Heimatwerk, Berne. A nice idea would be to add a figure a

The delicate art of decoupage, representing Swiss country scenes, is a good investment gift. Art Suisse as well as Heimatwerk represent various artists. Prices range from 100 to 500 francs depending on size and design intricacy - one slip of the scissors and the artist has to start another work. A whole year of the work of the well-known decoupage artist Anna Rosat can be offered with the Anna Rosat 1982 Calendar, 19.80 francs at most stationery

Cloth-covered cookbooks of Swiss regional ecipes from Basel, central Switzerland, Zurich and French-speaking Switzerland, printed on "old" paper, can be picked up for a gastro-nome at Cardas, rue de Bourg, Lausanne (tel: 021/22.55.60), at 26.80 francs a volume. More in books: "L'Histoire Suisse" in comics, to give to someone who is boning up on Swiss history for the passport exam, costs 15 francs at La Joie de Lire, 38 place Bourg de Four, Geneva (tel: 022/29.35.65). For children, "Les Deux Isles," by two Biennois who spent four ears building models for their accurate illustrations and writing a text that pits good against evil in ancient times; 29.80 at Payot, rue de Bourg, Lausanne (tel: 021/20.33.31). And espionage devotees might go for "The Swiss Corridor," by Jozef Garlinski, a Polish historian who based this intriguing account of Swiss intelligence on the World War II networks, "The Red Orchestra" and "The Black Orchestra." It costs 48 francs at Payot.

In the old city of Geneva, rue Hotel de Ville, and in Berne on the Kramgasse there are several antique shops where old prints of Switzerland framed in gold leaf can be bought at prices ranging from 300 to 900 francs.

Nostalgia can also be bought at Franz Carl Weber, the toy shop that has branches all over Switzerland, in the form of "old" jass cards (the national card game of Switzerland) for 12.90 francs, puzzles in numbered, limited editions (29.90 francs), a reprint of an old image book (7.90 francs) and the 1891 game, "Voyage en Suisse," (39.90 francs). Children will also like Kinderpost, which duplicates the Swiss PTT right down to miniature stamps, coins and payment slips. Also at Weber, 19.80

And for artists of all ages, the Swiss crayon wizard Caran d'Ache, has come out with Fibralo #2, a metal box of soft colors that diffuse when moistened: 10 francs at most stationery stores. Men who like to lather their cheeks with

bristles will go for fluffy, high-mountain badger brushes from H. Aeschbacher, 7 Marketgasse, Berne (tel: 031/22.28.44), starting at 67 francs.

As a final example of Swiss gifts, Gubelin, the Swiss jeweler, has made four pocket watches, each priced at 20,000 francs and each depicting a different earthly scene in precions iewels to remind one that time is perhaps the most practical gift of all.

Or, if not time, perhaps charity is. Two organizations founded in Switzerland will be happy to receive contributions — the Red Cross at 17 avenue de la Paix, Geneva 1202, and Terre des Hommes at 49 rue du Maupas, Lausanne. Another possibility, for those who often go wandering in the mountains, is the Swiss aerial rescue service, Garde Aerieune Suisse de Sauvetage, at 43 Dufourstrasse, ZuIn Barcelona

by Mary Peirson Kennedy

ARCELONA - Aurora Altisent was so intrigued by the ancient, un-changed small shops that dot this city that she sketched 26 of them down to the last detail. The result is "Botiques de Barcelona," as her book is called in Catalan. While the text is also in the language of this region of Spain, the artwork can be under-

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TERRES 2

stood by everyone. The drawings include an herb shop, a pharmacy, a hardware store and the shops of makers of tombstones, bells and glass, all with street addresses. This book can be found at most of the bigger bookstores, but for sure at the Mirador, Mountaner 281 (tel: 209.45.08). The price is 650 pesetas (about \$6.80). Walking around the older sections of the city with the book as a guide, one also comes across many of the interesting stores in Barcelona not

In these old sections the streets are often named after the products that were sold there. From Altisent's drawings it is easy to recognize the glassware shop at No. 6 Calle Vidrieria (Glassware Street) (tel: 319.40.46), where the great-granddaughter of Juan Grau sells bottles in the form of a dog, a rose or a hand that are made from the same molds that were used when her great-grandfather founded the shop in the early 1800s. These and other machine-etched bottles come in green, lavender, brown and clear glass and range in price from 700 to 850 pesetas. They make an impressive window display when they catch the light of

the sun. There are also several pieces of hand-etched glassware, like the huge wine glasses that hold more than a half-liter of liquid and could be more than a half-liter of liquid and couused as vases. They sell for 2,500 pesetas.

Calle Vidrieria runs into Calle Montcada, so narrow for much traffic but fine for pedes trians and scattered with small shops like the Populart at No. 22 (tel: 310.78.49). On sale here are ceramics, textiles and an array of handmade, papier-mâché masks and figures ranging from copies of Picasso figures (his museum is nearby) to the half-meter-tall statue of the traditional guard of the Generalitat (the government seat of Catalonia) to coy-looking wolves, grotesque witches and a dragon on

Or from the same material there are hand puppets and marionettes and even tiny finger puppets that would make original place markers for a dinner party. The prices on these items begin at 125 pesetas for the finger pup-pets and go to 1,600 pesetas for the larger ones. The masks and figures range from 950 to 5,500 pesetas.

And one more item in this store: huge paper

cutouts of Barcelona's historic buildings. Intricate but rewarding work for adults and chil-dren, and the finished product, priced at 350 to 500 pesetas, is a work of art.

For the lover of rustic pottery, Seuva, at No. 3 Calle Giralt Pelficer (tel: 319.92.69), has primitive glazed pots made in nearby Gerona that range from 40 pesetas for the smallest to 970 for the largest. The pots are ovenproof and few Barcelona kitchens are without them.

Still in the old part of the city, one passes into the Barrio Gotica and at No. 1 Calle Corders (tel: 319.07.56), as faithfully reproduced in Altisent's book, there is a bell shop whose owner explains that this is the only bellmaker left in Catalonia and that the shop existed as far back as 1723. Here you can buy a hand-cast, 12-centimeter-high bronze bell (with a bit of pewter for the tone quality) for 2,000 pesetas or a 34-centimeter church bell for 55,000 pesetas. Or a tinkling brass tea bell for 350 pesetas.

Bordering the port, down by the central post office at No. 28 calle Ample, the House of Maggi, as sketched by the artist, is an oasis of tranquility (probably some would call it an anachronism) where little has changed since its opening in 1834. "People aren't interested in tinware any more," the two aging Maggi brothers explain, as they look sadly around their dwindling stock of lamps, baking and cooking ware, milk and oil cans - all put together partly by machine, partly by hand. The delicate designs of their six-sided hanging lamps (they have to be wired), which cost 1,250 pesetas, make them one of several quite special items. And if there is an electric failure in the area, remember the Maggi brothers: They have a full stock of kerosene lamps at 900 pesetas each. They do not have a tele-

For those more interested in spiritual good than worldly goods, the most popular charity in Barcelona is the large children's home and clinic run by the religious order San Juan de Dios, which is constantly expanding and always in financial need. Contributions can be sent to San Juan de Dios, Carretera Esplugas,

Pro-Juventud (For Youth) is a new free-service group founded in Barcelona by parents of destructive-cult members. The group offers counseling services for parents, an information center for everyone and an advisory center for people who come out of cults. The address is No. 111 Mariano Cubi, Barcelona.

GIFTS

International datebook

AUSTRIA

VIENNA, Burgtheater (tel: 5234/2565)

 Frankhaus, Grosser Sendesaal (tel: 6595/0) — Nov. 29: Vienna Symphony Orchestra, Günter Neuhold conductor, Thomas Christian violin (Burt, Bruch

Musikverein (tel: 65.81.90). Grosser Saal — Dec. 2: Vienna Symphony Orchestra, Stanislav Skrowaczewski conductor, Alexis Weissenberg piano (Tchaikovsky, Burt, Dvorak). Brahms Saal — Dec. 4: Vienna String Quartet (Beethoven, Tchaikovsky, Debussy).

■Stadthalle (tel: 92.66.01) — Dec. 1-20: "Bubbling Brown Sugar."

BRUSSELS, Musées Royaux des Beaux-Arts (tel: 02/513.96.30) — To Jan. 3: "Homage to Albert Dasnoy."

Theatre de la Monnaie (tel: 218.12.01) - Dec. 1-4: Antwerp Clarinet Quartet.
• Theatre Royal du Parc (tel: 511.41.47) — Nov. 28-Dec. 6: "Leocadia" (Anouilb).

LONDON, Aldwych Theatre (tel: 836.64.04) — Royal Shakespeare Company: To Dec. I: "The Merchant of Venice." Dec. 2-3: "Richard IL" Dec. 4-5: "Richard III."

4-): "Richard III."

British Library Galleries — To Jan. 3, 1982: "Birds in Medieval Manuscripts." To March 28: "Japanese Popular Literature." To June 27: "Demons in Persian and Turkish Art."

Debich Manuscript. British Museum — To Jan. 30: "Medieval Limoges." To mid-March: "Goya's Prints."

Royal Opera House, Covent Garden
 Nov. 29: Gala Concert compered by
 James Mason with Joan Sutherland,
 Franco Bonisolli, Eileen Joyce, Geoffrey Parsons, Stephane Grappelli,
 Richard Bonynge.

LYONS, Auditorium Maurice Ravel (tel: 860,37.13) — Dec. 3-4: Lyons Or-

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Pierre Amoyal violin (Penderecki, Pro-kofiev, Dvorak). ENGLAND

PARIS, American Center (tel: 321.42.20) — Nov. 30-Dec. 18: Merce Cunningham workshop.

«Dec. 1-22: Festival d'Art Sacré (tel: 277.92.26). Includes: Eglise St. Germain des Prés — Dec. 1 and 3: Krakow Philharmonic Orchestra and Choir (Dec. 1: Penderecki's "St. Luke Passion," Piero Bellugi conductor. Dec. 3: Penderecki's "Te. Deum." Krzwtof Penderecki's "Te Deum," Krzystof Penderecki conductor). ●Porte de Versailles — Dec. 4-13: "Braderie de Paris" (tel: 297.52.10). In-

"Braderie de Pans" (lei: 29/3/210). Includes boutiques, do-it-yoursell products, hi-fi and photo equipment, silverware, jewelry, objets d'art, etc.

•TMP-Châtelet (tel: 243.44.44) — To Jan. 10: "West Side Story," Jerome

HONG KONG

26.15.84) — Dec. 1: Richard Markson cello, David Gwilt piano. Dec. 3: Monique Duphil piano (Mozart, Franck, Debussy). Dec. 4: Maeve and Ginter Auer violin/piano (Beethoven, Schubert, Janacek, de Falla).

Deri, Janacek, de Falla).

Hong Kong Arts Centre (tel: 27.11.22). Pao Sui Loong Galleries — To Nov. 29: "Marble Sculptures by Chu Honsun." To Dec. 6: "Paintings by Cheng Ka Chun" and "Italian Stage Design."

ITALY

MILAN, Galleria dell'Incisione (tel: 70,59.93) — To Dec. 4: "Edith 70.59.93) Schloss,"

ROME. Accademia Nazionale di Santa Cecilia — Dec. 4: Tokyo Quartet (Mozart, Takemitsu, Brahms).

•Auditorium del Foro Italico — Nov. 28: Italian Radio-Television Symphony Orchestra, Aldo Ceccato conductor, Ludmila Tschemchuk mezzo-soorar (Stravinsky, Rimsky-Korsakov, Prokof-

iev).

•Salle d'Expositions, Piazza Navona 62

— To Dec. 30: "Camille Bryen: 19071977," drawings, watercolors and

VENICE, Palazzo Ducale (tel: 041/70.92.88) — To Dec. 31: "From Titian to El Greco: For the History of Mannerism in Venice (1540-1590)," ex-

JAPAN

TOKYO Aoyama Gakuin Hali (tel: 403.12.90) — Dec. 1: Newark Boys

403.12.90) — Dec. 1: Newark Boys Chorus.

Bunka Kaikon (tel: 822.07.27) — Dec. 3: Tokyo Metropolitan Symphony Orchestra (Dvorak, de Falla).

NHK Hall (tel: 465.17.80) — Dec. 4-5: NHK Symphony Orchestra (Snint-Saëns, Dvorak).

Nissei Theatre (tel: 503.31.11) — Nov. 28: "Giselle," Matsuyama Ballet.

Okura Shukokan (tel: 583.57.66) — "Tanyu Kano" miniature rapiatines

"Tanyu Kano," miniature paintings and drawings.

Showa Women's University Hitomi
Memorial Hall — Dec. 5: Yo-Yo Ma

AMSTERDAM, Concertgebouw (tel: 71.98.71) — Nov. 28: Amsterdam Phil-71.98.71) — Nov. 28: Amsterdam Phil-harmonic, Emil Tchakarov conductor, Ronald Brantigam piano (Schumann, Franck, Poulenc). Dec. 1: Amsterdam Philharmonic Orchestra, Thomas Sand-erling conductor (Wagner). Dec. 4: Concertgebonw Orchestra and Choir, Colin Davis conductor (Stravinsky, Berline) Berlioz).

NETHERLANDS

•Stadsschouwburg (tel: 25.57.54) — Nov. 29: Dutch National Ballet. Nov. 30 and Dec. 1: Netherlands Dance Theater.

Stedelijk Museum, Paulus Potter-straat — To Jan. 3: "Henri Cartier-

Bresson," exhibition.

ORijksmuseum — To Dec. 13: "Italian Drawings from the 15th-16th Centuries."

EINDHOVEN, Van Abbe Museum — To Dec. 6: "Jannis Kounellis," exhibi-tion of major new works. GRONINGEN, Groninger Museum (tel: 050/17.29.29) — "Mimmo Paladi-no: Drawings (1976-1981)."

SWITZERLAND

GENEVA, Grand Théâtre (tel: 21.23.18) — From Dec. 3: "Cendrillon" (Ferretti/Rossini).

Salle de Concerts du Cern — Dec. 3:

Salle de Concerts du Cera — Dec. 5:
Aldo Ciccolini piano (Schubert).

Théâtre de Carouge — Dec. [-31: "La Locandiera" (Goldoni).

Victoria Hali (tel: 28.81.21) — Dec. 2:
Orchestra de la Suisse-Romande, C. Halffier conductor, C. Carr viola (Vaughan Williams, Halffter,

ZURICH, Thomas Mann Archives, Schonberggasse, 15 — Dec. 1-23: "Stanley Roseman," drawings of Benja-min Britten's opera, "Death in Venice."

CARDIFF, Nov. 28-Dec. 12: Music Festival (tel: 31055). Includes: Nov. 28: Dyfed Choir, John Davies conductor, Brian Rayner-Cook baritone, Jane Watts organ (Christmas music by Vanghan Williams, Handel, Berlioz, Metcalf, Holst). Nov. 30: Martin Jones piano (Beethoven, Alkan, Taylor). Dec. 1: Haydn Trio of Vienna (Haydn, Schumann, Schubert). Dec. 4: Gabrieli String Quartet (Haydn, Janácek, Schubert).

WEST GERMANY

BERLIN, AMK Berlin (tel: 030/30381)

— Nov. 28-Dec. 2: "Antiqua '81," includes silverware, porcelain, glassware, ceramics, faiences, paintings, etc.

Deutsche Oper (tel: 341.44.49) —
Dec. 1: "The Turk in Italy." Dec. 2: "Tosca. 7: "Hensel and Gretel."
Dec. 5: "The Magic Flute."

•Hochschule der Künste — Nov. 2930: Juilliard String Quartet (Beetho-

●Philharmonie (tel: 26.95.51) — Nov 29, at 11 a.m.: Berlin Philharmonic Or chestra. Lorin Maazel conductor (Barchestra, Lorin Mazzei command (har-tok, Rachmaninoff). Nov. 29-30 at 8 p.m.: Berlin Radio-Symphony Orches-tra, Riccardo Chailly conductor, Vladi-mir Ashkenazy piano (Mendelssohn, Beethoven, Stravinsky). Dec. 4: Berlin Symphony Orchestra, Daniel Nazareth conductor, Christiane Edinger violin (Beethoven, Strauss).

• Renaissance Theater (tel: 312.42.02) Whose Life is it Anyway?" (Clark).

JAZZ, ROCK AND POP

BERLIN, Neue Welt (tel: 852.40,80) -Dec. 2: The Kinks.

•ICC (iel: 313.77.77) — Dec. 2: Styx.

•Kant Kino (iel: 313.77.77) — Dec. 2: Jim Capaidi. Dec. 6: Mink de Ville.

LONDON, Dominion Theatre (tel: 580,95.62) — Nov. 28: Glen Campbell — Cambridge Theatre (tel: 836.60.56) — Nov. 29: The Spinners.

Royal Albert Hall (tel: 589.12.1 — Nov. 20.2 Nov. 30-Dec. 2: James Last Orchestra. Farrield Halls (tel: 688.92.91) — Dec. : Acker Bilk and his Paramount Jazz 1: Acker sink and its Faramount Jazz

Band. Det. 2: Des O'Conno.

•Weinbley Arena (tel: 902.12.34).—

Det. 1-5: Electric Light Orchestra.

•Odeon Hammersmith (tel: 748.40.81)

Sharps and Flats

 Centre du Vesinet, veur Paris (tel: 976.32-75) — Dec. 4 at 9 p.m.; Marje-Paule Belle.
 Cactus Charly — Every Siturday:
 The Transcription and Configure STOCKHOLM, The Grand Hotel Dec. 1-9: The Detta Rhythm Boys.

burg - Nov. 29: Chicago Bines Festi-ON YOUR: Jose Ametrading — Dec. 1 in Southampton at the Gaumont; the next night in Leiceiter at the Montfort Hall; Dec. 3 in Edinburgh at Usher Hall and Dec. 4 in Glasgow at the Apollo

UTRECHT, Muziekovstrum Vreien

Apollo.

*Harry Betzfente — Nov. 29 in Kiel at the Ostsechalle: Nov. 30 in Bremen at Odeon Hammersmith (tel: 748.40.81)

— Dec. 2-5: Cliff Richard.

PARIS, Hotel Meridien (tel: 758.12.30)

— Every night from 10 p.m.: Framy
Witherspoon.

Olympia (tel: 742.52.86) — Nov. 30 at 9 p.m.: Wilson Pickett. Other days at 9 p.m. except Sunday and Monday: Yves
Montand.

•Bofinger (tel: 709.65.51) — Nov. 28: Incharacter of the Sunday and Monday: Theatre.

Jimmy Gourley trio.

He Osterbeale: Nov. 30 in Bremingham at the Odeon and Dec. 4 in Liverpool at the Empire.

Theatre.

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Artful Living in a French Village

by Jules B. Farber

ACOSTE, France - Perched atop a steen hill just under the ruins of the Marquis de Sade's chateau in the Vanciuse area, 25 miles from Avignon, the village of Lacoste bouses one of Europe's most picturesque and offbeat campuses.

Lacoste is now celebrating the 10th anniver-

sury of its "Art in France" studies, initiated by the American painter Bernard Pfriem, sup-ported by Sarah Lawrence College and, this year for the first time, the Cleveland Institute of Art. The fall semester, which runs through Dec. 16, has brought to Laccete — girded by medieval stone ramparts and classified by the French government as a historic monument — 40 students ranging in age from 16 to 73 from the United States, Japan, China, Italy and

Pfriem, a Cleveland-born artist, guides what be calls a "mini-university" offering courses in poetry, drama, French language and art history as well as workshop classes in sculpture, stone carving, painting, printmaking, drawing and photography. Also available is a course called "The Self in Art and Nature," an exami-

mation of the creative process.

"We go further with the humanities than any other American-sponsored art program in Europe," boasts the 63-year-old Pfriem. Besides his duties as an administrator and faculty supervisor be gives drawing and existing less than the process of the control of the process of the control of th supervisor, he gives drawing and painting lessons, scouts for guest lecturers and even checks that the chef, who is also the village mayor, serves well-balanced meals in the 12th-century chapel used as the dining room.

The school is situated among houses on the carefree distributed and the form that the carefree distributed among houses on the carefree distribut

car-free dirt ramp that winds up from the lower village. Student dormitories are in an ancient bakery and several 17th-century houses, studios and workshops function in a maze of old buildings. Models pose for art and sculpture classes in nearby quarries, including the one that supplied the stone for de Sade's chateau, starting in the 11th century. Some lectures are given on expansive terraces overlook-ing the valley with vistas as far as Mont Ven-

Students, undergraduates as well as graduates, can attend with or without credit. For those wanting college credits, the Lacoste fall curriculum, for example, offers 15 semester hours with the program weighted two-thirds in the studio arts, one-third in art history, French language and literature. Majors can be selected in either area - studio or humanities. Travel costs and room and board total \$3,700 for the 13-week semester.

As a Sarah Lawrence student said in evaluating the summer term: "The structuring of the days - one studio art class per day, with academic work around dinner time and regular Saturday excursions greatly helped me lose the sense of 'school' and feel I was practicing art as an integral part of daily living."

The Lacoste faculty of teachers and practic-

ing artists is selected by the sponsoring institu-tion, which administers the program, processes applications and advances the finances. Visitors to Pfriem's enclave have included Man Ray and Max Ernst, both of whom lived near-by. Heari Cartier-Bresson, who also resides in the region, comes along. Master photographers Ernst Haas, Gjon Mili and David Douglas Duncan have given slide presentations. Peter De Francia, the chairman of the painting department at London's Royal College of Art, is a regular art history lecturer at Lacoste. And Prof. André Bouër, owner of the Marquis de Sade's chateau, is always on hand for the orientation sessions.

Pfriem remains Lacoste's spiritual spark-plug. He lives and works in a New York loft from Jan. 15 through May 15, spending the rest of the year in France. He recalls how the school began: "I discovered this village in 1950 while I was on the GI bill doing postgraduate studies in Paris. There was an abandoned house for sale at \$50. I offered a \$5 down payment, all I had in cash. The owner was affronted. He said it was a question of honor — his word and mine. He held the house until I could raise the money."

He later bought the ruin next to it for \$10. Then he took a job as the Marshall Plan's chief designer, immediately asking for an advance of \$1,000 to cover his loans and start repovations. Soon after, a three-level house came to auction that he managed to buy by leaving a \$35 bid with the Communist mayor. Afterward the old bakery with the original stone oven came up. It cost \$200 to buy that and move the people out.
"I was collecting property," Pfriem recalls,
"with the idea of creating an unusual art



Campus at Lacoste.

school in this unique situation for communal living and a spirit of sharing."

Pinem is justifiably delighted with the decade's accomplishments. "Lacoste took us to its heart. We support the village's two cafes, gro-cery, bakery and gas station. Locals look up the hills to us as their cultural center. They come to every exhibition, drama presentation, open house and scheduled event. We've become the town's number one industry. It used to be stone quarrying, followed by silkworm production and then mulberry leaves for feed-ing the silk worms. Now it's art."

Further information is available from Village des Aris en France, Cleveland Institute of Ari, 84710 Lacoste, Vaucluse, France; tel: (40)

Art Deco Begins Moving Out and Up

by Souren Melikian

ARIS — Things are moving fast on the Art Deco scene. Until last season, competing for top-quality furniture and objets d'art of the 1920s was a pastime for trendy millionaires closely connected with the world of high fashion and design. This month, various events have demonstrated that Art Deco has won recognition in much

The most spectacular indication was provided on Nov. 15 at a suburban sale held at Enghien, on the outskirts of Paris, by the Champin-Lombrail auctioneering group. A macassar-ebony desk designed by Emile Jacques Ruhlmann around 1930, sold with a suburban sale held at the suburban sale held at swivel chair and five macassar chairs made en suite to match the desk, rose to a phenomenal 935,570 francs (about \$166,500). Out of this total, the desk may be conservatively reckoned to account for 700,000 francs. In May, 1980, that same desk was knocked down at one of Sotheby's most brilliant sales of the year, at Monte Carlo, for 464,200 francs,

True, there is quite a story to that desk Once it adorned the palace of a modern-minded Indian maharaja who had commissioned a famous German architect of the Bauhaus school, Hermana Muthesius, to build the palace and have it furnished in avant-garde taste. There, the whole lot was spotted by European antique hunters. A dealer in contemporary art, Mario Tazzoli, acquired it and, after unsuc-cessfully approaching several likely buyers, consigned it for sale to Sotheby's. Such tactics are usually fatal to the greatest objets d'art. When Sotheby's sale turned into a delirious triumph, it looked like a miracle.

This month, the Ruhlmann desk sale was far more of a miracle: Anybody who matters in Art Deco was aware that the desk had been sold recently — and for how much. To sell a piece against such crippling odds seemed im-

Part of the success must be credited to the auction-house expert, Félix Marcilhac, a leading Paris dealer in the field. Marcilhac has the World Who's Who of Art Deco at his finger tips and managed to draw to this obscure place buyers from all over the world, including the United States. As a result, the contest for the desk was fought in its final stages between a French film producer and a New York pop music producer who wanted it for his top-floor office at Rockefeller Center.

The winner was the Frenchman. That is what makes the Enghien auction so significant. Private buyers in this country are conservative: it takes literally generations for them to accept a new field. They have now recognized Art Deco and sooner or later its best pieces are likely to reach financial parity with the best of 18th-century furniture, which is still six or sev-

en times more expensive.

This has already happened as far as objets d'art are concerned. At a sale conducted this week by Raymond de Nicolay, assisted by Marcilhac, a smoked-glass clock of dark amber hue by René Lalique was sold for 50,070 francs. Two nude silhouettes molded around the clock in the glass disk are handled in the academic style of the 1930s. The price is precisely that which had been quoted by the expert before the sale and is not unusual these days; it is roughly the same as that of an 18thcentury clock of comparable quality. The next stage can already be forecast: It will be the promotion of what I call Second Generation Art Deco, i.e. the design of the 1936-1940 period, with a follow-up on the style of the 1950s.

The experiment made by auctioneer Christiane Jutheau at Drouot this week shows, however, that this will not be all plain sailing. A longtime friend of the Lelen family, Juthean thought it a good idea to build up a sale covering the entire range of the Leleu firm produc-tion, which started in 1918 and stopped in

Jules Leleu, the son of a small industrialist from Boulogne-sur-Mer who manufactured paint and had a sideline in interior decoration, mitiated the firm's large-scale involvement in furniture making. He took an active part in the Art Deco movement and had a large stand at the famous 1925 exhibition held at the Musée des Arts Décoratifs. His style, however, was

derivative and low-keyed.
On Tuesday, it elicited no wild enthusiasm.
An amboyna-burr stool in the sale, designed after an African model via the much bolder interpretation of his contemporary Pierre Legrain, was dainty, almost affected with its unnecessarily sinuous line. It made 24,770 francs. Other pieces looked like remakes of Ruhlmann's furniture - a walnut-burr writing desk of 1928, for example, sold for 28,070 francs, a commode of the great vintage year 1925 was knocked down at only 35,770 francs. In fact, several pieces failed to reach their reserve prices.

There was even one real giveaway in that sale — an exquisite Norwegian birch cabinet made in 1928. A Paris dealer, Michel Souilhac, bagged it for a petty 13,707 francs. This was an ominous beginning for Second Generation Art

The style has yet to be recognized, and, indeed, that part of the sale was a downright failure. A large dining table on arched legs made 3,016 francs and a long sideboard of 1937-40 only 2,900 francs. What was by far the most important piece in the whole auction failed to sell. This is a large macassar-ebony commode with floral marquetry in ebony and trother-of-pearl, made in 1937, the year of the great French Colonial Exhibition, by craftsmen who had been sent out to the French South Seas colonies to learn from the natives the art of cutting shells so as to bring out the luminosity of the mother-of-pearl.

Gaudy and heavy it may be, but it is also undoubtedly a historic piece that will sooner or later end up in some great museum of decorative art. André Leieu, the successor of Jules, and the back 2000 beauty as and a short in the control of the con says it took 2000 hours to make the piece. On this basis alone, the initial presale estimate, 250,000 francs, was not exaggerated. On the day of the sale the actual reserve price had been lowered to a modest 120,000 francs. The piece barely missed it and was bought in at 115,000 francs.

Some mistakes partly explain the failure. One was the inclusion in the sale of a number of Leleu pieces from the late 1940s. Their unspeakable vulgarity and shabbiness damaged the image of the entire sale, acting as a powerful deterrent. Another big mistake on the organizers' part was not to have made it clear to the public that the pieces offered for sale were major symbols of their period.

No less important, they did not emphasize the fact that they were authentic products of the Leleu workshop, unlike many so-called Leleu pieces designed by Leleu but executed in other workshops. To make it swing, that sale needed a sense of history — since beauty had little to do with it. But perhaps it is too soor

to the public, especially the public

that has not been familiar with

Sickert, Better Late Than Ever

by Max Wykes-Joyce

ONDON - Walter Richard Sickert (1860-1942) was one of the few English artists of his generation whose work merits consideration in a European, and indeed, in an international context. Up to now, it has been fashionable, almost obligatory to consider his work in two distinct categories: Late and Early, after and before 1927, when his whole way of seeing and painting seemed to change and when he replaced his signature of half a century — "Walter Sickert" with the preferred "Richard Sickert ARA."

Some purists and many scholars and commentators have argued that post-1927 Sickerts were the work of an old joker declining into senility, the mere shell of a onetime painter of genius. But such opinions will have to be radically altered in the light of a current loan exhibition organized by the Arts Council of Great Britain at the suggestion of the artist Frank Auerbach — "Late Sickert," at the Hayward Gallery, South Bank, to Jan. 31 and at the Sainsbury Center for the Visual Arts, University of East Anglia, Norwich, March 2 to April 4, and at the Wolverhampton Art Gallery, April 12 to May 22.

The exhibition, which comprises 121 of Sickert's later works, demonstrates beyond doubt that the paintings of Sickert's old age based even though they often were on photographs, film stills, newspaper photographs and Victorian book illustrations, and quite often collaborations between Sickert and his pupils and assistants — are in no way inferior to those of his youth and, moreover, that the later

by Michael Gibson

ARIS — At 85, Joseph Czanski (pro-nounced Chap-ski) is painting abun-dantly and painting fast. Years ago he wrote a book, "Terre Inhumaine," about his search for the Polish army though the labyrinths of Soviet bureaucracy, talking

with people who could not, or occasionally would not, tell him what has become of the

12,000 missing officers, who, as we now know, had been disposed of at Katyn.

His grim narrative was lit time and again by

a leap of the heart and eye, catching a distant glowing cloud through a railway-coach win-

dow at the bleak moment of dawn, or the

glimpse of a face passing him in the street. When Czapski started painting again after World War II at the age of 52 (all his past work had been destroyed by the war) he began

to record such glimpses in hasty sketches and

vivid, almost spare paintings that kept splashing down on a single weighty reality: the oddness, beauty and loneliness of life.

His paintings do not so much depict realisti-cally, but designate, his daily experience: sur-

by Esther Garcia

ARIS - "Do not take photographs:

Draw. Photographs impede vision, sketching engraves things on the mind." Following his own dictum, Le

Curbusier, the most influential architect of his

time, kept a graphic diary, a kind of visual

stream of consciousness. A small sketchbook was always in his pocket, during his trips, at

home and at work. From 1914 to his death in

1965, he recorded landscapes, figures, architec-

tural details, plans, cornices and an infinite va-

ricty of impressions.

Around Galleries in Paris

paintings stem from, and are closely related to, the earlier.

Sickert, though accounted an English paintr, was born, as he liked gleefully to announce, in Germany of pure Danish stock. (This he remarked, for example, in steutorian tones while dining at St. James's Palace during World War I with Osbert Sitwell, that evening Captain of King's Guard). Brought to England at the age of 8 by his father, an artist and book illustrator, he studied for a short while at the Slade School of Art in London and briefly with Whistler, whom, with Degas, he took as his early models, never ceasing lifelong to quote Degas' emphasis on draftsmanship as the prime necessity for the artist.

After two years as a bit player with Sir Henry Irving's repertory theater company, Sickert settled to a lifetime of draftmanship and painting, in the late 1880s and early 1890s working at a theater and music-hall series. From 1899 to 1905 he lived and painted in Dieppe, with frequent sorties to Venice and from 1905 onand occasional critic and frequent raconteur, being a founder of the prestigious Camden Town Group in 1911. Thirty-four excellent examples of the early Sickert may be seen to Dec. 22 at Browse and Darby, 19 Cork Street, London W.1.

In 1927 Sickert, now at an age at which many artists relax and live on their considerable reputations, embarked on four major groups of paintings — Portraits, Theater and Film Pieces, Landscapes, and what he called "Echoes," paintings worked up often in blocks of unexpected and startling colors from photographs or from drawings by such Victorian

prising beauty, oddness or loneliness in daily things and faces that one tends not to see most of the time. The present exhibition, mostly of

works done during the last year, includes drawings, watercolors and oils, bright-colored

and finally, because aesthetic doctrines have changed while he went on working, now entire-

Interestingly, his paintings do not give us

the pleasure of completeness, but, instead, nudge the eye toward what is fleeting. One might even admit that his work is on the bor-

derline of art, being first of all the chirable

trace of a humanistic discipline. (Galerie Jean Briance, rue Guénégand, Paris 6, to Jan. 14). Michel Gérard is a sculptor who appears to have entered his maturity. His present show

(at the Galerie Jeanne Bucher, 53 rue de Seine,

Paris 6, to Dec. 12) includes monumental pieces of forged iron and handsome black pieces

made out of paper pulp, which have the aspect and suggest the weight of a cast-iron fireback. Gérard, in his medium, is doing something characteristic of the work of quite a few con-

temporary French satisfs who are interested in

the expressive value of this or that material

when it has been worked upon. Gérard works

ly contemporary in their idiom.

illustrators as Cruikshank and Sir John Gil-

At an early exhibition of the new paintings, Sickert was heard to chortle "Cruikshank and Gilbert do all the work, and I get all the mon-ey," which has been interpreted as being cynical carelessness on the artist's part. In truth, it much better illustrates his happy-go-lucky atti-tude. He always quoted with approval John Gilbert's axiom "I like to paint with my com-forts about me." adding an axiom of his own: "An artist should be allowed every kind of

It is the fun element in the late Sickert that distressed so many sobersides, the fun exem-plified in "Sir Thomas Beecham Conducting" (1938); Edward G. Robinson and Joan Blondell in "Bullets and Ballots" (1936) — which he called "Jack and Jill" — "The Plaza Tiller Girls" (1928) and the chorus line of "High

Steppers" (1938-39).
The post-1927 Sickert was a liberator of technique. Up to that time he had painted in Thereafter, painting in blocks of color, exchanging smooth line canvas for coarse burlap and applying the paint sparingly enough to allow the texture of the material to play a major part in the finished work, he was technically able to dare to experiment, an experimentation possible to an old man certain of himself and his capabilities.

Most of all the change was one of scale, as in such a painting as his self-portrait "The Servant of Abraham" (1929). "We cannot well have pictures on a large scale nowadays," said Sickert, "but we can have small fragments of pictures on a colossal scale,"

his material with a hammer and one piece as

sembles a number of elements of varying shapes, all of them forged out of similar cubes of raw iron. The interesting thing is that all

this escapes looking like a mere formal exercise

and seems, instead, to mime the laborious den-

Marilyn Levine is an astonishingly clever

trompe-l'oril ceramist whose pieces shown at the Galerie Alain Blondel (4 rue Aubry-le-

Boucher, Paris 4, to Dec. 15) are all impecca-

ble imitations of old leather objects, scuffed

and cracked: suitcases, wallets, a jacket, lots of

Pierre Nivollet (Galerie NRA, 2 rue du Jour,

Paris 1, to Dec. 5) is a painter who seems to have started out by building an ornamental

cage of arabesques that cover the whole sur-face of his canvas, and then attempted to can-cel, subvert or dissolve these patterns by abun-

dant and resourceful use of vigorous color.

Nivollet is visibly working toward some-

thing and his work is intriguing because, whatever it may be, it is not yet definable. My own perception is that of a debate between freedom

sity of a spiritual process.

Around Galleries in Milan

by Edith Schloss

MILAN — This tidy northern city, the commercial center of Italy and sometimes called southern Switzerland, this month as always offers a great diversity of art exhibitions: the traditional and the conceptual, American realism and the latest in the International post-avantgarde, a wide and interesting range.

For Americans, it is particularly poignant to see here, in an Italy chock-full of history, Edward Hopper, The Early Years at Padigione Arte Contemporanea, via Palestro 16, until Dec. 2 — the plain apartment buildings of the city and the clapboard houses of the suburbs with their staring windows, the skins of secret lives, set n bland, empty landscape.

His was a particularly American artitude. Under all these "ordinary" views, painted evenly without flourishes like the commercial work with which he made his living — of the endless dark woods near the last house in town, of the lonely people in musty rooms, of the railroad crossing at winter sun-set, of the iron lighthouses of Maine, of the waves crashing against the granite of Monhegan under all this bleakness there glowers a deep romanticism. It is merely that the fire is carefully banked. Behind the understatement, the deadpan observation, all that dryness, there is a great passion, all the more striking here in Europe, where art tends to be more flamboyant and openly

However in late watercolors, pencil drawings and oils by Giorgio Morandi, Galleria Gian Fer-rari, via del Gesù 19, until Dec. 2, one can appreciate another master of succinciness on this side of the ocean. It is wonderful to see how a few meandering lines of brush or pencil, squiggly but sure, can open such spaces, or bring us to such intimacy. They are the bones of Morandi's thought, making images that are clear, sober and poetic.

The latest in contemporary art? Yes, there is of course the new "Transvanguardia." A leading exponent, Minumo Paladino at Galleria Franco Toselli, via del Carmine 9, until Dec. 31, is young. willfully awkward and secretive -"primitive" in a way no true primi-tive ever was. Paladino speaks of stark rites in outlandish settings, rendered roughly but too knowing-ly. His large canvases are full of personal, not at all general, mean-ings: "Vespers," in blond harvest colors, is probably alluding to a barbaric last supper and in "Dia-monds," a huge drawing crazy lit-tle symbols spill out of the page over the wood framing the sheet of paper. Everywhere skeletal figures in fetal positions are straining against darkness. There is something intriguing about all this, but also something calculated. Paladino comes from conceptualism and his mysteries are intellectualization, and are less fresh and direct than they would like to appear. Anselm Stalder, at Studio Can-

naviello, piazza Beccaria 10. until Dec. 10, is a painter under 30 who studied in his native Basel. His paintings and drawings of young couples and of street scenes lean to the socially conscious, the humorous and the would-be naive. One suspects he knows better and is quite able to paint straight representational pictures instead jumping on the international "Punk" bandwagon like a lot of his peers.

The veteran "conceptualist" Kounellis, at Galleria Salvatore Ala, via Mameli 3, until Dec. 10. continues to create his evocative environments. A smoky hearth in the middle of the gallery, traces of old fires climbing the white walls, Greek plaster casts with charted faces, live gas jets hissing - one is surrounded by an awesome atmosphere: the eternal drama of rite and sacrifice. As always a little theatrical, Kounellis' statement is both cleanly modern and subtly

Despite the variety and the international scope of the art that is offered to them, it is sad to see how gullible and provincial the Milanese really are. For they are suffering from an acute case of Miró-itis, swallowing Miró whole in seven shows (no less!) of his last and least works, impressed only by the "big signature."

It is a fact that the best creations of Miró, who has been around for more than 80 years and was at his apex in the 1920s and 1930s, have long since been absorbed by the leading private and public collec-tions of the world; although it is true that once a painter always a painter, and that Miró is still a superb craftsman and his gesture is still there.

Dealers have their worries, how ever. It must be they who have dumped this avalanche of late oils. sculptures, prints, ceramics and what have you on this city. At the Castello Sforzesco there are two early Catalan landscapes of 1918, nsical, minute, full of witty detail, heralding the picture poems soon to follow. But otherwise there are codies and codies of "femme, etoile et oiseau" under the sun or the moon, in endless transposition and succession.

Two decent pictures in this mammoth showing under the anspices of the city of Milan? The

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private houses Le Corbusier built in Paris. The slow unfolding of a creative mind at work can be followed through this series of

Seventy-three notebooks were filled. Le Corbusier numbered, dated and preserved them with great care: They were his capital and his idea-bank. He left them to the Le Corbusier Foundation, which has just published the complete notebooks in a four-volume edition. The foundation is also showing hundreds of the sketches and notations in photographic reproduction (they are too fragile to handle otherwise) at the Villa La Roche, one of the six

images and notes. Sometimes there is a fascinating, sudden jump from a sequence of visual stimuli to a practical application. There are countless drawings of ships, ships' cabins, cor-

Notes for a Study of Le Corbusier ners of boats, details of decks, and then there is a note on the edge of one drawing that says: "It was in this cargo cabin going towards New York that I invented the Modulor system." The Modulor, the first architectural system to use man's measurements as a scale for construction, was, appropriately, arrived at in

cramped quarters.

Le Corbusier was that rare combination, a technician and a creator. Born in Switzerland he started out as Charles Edouard Jeanneret-Gris, studied art and became a painter, He then chose a new career, a new nationality and a new name. The French architect Le Corbusier developed a particular style that combined dedication, thetoric and personal magnetism and that helped him win some of the battles he continually fought with the international ar-chitectural establishment. Some of his grand-

est projects - for the United Nations buildines, for the port of Algiers, for the urban plan of Bogota - were battles he lost. His triumphs were tempered by the difficulty of getting people to accept new ideas. In one of the notebooks he tells about revisiting a working-class quarter he constructed in Pessac, France. "We plunged into naked reality in the evening when only the volume shows and de-fects are not visible. It is a great purity, a joy. The road-mender, M. Pocquet, is the only one

who understands. His garden is magnificent.

The others? They've cut down a whole forest of oaks and chestnuts." Le Corbusier's influence is far greater than

his actual production of buildings. His tangi-ble legacy is made up of fewer than 40 buildings, one large project in India and, surprisingly, only one building in all of North America, the Carpenter Arts Center at Harvard.

At the Paris show, the ramp that leads to the third floor at Villa La Roche is too steep for comfort. The light from the long windows set near the ceilings of the main studio is rather murky; the windows were not designed to be opened or cleaned. But the house has its beauty, visitors teeter cheerfully down the ramp and the sketches and notations are endlessly

One of the notes, written after a long plane trip, could serve as an apologia for any shortcomings: "There are men who manipulate art and thought but ignore both the physical laws and the slowness of creativity. It takes a long time. You realize at the first slewing around of the plane, seeing the stars, that you are not made to understand everything and that it is better to create partially than to do pothing.

At the Fondation Le Carbusier, Villa La Roche, 8-10 Square du Docteur Blanche, until Dec. 18. Open every day except Sundays and holidays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. 🛢

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(Continued on Page 10)

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BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS

Honeywell Reportedly to Lower French Stake

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PARIS - The Honeywell group will reduce its stake in CII-Honeywell-Bull, a French computer company slated for nationalization, from 47 to 19 percent, according to reports published in Paris.

Saint-Gobmin, also on the nationalization list, controls 53 percent of Cll Honeywell-Bull.

The reports said Honeywell would make \$180 million from the sale of 59 percent of its CII Honeywell-Bull shares. CII Honeywell-Bull lost 251 million francs (\$45 million) in the first half of this year and is expected to show a loss for the whole year.

Wharf Delays Meeting on Merger With World

HONG KONG — Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. has postponed to late January an extraordinary general meeting scheduled for Dec. 2 to decide on its proposal to merge with World International (Holdings) Ltd., it said Friday. Wharf and World are part of the business

choidings) Ltd., it said Friday, what and world are part of the business empire of Hong Kong financier Sir Y.K. Pao.

Jardine Fleming, which is advising a group of Wharf shareholders, said Friday it had received proxies or commitments to vote against the merger proposal representing about 200 million shares. That amounts to about 27 percent of the 742 million shares not held by World, Sir Y.K. Pao and his wife, who have said they would not vote their shares.

Micro Consultants, UEI in £53-Million Merger

LONDON — United Engineering Industries and Micro Consultants Ltd. have agreed to merge through UEI's purchase of the entire issued share capital of MCL in a transaction worth about £53.5 million, N.M. Rothschilds & Sons, which is advising UEI, said Friday.

UEI had after-tax profits of £2.36 million in the year to Jan. 31, 1981.

MCL, a private group, had pretax profits of £2.98 million in the year to

Hongkong & Shanghai Assures on Royal Bank

Reners

LONDON — Royal Bank of Scotland Group would remain subject to Bank of England regulatory measures if it merged with Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp., according to Hongkong's chairman.

Michael Sandberg said in a circular that Hongkong would encourage Royal Bank to continue its international expansion.

Royal's directors oppose a £500-million takeover bid by Hongkong, but endorse a bid of similar size from Standard Chartered Bank. Britain's Monopolies Commission is expected to report on the bids to the

ain's Monopolies Commission is expected to report on the bids to the Trade Department before year's end.

Japan Exports of Video Cassette Units a Record

TOKYO - Exports of video cassette recorders set a record in October at 909,100, the Finance Ministry said Friday.

The figure was 140 percent higher than in October, 1980, and compared with the previous record of 782,900 in September.

U.K. to Extend Loan Guarantee to ICL

LONDON -- The British government has agreed to extend the term of its two-year, £200-million loan guarantee to ICL Ltd. on a reducing basis ending March 31, 1986, the computer firm said Friday. ICL's four main bankers have agreed to provide a significant level of loan facilities above the state-guaranteed amounts, ICL added.

Billion-Dollar Buying Spree Shocks World Tin Markets

LONDON -- An unknown person is taking a billion-dollar gam-ble on tin, reminiscent of last year's attempt by the Hunt brothers of Texas to corner the silver market by buying huge amounts of

the metal on commodity markets. Pandemonium swept through the London Metal Exchange Thursday when agents acting on behalf of an unnamed buyer bought tin for immediate delivery and started selling contracts to de-

The market had been dominated for months by mysterious purchases concentrated in contracts for future delivery; and the abrupt change to buying for prompt delivery confused brokers, who rushed to protect their interests. The hectic trading room drew worried officials from the exchange board to monitor developments.

Since July, the mysterious buying of tim, a metal not otherwise in great world demand, has sent prices soaring on the LME and in Penang, Malaysia, the other major

Prices Surge

On the LME, tin prices surged to a record high of £8,650 a ton earlier this month from £6,500 in July, though prices settled some-what Friday as dealers awaited some indication of what the unknown buyer would do next. The daily volume, which long averaged perhaps 1,000 metric tons, boomed to over 36,000 tons Thursday from

11,000 tons Wednesday. London brokers estimated that the buying binge means that someone now holds about 50,000 tons

North Sea Field Is Set At 150 Million Barrels

LONDON - The recently discovered Bulmoral field in the North Sea is estimated to have up to 150 million barrels of recoverable reserves, stockbrokers Wood

Mackenzie said here Friday. Up to 100 million barrels of the reserves is in block 16/21A operated by North Sea San Oil, with the remainder in block 16/21B operated by British National Oil, Wood Mackenzie said. Industry sources said they considered these esti-

production and worth close to \$1 billion at current prices although under trading rules for obtaining contracts for future delivery, only 10 percent of the price has to be paid in cash.

The brokers suspect the buying originates from Malaysia, the largest exporter of tin. The country's prime minister, Mahathir bin Mohammed, said Friday in Kuala Lumpur that the United States may upset tin prices if it goes ahead with a sale of 35,000 tons from the 200,000 tons of tin it holds in military stockpiles.

Tin, a metal that traditionally lacked the lustre for investors of others like gold and silver, started to shine in the marketplace after a July meeting in London between consumer countries and producers broke down without any agreement to fix higher prices by the In-ternational Tin Council.

The failure to agree by the 22country council, which tries to steady prices by buying the metal, angered the main producing coun-tries, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand and Bolivia. This has led to a widespread belief among London metal brokers that the subsequent heavy buying of tin is aimed at ma-

nipulating the market. Brokers said that coupled with a splurge of future contract sales, the buying of tin for immediate delivery prompted fears that the unknown buyer might have already lined up contracts exceeding the known available stockpile. This would mean that dealers would have to find more tin somewhere if the buyer demands delivery, rather

than continuing to trade contracts. Sources in the steel industry, the biggest users of tin, which serves as a coating material to prevent rust, regarded the market maneuvers as a heavy-handed attempt to force consuming countries to accept higher average prices. But with steel production in a slump, the sources called present tin prices il-

Correction

In Tuesday's editions, it was er-roneously reported that Poland owes Dresdaer Bank 890 million Deutsche marks, excluding govern-ment-guaranteed credits. The correct figure is 400 million DM.

CURRENCY RATES

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Shipping Fraud Floated on Phantom Firms

AP-Dow Jones

NEW YORK — The ease with which Kaare Gilboe Jr., a 33-year-old Norwegian-born ship broker, carried out illegal operations and the possibility that others also may be playing his game have shocked the tradition-bound ocean-shipping business.

Mr. Gilboe created fictitious companies individuals and ships of such believability that millions of dollars were paid for their phantom services. In each case, the money

vanished.

Mr. Gilboe has been investigated by police in Hong Kong, Tokyo and London, but in each instance the inquiries were dropped, possibly due to the complexity of his schemes and the difficulty of assembling wit-

On Nov. 6, however, Mr. Gilboe was con-victed in a federal court in New York of eight charges of wire fraud and illegal transportation of funds. He faces up to 60 years in prison plus \$44,000 in fines at his sentenc-ing, scheduled for Dec. 4.

Shipowners "are now openly voicing their disquiet over the ease with which unscrupnlous people have been able to turn the concept of 'my word is my bond" to their own criminal advantage, comments Seatrade, a leading British maritime magazine.

The principal victim of Mr. Gllboe's operations has been China, which rents ships to transport millions of tons of grain each year.
Twice China, in effect, had to pay nearly double to get delivery of grain, with about \$4 million going to Mr. Gilboe's nonexistent maritime concerns and about the same amount to legitimate operators who actually delivered the grain.

As a consequence, an official of China's ship-chartering company says the state-owned firm "has become extra careful to check out with whom it is doing business."

Mr. Gilboe's defense at his trial was that as a broker, he did not have authority to sign checks or transfer funds. Instead, he blamed

PEOPLE

IN BUSINESS

chairman of Imperial Chemical In-

dustries, succeeding Maurice

Hodgson, who is resigning April 1. Mr. Harvey-Jones has been a dep-

Robert C. Oiney, managing director of 3M U.K., was appointed

company chairman and managing

director. He succeeds M. J. Mon-

teiro, who resigned as chairman

but remains a board member.

Josef L. Knhm, vice president of European Operations at 3M, joins the board of directors.

Abduila A. Saudi has reassumed

his former position of first vice chairman of Ariabank; Eduardo de

Castro Neiva, deputy chairman of Banco do Brasil, was appointed

Midland Bank International

named Geoffrey W. Taylor a direc-

Consumer Prices.

Jobless Rate up

Slightly in Japan

TOKYO — Japan announced Friday that its consumer price in-dex had risen an unadjusted 0.4

percent in October against a 1.6-

percent September gain. Unem-

ployment, meanwhile, rose to 1.22 million in October from 1.20 mil-

lion the previous month and from

In another report, the Ministry of International Trade and Indus-

try said preliminary industrial pro-

duction index rose an adjusted 1.7

percent in October following Sep-

tember's 3.8 percent rise.

The year-on-year rise in the con-

sumer price index was 4.1 percent.

up from a 3.9-percent September

year-to-year gain, the premier's

The adjusted unemployment

rate rose to 2.27 percent from 2.21

percent in September and 2.11 per-

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ment in local currencies (British £30, French fr 320, Syess fr 120, OM 135)

and estimated Earnings and Dividends.

HARD FACTS ON

1.13 million a year earlier.

office said.

cent a year earlier.

vice chairman of Arlabank.

uty chairman since 1978.

three other persons in three other companies

— all believed by authorities to be phantoms. Two other persons who were indicted along with Mr. Gilboe — James Lam, a Chinese, and Richard Cunningham, an Austrahan -are known but have not been found.

Philippine Frand

In Mr. Gilboe's first known fraud, in 1977, the Philippine National Lines, a government-owned vessel-chartering unit, asked him to find three ships to move 100,000 tons of U.S. grain to the Philippines. Mr. Gilboe arranged for the ships through a company called Maritime Shipping & Investment. Real ships were chartered, but Maritime Shipping never relayed the service fees to the

Medardo Melicor, Philippine National's vice president of operations, testified at Mr. Gilboe's trial that his company lost \$989,000.

Mr. Gilboe's next big venture occurred in early 1979. China was seeking three ships to transport 100,000 tons of Argentine grain to China. When this fraud was completed, China had been duped out of nearly \$1.3 million. In addition, the Chinese had to pay an added \$1 million in freight payments to two essel owners.

Mr. Gilboe then moved on to Tokyo, and again the Chinese were his targets in a com-plex operation in which Mr. Gilboe masqueraded as a representative of two reputable companies at the same time.

First, he set up operation with Mr. Cunningham as Gulf Pacific Chartering and then obtained permission from a friend at Tokyo Freighting, a respected concern, to use that company's telex for incoming messages. Next, he put out word that he represented W.H. Eddie Hsu, chairman of Eddie Steamship, a reputable Taiwanese company.
Then Mr. Gilboe falsely told a broker with

Tokyo Chartering, another reputable concern, that he represented Robina Shipping, a

Robert C. Olney

tor and group chief executive. He

succeeds Stuart T. Graham, who

retires April 30 but continues as a

bank director. John A. Brooks.

also a director, will be the sole

Scandinavian Bank Group has

appointed Clint Arneldus executive

vice president in charge of its

Western U.S. international branch

based in Los Angeles. Mr. Ar-

noldus had been in charge of the

international banking division of

Security Pacific National Bank in

Swiss Bank Corp. named

Georges Streichenberg general manager and member of the execu-

tive committee in charge of the

bank's global investment banking

activities and its operations in Brit-

L.W.J. Grègoire, Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank general mana-

ger, will take charge of NMB's loan division Jan. 1., succeeding G.

Black, who was nominated a mem-

ber of NMB's board of managing

directors. Mr. Grègoire is now in

charge of NMB's securities divi-

ITT Africa and the Middle East named Bernard J. McFadden com-

pany vice president.

ain and the Middle East.

San Francisco.

unit of the well-known Ednasa group of Hong Kong, Tokyo Chartering, working through five legitimate brokers in London and Copenhagen, contracted for three ships.

Two weeks before the three ships loaded in New Orleans, Mr. Gilboe - posing as Tothe broker representing the Chinese, to send the service fee not to Tokyo Freighting at its Japanese bank but to Royal Bank & Trust Co. in New York on behalf of Maritime Brokers, a company that still has not been

The ships were loaded in New Orleans in August, 1980, and the Chinese, following Mr. Gilboe's instructions, sent \$2.9 million from Bank of China in Peking through Bank of Tokyo, New York, to Royal Bank & Trust in New York for Maritime Brokers.

Shortly afterwards, the actual shipowners who were carrying the grain for which they had not been paid began to complain. The shipowness threatened to seize the grain for non-payment of the freight bills, and China paid about \$2.3 million to the legitimate op-

Mr. Gilboe's testified that Mr. Cunningham, and not he, had arranged to charter the three ships with a Charles R. Hardy Jr. of Maritime Brokers for the account of Eddie Hsu. He had only acted as a broker, he said, and the payments were handled by Mr. Cunningham and Mr. Hardy. Investigators doubt the existence of Mr. Hardy and Maritime Brokers.

The missing money has been tracked as far as the Bahamas. After arriving at the Royal Bank & Trust in New York, the monwas first moved to Republic National Bank and from there to the Chase Manhattan Bank, both in New York, and then to Chase Manhattan of Nassau for the account of Numan Construction & Development Co on Bay Street, a mail drop in Nassau.

But investigators do not know what Numan is or where the money is now.

Prices Soar on Wall Street, **But Holiday Curbs Trading**

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange soared Friday to their highest closing level since August, but the post-Thanksgiving holiday trading was slow. Analysts said the large gams this week might be the beginning of a year-end rally. The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age, which jumped 7.90 points Wednesday, gained 7.80 points to close at 885.94, the highest closing since Aug. 28 when it hit 892.22. Advances led declines, 920 to 580, and volume dropped sharply to 33 million shares from 58.57 million Wednesday as many investors chose not to return from

Thursday's holiday in order to take an extended weekend. Prices were higher in moderate trading of American Stock Ex-

Meanwhile, the Federal Reserve ply figures due Friday will not be eleased until Monday.

The Dow Jones average has gained 34 points since Tuesday, primarily due to the rapid decline m the prime interest rate, analysis said. Many money managers were considering entering the market because they have grown hopeful the recession may be nearing a

The Mobil-U.S. Steel battle for control of Marathon Oil has en-

livened the market in the past cou-

In Columbus, Ohio, Mobil told

rectors, many of whom are also Marathon excutives, traded inves-tors' profits for their own job se-curity in a "sweetheart deal" with

Marathon President Harold W. Hoopman said the company's directors were motivated not by selfishness but by a desire "to block a grossly inadequate offer" by Mo-

And U.S. Steel replied that it had simply taken advantage of Mobil's "ridiculously low" offer and the "inflammatory publicity" over the bid to diversify into the oil and gas business. U.S. Steel added that "no controls, no as-surances" had been given Marathon executives.

Mobil sued Tuesday to block U.S. Steel offer. All three stocks were active on

the trading floor, with Marathon Merck gained 2% to 864. The

stock has been rising since the federal government approved its "blo-cadren" drug for treatment of heart attacks earlier this week. Paine Webber, mentioned frequently as a takeover candidate. was sharply higher. The company had a fourth-quarter loss of \$3.36 million, but it had a profit of \$15.8

million for the fiscal year. In London, the dollar closed lower against major currencies. The British pound closed sharp-

In Columbus, Ohio, Mobil told ly up in London at \$1.9565 from a federal court that Marathon di-\$1.9395 Thursday.

ITT Officials Convicted In Austrian Scandal

John Tagliabue New York Times Service

BONN --- Austria's biggest postwar industrial kickback trial, which contributed last year to the resignation of Hannes Androsch. the finance minister, ended Friday in Vienna with the conviction of all twelve defendants, including four top executives of the Interna-tional Telephone & Telegraph's Austrian subsidiary. Fritz Mayer, 70, chairman of

ITT-Austria's policy-making board and the unit's former chief operating officer, and Edmund Hain-isch, the present chief executive, were both convicted of bribery and corrupting a public official and sentenced to three years in jail.

Among the other defendants, all of whom received jail sentences ranging from one to nine years, were two further ITT-Austria offiwere two turther III-Austria offi-cials, four top executives of the Austrian subsidiary of Siemens, the West German electrical com-pany, and a Vienna city official convicted of taking bribes and other illegal payments from the corporate executives and their companies. Otto Schweitzer, previously a senior manager for Siemens Austria received a six-year

The trial centered on a scandal involving a 2,200-bed medical center under construction in Vienna that is to be completed about the year 1990 at a cost of \$3 billion to \$4 billion.

The authorities charged that companies involved in the construction won their contracts by paying bribes, partly through mail-box firms in Switzerland and Liechtenstein, to city officials. The head of a public corporation that supervised construction of the hospital, Adolf Winter, received a nine-year jail term for taking bribes totaling \$2.7 million. Two Siemens officials were also



Fritz Mayer

convicted of destroying documents

ITT's Austrian unit was awarded contracts to install telephone and computerized control systems, and received commissions for further contracts it passed on to ITT's West German subsidiary, Standard Elektrik Lorenz.

The trial's results are expected to send shock waves through Austria's business world.

A spokesman for the prosecu-tor's office in Vienna described the sentences Friday as "not exactly mild, by Austrian standards." The hosptial scandal has stirred public feelings, and it is felt the harsh sentences are meant to signal a new official toughness against shady practices in contract procurement.

Construction of the huge and costly hospital has dragged on for over 15 years, and a witness at the trial described it as a "fat duck. Everyone wanted to get a slice."

Deutsche Bank Questions Financing of LDC Deficits

HOHENHEIM, West Germany - Wilfried Guth, Deutsche Bank's joint management board spokesman, has questioned whether banks can maintain the current high level of Euromarket financing to offset the balance of payments delicits of nonoil less developed countries.

In a speech Thursday to the university here, Mr. Guth said many. banks are nearing their own or reg-ulatory limits with these countries and estimated nonoil LDC deficits the volume leader, rising 1% to will remain high in 1982 after a \$80-billion deficit this year. But he added it would be wrong

to speak of a general debt problem with nonoil LDCs since the sharp rise in their external following the first oil price shock of 1973 has been accompanied by an increase in LDCs' volume of exports. He said country risk on Euro-

market lending has generally in-creased recently, adding, "It would be more than foolish of banks to rely on the well known phrase --companies can go bankrupt, but countries never can.'

Since there is no joint standard for West German banks on what

of bad debt, Mr. Guth said West German banks must take this reponsibility themselves. He called on commercial banks to maintain regular contact with the International Monetary Fund and World Bank to enable them swiftly to counter possible debt crises.

He said the global imbalance of

payments between oil producing and oil importing countries is narrowing more quickly than first expected, with the 1981 OPEC surplus likely to fall to \$70 billion from \$100 billion to \$110 billion in

tinue next year, he added. The global deficit of industrialized countries also shows signs of falling this year and next, he said.

West German Inflation

percent in October.

WIESBADEN, West Germany — The rise in the cost of living in-dex expanded to a provisional 0.4 -percent in November from 0.3 percent in October, the Federal Statistics Office said Friday. But the year-on-year rise fell slightly in November to 6.6 percent from 6.7

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Nov. 27 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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Institutions Still Dominate NYSE

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NEW YORK — Institutional trading on the New York Stock Exchange has stabilized but remains its dominant source of public volume, the exchange said Friday.

The exchange said in its latest "Public Transaction Study" that during the fourth quarter of 1980, institutional and financial intermediaries such as commercial banks and trust companies accounted for 64.9 percent of the public share volume compared with 35.1 percent for individuals.

the public share volume compared with 35.1 percent for individuals.

The institutions and financial intermediaries accounted for 71.7 percent of the public dollar volume, the exchange said.

The last such study done by the exchange was in the first quarter of 1976.

Foreign activity accounted for 11.7 percent of the public share volume, the NYSE said. It said foreign investors accounted for 5 percent said foreign investors accounted for 5 percent of all individual volume and 15 percent of in-

of all individual volume and 15 percent of in-stitutional volume.

Over the past 20 years, the proportion of share volume accounted for by individuals and institutions had been reversed, the NYSE said.

In 1961, for instance, individuals accounted for 67 percent of the public share volume and institutions and intermediaries, 33 percent.

In 1967, individuals accounted for 29.7 per-cent of the public dollar volume while institu-tions and intermediaries accounted for 70.3 percent.

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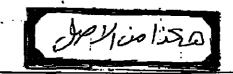
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years," John Russell writes,

came into being on occasions when

nothing from the past would fill the bill. What these occasions were, and

what art did about them, is the subject

In "The Meanings of Modern Art,"

there to tell us who we are." It reas-

of common sense." Art, in Russell's

way of thinking, is an alternative lan-

the function of artists to look around them." Once they broke away from this convention, their looking around

them became one of the most radical

investigations in the modern world. As early as 1908, Rilke said about a

particular work of art that "after this,

Impressionism, according to Rus-

sell, was the apotheosis of pleasure in sheer looking. As he puts it, the Impressionists make us "think better of life and better of ourselves." Fauvism.

which was a brutalization of Impressionism, went too far and "pushed color into an untenable and self-defeating position." In any case, as tempting as it is, we could not seem to

be content with the perceptual ro-mance of Impressionism, because "man is not only a seeing animal. He is also a thinking, an imagining, a cross-referring and a systems-making

The art that came after Impression-

ism was determined to gratify an insa-tiable and querulous curiosity. Using himself as the raw material of his experiments, the artist began to vivisect

space, consciousness and the process of perception itself. As Giorgio de Chirico said, "The demon in everything must be discovered." He wanted to recreate the astonishment of the

first man in the world "who must have seen auguries everywhere and

of the first woman on earth, whose

terrified shrick "pierced the whole of nature." Ernst Ludwig Kirchner's "Street, Berlin," flattens perspective

"as if the emergency were too great to

allow of a third dimension."
Russell, who seems to know every-

thing as well as the most striking way to express it, says that "in Racine, no-

body sneezes; the disorder of every-

day life is outlawed by classic tradi-

tion." But by the 20th century, mod-

ern art had become a great sneeze that expelled the past. As Piet Mondrian remarked in 1924, "We are at the end of everything old."

After Abstract Expressionism,

painting seemed to go beserk. In the work of Jackson Pollock, Russell writes, "painting had become a kind

trembled with every step he took." In Edvard Munch's "The Scream," he seems to have captured the feeling

we must live differently."

DOWN 185 Actor Estrada 186 Horn **68** Bunk!

69 "...--- 00 Casey's face" 107 Higher part 106 Muscleman 70 Good throw, in horseshoes
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BOOKS

of this book

THE MEANINGS OF MODERN ART By John Russell. (Illustrated.) 429 pp. \$35 hardcover. \$16.95 paperback. The Museum of Modern Art/Harper & Row, 10 East 53rd Street, New York 10020.

Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

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of hand-to-hand encounter between the painter and the wall (or the floor)." In his attenuated figures, Al-COTHE best art of the past hundred bert Giacometti "cut the fat off space," in Sartre's words. Barnett Newman attempted to express an American sublime through what Arnold Rosenberg called "a marathon of deletions." Willem de Kooning's imhe takes the position that "art is there s were so intense confront them only in "slipping

sures us that "experience was not formless and illegible." And in doing this, it goes beyond what Gustave Moreau called "The sad accountancy glimpses.' "There is no reason," Robert Rauschenberg said, "not to consider the world as one gigantic painting."
In his multimedia "Bed," he demonstrated, according to Russell, "paint's power to survive in any surroundings." When Rauschenberg proposed to operate "in the gap between art and life," a bed seemed a logical guage in which we tell secrets to one another. Henri Bergson was halfway to this thought when he said that "we

have to express ourselves in words, but most often we think in space."

Beyond enabling us to see who and where we are, art also teaches us how and life," a bed seemed a logical place.

That gap between art and life, Russell says, seems to have frightened some people into thinking that we may be approaching the end, the exhaustion, of art, that there may be before us now "only a long littleness." But in "The Meaning of Modern Art," he joyously banishes this Torschlusspanik, this fear of the closing of the door. to see. As Russell observes, "Cezanne rebuilt the experience of seeing," rescuing it from the tyranny of habit. When Van Gogh said that he and his fellow artists painted things not as they are, but as they felt them, he was inviting us to enjoy the same freedom.

Until the latter part of the 19th century, Russell writes, "art was one of the learned professions and it was not the fearestime of estimate look around. ing of the door.

Someone observed that there is nothing more exciting than an idea, and Russell's book is a gorgeous pan-demonium of ideas, illustrated with 328 pages, 101 in color. "The Mean-ing of Modern Art" is also a cogent ing of Modern Art" is also a cogent cultural history that synthesizes painting, sculpture, literature, social atmospheres, science and politics. One finishes the book feeling as Emerson did on another occasion when he said "I have enjoyed a perfect exhilaration. I am glad to the brink of fear."

Anatole Broyard is on the staff of The New York Times.

New York Library Replacing British **Books Lost in War**

New York Times Service NEW YORK — On May 10, 1941, the German Luftwaffe dropped a cluster of incendiary bombs that struck the old Iron Library of the British Museum. The southwest quadrant of the institution on Great Russell Street in Bloomsbury was destroyed, with a loss of 250,000 volumes — including a large number of American titles.

Now, 40 years later, in the base-ment of the New York Public Library on Fifth Avenue, the photographic section is engaged in a scholarly transatlantic mission: microfilming nearly 6,000 books destroyed during the blitz to fill in the Americana shelves in the British (formerly Museum) Library.

The range of material being microfilmed covers the humanities and social sciences, medical journals and law books, scientific and technical subjects, and official documents from federal, state and local governments. Titles range from "The Art of Batting to Base Running" to "The Law of Adultery & Ignominious Punishments.

Photocopies of catalog entries for books missing from the British Li-brary's shelves enable the New York Public Library to determine what can be replaced by microfilming from its own holdings. The microfilming is ex-pected to take five years.















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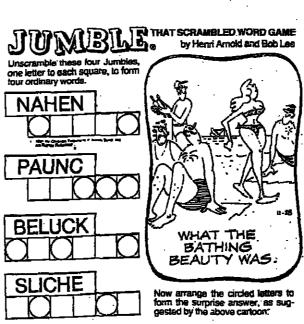




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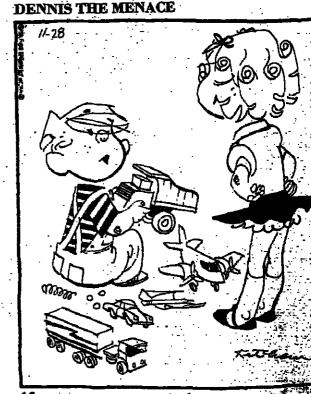
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Answer here: A Yesterday's Jumbles: ENEMY AZURE BONNET COBALT Answer: Sounds like a good hiding place— A TANNERY

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SURE I WAS LISTENING TO YOU! I, JUST WASN'T PAYIN' ANY ATTENTION

Bear Bryant Vies for No. 315

Games Get Tighter As NFL Moves Into Week 13 of Season

By William N. Wallace New York Tunes Service

NEW YORK - Two National Football League games were decided by one point last Sunday and Monday, the Jets' 16-15 victo-ry over Miami followed by Atlanta's 31-30 decision over Minnesota. And on Thanksgiving Day, the Cowboys edged the Bears, 10-9. Those were the 41st, 42d and 43d games to be decided by three points or less this season, roughly a quarter of the total played to

Is this a newly defined trend reflecting the closeness of the teams? It is more a continuation of a trend according to the NFL statisticians.

NFL PREVIEW

Last year 48.2 percent of the 224 regular season games were decided by seven points or less, and the margin was three points or less for 25.9 percent of the total.

Comparable percentages two seasons ago were 46.4 for seven points or less and 22.7 or three or less. This year there has been one tie score (the first Miami-Jets contest); four one-point decisions; 10 by two and 27 by three.
In the 13th week of the season

the select game will come on Monday night when two teams battling for division honors — the Eagles and the Dolphins — meet in Mi-

A preview of the NPL weekend follows (records in parentheses; betting lines from Harrah's Reno Sports Book):

NATIONAL CONFERENCE

Giants (6-6) at San Francisco (9-3) - The 49ers' home field, natural grass, is bodly damaged, and only 95 points have been scored there in the past three games. (The league average this season is 42.4. the highest ever.) That may be an advantage to the Giants, who rely so much on their defense. The 49ers' Freddy Solomon and Dwight Clark have caught 116 ses, more than any other pair of wide receivers. Betting line: San Francisco by 6.

Green Bay (5-7) at Minnesota (7-5) — The Vikings' record in their division is 4-1 with three games remaining. The Packers have only one healthy quarterback. the rookie Rich Campbell whose debut in last game was a near dis-aster. It is hoped David Whi-tchurst will be able to start instead. Betting line: Minnesota by 8.

Tampa Bay (6-6) at New Orleans (4-8) — The Buccaneers are very much in the playoff picture with a team that not even the coach, John McKay, views with pride. The Saints' rookie. George Rogers, continues to average over 100 yards rushing a game. Betting line: Tampa Bay by 2.

AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Denver (8-4) at San Diego (7-5)

— The Broncos beat the Chargers in their first game Sept. 27 by 18 points. These teams could be going in opposite directions. The Denver defense gave up 571 yards to Cincionati, the team losing for the third time in its last four games, while San Diego was scoring 55 points against Oakland. The Broncos may have to start Steve De-Berg at quarterback if Craig Mor-ton is not ready. Morton, who has adelphia by 1.

a sore shoulder and did not play last Sunday, remains questionable. Betting line: San Diego by 4.

Baltimore (1-11) at Jets (7-4-1) - The Colts have lost their last seven games by margins ranging from 11 to 29 points. Of the Jets' future opponents, Baltimore followed by Seattle, Cleveland and Green Bay, not one has a winning record. The collective won-lost totals are 15-33. Should the Jets fail to make the playoffs now they would have to invent many ex-

cuses. Betting line: Jets by 13.

Cincinnati (9-3) at Cleveland (5-7) — In winning their last four games the Bengals outscored their opponents, 136-69, and in 12 games they have had only 15 turnovers. The Browns' season may as well have ended with the latest de-feat, to Pittsburgh. Could the loss of the center, Tom DeLeone, have been the cause of the team's col-

Japse? Betting line: Even.

Oakland (3-7) at Seattle (4-8) —
Those 55 points scored by the
Chargers were the most any Raider team had given up in 20 years. This squad's other lowlight was failing to score in three straight games in October. The Seahawks have rallied a bit, winning three of their last five games. Berting line: Oakland by 2,

INTERCONFERENCE

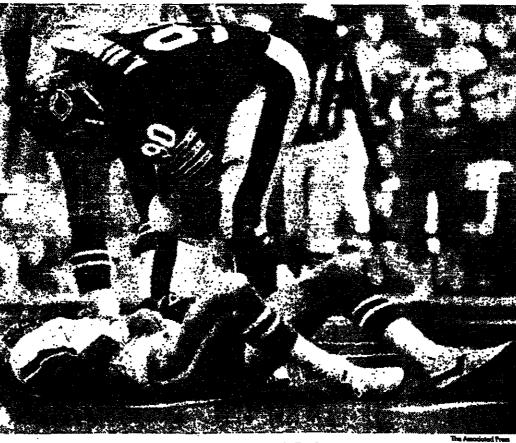
Atlanta (6-6) at Houston (5-7) -The footballs at last began to bounce the Falcons' way in the second half of their victory over Minnesota. Their realistic goal is to be the NFC's second wildcard team in the playoffs. It is difficult now for the coach, Ed Biles, to hold the Oiler team together while everyone awaits the next move of the owner, Bud Adams. He has always been quick to dismiss and discharge. Betting line: Atlanta by

Los Angeles (5-7) at Pittsburgh (7-5) — The Ram coach, Ray Malavasi, has said a dozen times he will not play musical chairs with his quarterbacks, but he is. He will not say who is to start in this game, but it will probably be Pat Haden. The Steelers are one of six teams in contention for the two AFC wildcard playoff berths, and Terry Bradshaw has been playing well lately. Betting line: Pittsburgh

St. Louis (5-7) at New England (2-10) — The Cardinals believe they have found their quarterback of the future in Neil Lomax, who will play every minute of the remaining games barring injury. The team has won two in a row, which is new and different. The Patriots started a rebuilding campaign by claiming John Lee, a defensive end whom the Chargers hoped to slide through the waiver process. Lee made 11 tackies last Sunday. Bett-ing line: New England by 5. Washington (5-7) at Buffalo (7-

5) — The Bills are only half a 37 with less than seven minutes rehave not been playing well lately. The Redskins' Joe Washington is hurt and will not play. There goes a large part of the team's offense. Betting line: Buffalo by 6. Philadelphia (9-3) at Miami (7-4-

- Both teams are staggering a little and lost their last games because their offenses produced so few yards. Depth will now be a factor. The Eagles are thin in pass receivers and the Dolphins in offensive linemen. Betting line: Phil-



Al Harris of the Bears checks on the condition of Cowboy quarterback Danny White after helping to tackle him. White left the game with bruised ribs, but the Cowboys held on to win, 10-9.

Cowboys Outlast the Bears, 10-9

DALLAS - Glenn Carano, forced into his first meaningful ac-tion in five years as a professional quarterback, guided the Dallas Cowboys to a go-ahead touchdown

with five minutes to play Thursday, giving them a 10-9 victory over the Chicago Bears.

In Pontiac, Mich., meanwhile, Eric Hipple threw two first-half touchdown passes—to David Hill and Fred Scott — and Detroit's defense came up with the big plays in the second half to give the Lions a 27-10 victory over the Kansas City Chiefs.

Dallas had to survive a 49-yard field goal attempt with 44 seconds to play by John Roveto to record the victory and move a half-game in front of Philadelphia in the NFC East with a 10-3 record.

White Bruises Ribs

Carano, who has spent his entire career as either third-string quart-erback behind Roger Staubach or backup to Danny White, was forced into action when White sustained bruised ribs in the second

The Cowboys sputtered with Carano at the controls until early in the third quarter after the Bears had gone ahead, 9-3. Ed Jones stormed through to block the would-be extra point by Roveto. Carano first moved Dallas from its own 20 to the Chicago 2-yard

line, with the help of a 55-yard pass to Tony Hill only to have a fourth-down pass play batted down by Mike Hartenstine. But Chicago was forced to punt and Dallas took over at the Bears'

maining. Carano promptly scrambled 11 Springs scored from the 5-yard line

to put Dallas in front The two sides had traded field goals in the first half, Rafael Septien hitting on one of 41 yards for Dallas in the opening quarter and Roveto making good on a 43-yard-er in the second period.

Chicago's touchdown came on a march of almost eight minutes

Detroit pull within a half-game of which ended early in the final quarter with a 2-yard touchdown first place Minnesota in the NFC run by quarterback Vince Evans. Central Division, said: "We seem to have the big play in. We're now Walter Payton gained 29 yards during that drive and collected 179 able to sustain a drive. We're winyards on 38 carries during the day. ning, and maybe down the road we have a chance at the playoffs." Payton enjoyed his best day of a disappointing season and set a record against the Cowboys with The Lion coach, Monte Clark, said: "It was a good win against a good football team and now we

have three left, against Green Bay, Minnesota and Tampa Bay [all Central Division rivals]. This is

what we thought might happen. It

The Chiefs' coach, Marv Levy, praised the Lion defense and said

ne was astonished that his star

rookie running back, Joe Delaney,

did not make a key first down at

the Detroit 30, which gave the Lions the ball with slightly more

than seven minutes to play in the

"I thought we could make it,"

Levy said. "And quite frankly, I

It turned out to be crucial be-

cause Detroit took the ball 70

yards, entirely on the ground

against one of the league's top de-

fenses against the run. Billy Sims

capped the drive by carrying line-backer Cal Peterson four yards

with him into the end zone with

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thought that we did make it."

has come down to this."

Lions Gain Confidence Hipple, who threw touchdown passes of 10 and 40 yards to help

World Title Bout Seems Far Off for

Lucien Rodriguez

The Associated Press PARIS -- Although he won the European heavyweight championship easily. Lucien Rodriguez of France looked far from ready to fight a leading American heavyweight - Gerry Cooney has been mentioned — in a possible tune-up for a world title fight as has been suggested in boxing circles here.

While always in control, the Frenchman was never able to finoff his Spanish opponent, Felipe "Pantera" Rodriguez, who tired badly and was defeated on points in 12 rounds Thursday. The title had been left vacant by the retirement of Britain's John

It marks the second time that Lucien Rodriguez has held the European title. He won it in May, 1977, from Jean Pierre Coopmans of Belgium but lost it the following September, when he was knocked out by Alfredo Evangelista of yards for a first down and then threw a 15-yard screen pass to full-back Ron Springs. Two plays later 1979.

He had fought Felipe Rodriguez twice in non-title bouts in Pontevedra, Spain, earlier this year. He won in March when Pantera was disqualified for biting in the fifth round, and fought a draw in July.

Lopez Beats Mundine

BRISBANE, Australia (Renters) Alvaro Lopez moved a step closer a crack at Matthew Saad Muhammad's World Boxing Council light heavyweight title Fri day when he scored a technical knockout over Tony Mundine of Australia in the third round.

The defeat was a shock for Mundine, 30, who had taken the offensive from the outset and appeared to have Lopez in trouble.

World Cup Season Delayed; No Snow

United Press International VAL D'ISERE, France - The women's downhill, which was scheduled to start the World Cup alpine ski season Dec. 2, was canceled Friday because of a lack of SDOW.

been delayed by 24 hours since weather reports have predicted that snow will fall by next week-

ant sialom are tentative for Dec. 5

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Clarke (4); McCrimmon).
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(8); Yrother 3 (9); Sebyen (5); S. Setter (17);
Collegery 7, Lee Angeles 1 (Erizgenies (17); Levelles (6); Cyr (4); Nesselli (7); Houston 2 (5);
Rosselli (5); Dionne (201);

As Alabama Takes On Auburn By Gordon S. White Jr. New York Times Service NEW YORK - On the first series of plays against Penn State two weeks ago. Alabama had a fourth down and less than a yard to go at its 45-yard line. It never considered punting. After a timeout for consul-

tation with Coach Paul (Bear) Bryant, the quarterback Alan Gray set the team in a tight wishbone. It seemed apparent to Penn State that Alabama would try a dive play for the first down. Suddenly Gray backpedaled before the snap from center, and the three running backs took a step toward the line. It was a legal shift, and it drew the entire Penn State defensive from offside, resulting in

a 5-yard penalty and a first down. The cunning tactic

had been used many times by Bryant. It was clear then that the coach had come prepared for anything, and that Penn State had not. Alabama won, 31-16, and Bryant, who is 68 years old, had his 314th victory in 37 years as a head coach, tying the record set in 1946 by Amos Alonzo Stagg in 57 years of coaching. On Saturday, when Alabama plays Auburn, he will go for the record.

Trademark

Tactical use of the rules has become a trademark of Bryant's coaching. When he was at Kentucky, and then later at Alabama, he pulled the tackle-eligible s play so many times in victories over Mississippi that John Vaught, the Mississippi coach from 1947 through 1970, and a member of the football rules committee, had the rules changed. Now tackles are not eligible to catch a pass, except under specific con-ditions that make them obvious to the defense as

Paul William Bryant was born Sept. 11, 1913 in Moro Bottom, Ark., a speck on the map that he al-ways describes as "a little piece of bottom land on the Moro Creek, about seven miles south of Fordyce, Arkansas." One of 11 children in a poor family, he seemed destined to be a farmer on unyielding, hot land from the day he could work the fields.

But the young Bryant yearned for more, and often rode the rails during his teens to see what else was offered in the world. During his years at Fordyce High School, he earned the most famous nickname in football and set the course of his life with that sport. In his biography, written with John Underwood, Bryant says:

"I remember one summer we walked in from the Bottom to Mr. Smith's picture theater in Fordyce, The Lyric Theater. I remember the Jordan twins were with me, we called them Click and Jud, and they were my best friends and the best athletes Fordyce High ever had.

There was a poster out front with a picture of a bear, and a guy was offering a dollar a minute to anyone who would wrestle the bear. Mr. Smith was excited because the guy who was supposed to wrestle the bear hadn't showed up. They egged me on, and Mr. Smith lined it up with the fellow who had the bear. Mr. Smith agreed to let me and my friends into the picture free."

Bryant wrestled the "scrawny" bear to the floor, but it bit his ear. "After the show was over," he said, "I went around to get my money, but the man with the bear had flown the coop. All I got out of the whole thing was a nickname."

Bryant, who is 6 feet 4 inches tall, was a goodenough tackle at Fordyce to be recruited by the University of Alabama, where be became "the other end" in 1933-1935. He was at right end and at left was Don Hutson, who earned more fame later as the receiver for Cecil Isbell when they played for the Green Bay Packers. Bryant went a different route, getting a job as an assistant coach at Alabama and then shifting to Vanderbilt.

After the 1941 season, he served five years in the Navy, and was discharged just in time to take the head coaching job at Maryland for the 1945 season. Thus began one of the stormiest and most colorful careers in college football history, a career that could last a few more seasons.

After one year at Maryland, Bryant took over at Kentucky, where he remained for eight seasons. Then he moved to Texas A&M for four seasons that were troublesome. He returned to his alma mater in 1958.

Despite the many criticisms and problems he has lived through, Bryant is praised by many of his for-mer players. John David Crow, the Aggie running back, was the only Bryant player to win a Heisman Trophy as the best player in the nation. The coach developed other outstanding players over the last three decades, particularly quarterbacks such as George Blanda and Babe Parilli at Kentucky, and Steve Stoan, Joe Namath, Ken Stabler and Richard Todd at Alabama. Forty-four of his former players have become head college coaches, including Jackie Sherrill of Pittsburgh and Danny Ford of Clemson.

He had a stormy tenure at Texas A&M. The school was put on probation for violating National Collegiate Athletic Association rules, and Bryant later admitted that some of his players had been paid. But he said he had not done the paying and did not know

His most difficult time came when an article in The Saturday Evening Post said that he and Wally Butts, the Georgia coach, arranged to fix the result of the Alabama-Georgia game Sept. 22, 1962. The charge was based on someone's saying that he had overheard a phone conversation between Bryant and

Alabama won the game, 35-0. Butts won a record judgment in a libel suit against the Curtis Publishing Co. Bryant also sued, but his case never went to court, as he received a huge out-of-court settlement,

Bryant has been accused of striking his players, calling the shots on what teams play in certain bowl games, telling the president of Alabama how to run the school, and playing dirty football. What has been proved, however, is that he wins with fast, small players, as in his early years at Alabama; that he wins with big. strong players, as he does now, and that he changes with the trends in football, as displayed by his conversion to the wishbone attack when that came out in the late 1960s.

God-Like Figure

A Southeastern Conference coach says of Bryant: 'He's calculating in all respects. I respect him but don't revere him as his players do. He is the best this game has had, but he has always done what is convenient and he has admitted he has broken the rules. Now he is something of a God-like figure. Whatever it takes, he does it to win. He is an outstanding coach, pays a big price for it and has stayed powerful for 40 years or longer. And through it all, he is an actor.

Bryant, who is easy to spot as the tall man wearing the black and white hound's tooth hat on the sideline, said to be a millionaire. He has endorsed soft drinks, hats and automobiles, and has served as a bank officer. He can be soft-spoken or gruff, and is known to call on God, mother and alma mater every

Korolev Gives Russia 3d Gymnastics Gold

continued to stage a dramatic bat-

tle, with Korolev, 19, heading the

36-man final with 113.375 points to Makuc's 118.350.

Koji Gushiken of Japan placed third with 117.975, while Alexan-

der Dityatin, the Olympic and de-

fending world champion, finished last after abandoning the floor ex-

ercise with an ankle injury.

MOSCOW - Yuri Korolev, scoting 9.95 on the ponumel horse, overhauled his pace-setting compa triot. Bogdan Makue, on the final exercise Friday night to capture the men's individual combined title and complete a gold medal triple for the Soviet Union at the 21st World Gymnastics Cham-

The host nation, which won the

Korolev, who hails from Vladi-Texas Avenges 2 Previous Defeats With 21-13 Victory Over Texas A&M

United Press lettern COLLEGE STATION, Texas ---Quarterback Robert Brewer scored Quarterback Robert Brewer school
one touchdown and passed for another while running back John
Walker contributed a 60-yard
touchdown run Thursday to lead
Texas to a 21-13 victory over Tex-

The Longhorns, who play Alabama in the Cotton Bowl on Jan. I, finished the scheduled campaign at 9-1-1 and avenged the two upsets the Aggies inflicted on them the past two seasons.

Texas exploded for all its points

Big Ten Player of Year United Press International

COLUMBUS, Ohio - Art Schlichter, Ohio State's outstanding senior quarterback, has been chosen as the UPI Big Ten player of the year for the second time in the past three years in voting by the conference coaches.

in the second quarter after spot-ting A&M two field goals early in the first period. Brewer marched the Longhorns 80 yards on 12 plays and capped the drive with a 1-yard plunge. He threw passes of 19 and 14 yards to Herkie Walls and Donnie Little during the drive. Seven minutes later, Walker,

substituting for regular running back A.J. Jones, took a pitch left, reversed his field and outran the Aggie defense for a 60-yard touchdown run. Walker led all rushers with 178 yards on 36 carries.

The Aggies, which ended the season at 6-5, will face Oklahoma State in the Independence Bowl on Dec. 12 in Shreveport, La.

In Jackson, Miss., meanwhile, two field goals by Randall Lewis gave Jackson State the winning edge for a 13-10 victory over Alcorn State and its first outright Southwestern Athletic Conference football championship since 1962.

men's and women's team titles, mir, the home of former gymnastics giant Nikolai Andryanov, took the title away from Makuc with a dramatic late finish.

> Makue looked as if he would capture the title after scoring a perfect 10 on the horizontal bars, the fourth exercise in the program to go ahead of Korolev, who scored 9.90.

But Korolev, leading the stand-ings from the points collected in the team event, showed no signs of nervousness after losing his advan-

tage at such a critical point.

Makuc, 21, went first on the
pommel and scored 9.9, which
looked good enough for victory.

But Korolev, the world student champion, struck back emphatically with his last-ditch 9.95 to win the event by a mere quarter of a point on his first attempt.

Asian Games Expected To Freeze Out Israel The Associated Press

NEW DELHI — The Asian Games Federation decided Friday to replace itself next year with an enlarged sports body, the Olympic Council of Asia, which because of Arab presence is expected to freeze Israel out of its competitions

The federation secretary-general, C.L. Mehta of India, announced the decision at a news conference that also confirmed the selection of Seoul as the host country for the 10th Asian Games in 1986, two years before Seoul holds the 1988 Summer Olympics.

Celtics Accuse 2 NBA Clubs of Tampering on Ainge Talks two clubs and probably at least a willing to buy out Ainge's contract

BOSTON - The owner of the Boston Celucs, Harry Mangurian, has accused at least two other National Basketball Association teams with tampering with his club's rights to guard Danny Ainge and demanded that the NBA commissioner, Lurry O'Brien, investi-

"This is an opportunity for the commissioner to exercise his power." Mangurian said this week. From what we've heard, we want him to do so. We want to see. what's going to happen. At least

couple of others are tampering. "Ainge was offered a substantial

contract but since this tampering or whatever you may call it, his price has substantially escalated." Mangurian said the Ceitics of-fered Ainge a contract calling for \$1.3 million over five years. Bob Quinney, Ainge's agent, was quoted as saying that he has not talked to any NBA club except

Boston. The Philadelphia Hers and Los Angeles Lakers told baseball's Toronto Blue Jays that they were

for \$1 million if they could acquire the rights to him, sources said. Spokesmen for both teams denied

Boston's NBA rights to Ainge run through the draft of June, Ainge, who played basketball at

Brigham Young University and pro baseball in the summers, played with the Blue Jays last sum-mer. Toronto refused to release Ainge unless the Celtics, who drafted Ainge, compensated the

definitely. **NHL Standings** WALES CONFERENCE | COMPENDENCE | NY Islander's Accounts Division:
13 10 3 29 114 136
12 7 4 28 89 72
11 4 6 28 105 53 Savytha Division

15 6 3 33 131 90

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this year, not

only with young-

electronic ma-

chine, what he was doing.

down. I'll blow my money.'

even know what they are."

machine," he said.

in an arcade."

Fair Nomination

Sters

he said.

why?

friendly missiles than ever before.

rownups as well.
I stopped into
an arcade the
other day and
asked a man in a

standing at an Buchwald

"I'm shooting down asteroids,"

"Anyone can see that. But

Because I put a quarter in the

machine and if I don't shoot them

"Do you have anything personal against asteroids?"

"Hell, no." he said, "I don't

"Suppose I told you that as-

teroids are minor planets that re-volve around the sun between

Mais and Jupiter and are no threat

to Earth. Would that change your mind about wanting to shoot them

"Not if I put a quarter in the

"Do you realize that at the rate

"Hey, look, fellow. I don't need

you to tell me what to shoot down

l replied. "Asteroids are small

particles of matter created when

the solar system was born. They

are absolutely no threat to us. As a

manter of fact, they may be pre-

venting us from having skin can-

The Associated Press

people are shooting down as-teroids there might not be any left

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WASHINGTON — The federal government decided to recommend Chicago as the site for the 1992 world's fair, noting that the fair would commemorate the 500th anniversary of Christopher Columbus discovery of the Americas. The bid will be sent to the Board of International Expositions, the treaty organization, which regulates all official world's fairs.

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Art Buchwald Kill Those Asteroids!

asked him.

WASHINGTON — The big "Why would the people who designed this game program it with asteroids if they didn't want us to news for Christmas is that video games are hotter than ever. This means more people will be shoot them down?" shooting down more asteroids, space invaders, UFOs and un-Because all they are interested in is your quarters. I don't think

any of them has seen one." The video games are home ver-Look at my score, While I was talking to you I only shot down one asteroid." sions of arcade games that have

"That's one too many," I told He moved to another machine called "Space Invaders." I stopped him as he was about to put a quarter in the machine. Why are you going to shoot

Because they are going to attack us." he said. How do you know that?" "It says so, right here on the

down people from outer space?" I

screen." "They put that on the machine to arouse your killer instinct. Suppose those spaceships were coming here on a close encounter of the third kind? Maybe there are women and children on them. How would you feel if someone from another planet shot down your

space shuttle?" "Hey, look, I have only 15 minutes of my lunch hour left. What business is it of yours anyway?"

"Because there are too many people in this country who want to shoot at something. It puts Americans in a very bad psychological frame of mind. It's worse for the kids. They are starting to think that war is a video game, and we can shoot down anything with a

What about the Missile Command game? I have to protect six cities from enemy missiles. Do you have anything against protecting our cities from enemy missiles?"

"Once you put the quarter in and shoot down the first wave of armed missiles, the computer escalates the game by sending over 'smart' ones, and no matter how many you destroy, the cities get it

The man in the pin-striped suit said, "You really know how to ruin a guy's lunch hour," and he stomped out. The owner of the arcade, who

was watching the scene, came over to me and said, "Mister, you've got two minutes to get out of this place, or I'll break both your legs." "I'd expect a threat like that from somebody who encourages people to kill asteroids."

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. Mary Blume_

George Steiner

Reflections on the Holocaust, Hitler, Hell and Having the Last Word

International Herald Tribune DARIS - George Steiner is

with intelligence. He is a teacher.

writer and critic although he

would choose none of these

bly pompous, comical 19th-century title which I think is lovely,

maître de pensee, and that's just right and aobody dares use it anymore. It's what I'd love on

my gravestone because it's so

pompously and beautifully

He works in French, English,

German and Italian and his

books have been translated into

18 languages. Language itself is his major theme; to read is a po-

litical act.
"We now know, as Aristotle did but as many have forgotten,

that the arts are ideological; that

politics, that the refusal of poli-

tics, is a profoundly political act;

that the very great writers — I suppose Kafka is the greatest po-

htical scientist of this century,

the one who saw totalitarianism

coming - the great poets are the

concerned with trying to under-

stand the Holocaust and a world

Russians, Africans and Asians as

in an essay called "A Season

in Hell" he wrote that the Holo-

caust marks a second Fall, a vol-

untary exit from Eden and a de-

liberate attempt to burn the gar-

den behind us: "The concentra-tion and death camps of the twentieth century, wherever they exist, under what regime, are Hell made immanent. They are the transference of Hell from below

the earth to its surface. . . .

Needing Hell, we have learned how to build and run it on

earth.... In locating Hell

above ground we have passed out

of the major order and symme-

say from "In Bluebeard's Castle"

(1970) is the world of Steiner's

first novel, "The Portage to San

Cristobal of A.H." published

this winter in London and Paris,

a terse and disturbing work that

magines a nonagenarian Adolf

Hitler alive and well in the

steaming and stinking jungles of Brazil (our corrupted Eden). The novel ends with a sensational

monologue in which Hitler de-

fends himself as a man of his

time: "My crimes were matched and surpassed by others," he says. It is thanks to him, Hitler

The world described in this es-

tries of Western civilization.

which makes mass murder

well as Jews — acceptable.

Much of his work has been

maginers of our politics."

French."

"The French have an incredi-

words to describe himself.

small, vivacious, flashing

The novel came from a simple question Steiner asked himself: if Hitler entered a room today, would we stand up? "The whole novel is perhaps an attempt to answer that. And I know damn well we would get up. I am trying to grapple with what it is that would make us get up.

There have been very few fictional treatments of Hitler and the very few have tried to bring him down to our size. I know that's an error, I just know that is to betray responsibility, so I took the contrary method, which is that of hallucination. He just wasn't of our size. The present estimate is that by the year 2000 there will be more books on himthan on Napoleon, running just short of Christ at the present.

The Word

The novel is part of Steiner's basic subject of study: the word. "If in the beginning was the Word, capital W, it may be the end. I am speculating with the thought that a Hitler almost knew that word, knew the last word. The expression having the last word haunts me. What does it mean to have the last word? In that expression there is a tremendous edge of destruction."

George Steiner was born in Paris of Viennese parents in 1929 and moved to New York in 1940. He got his B.A. from the University of Chicago in only one year, took his doctorate at Oxford and spent four years in London on The Economist magazine, specializing in European and Ameri-

In the U.S. for The Economist he met Robert Oppenheimer, which led to an invitation to join Princeton's Institute of Advanced Study; he was the youngest member ever and one of the few in the arts.

Later, again through Oppen-heimer, he joined Cambridge University's new Churchill Col-lege and he lives in Cambridge with his wife, a distinguished dip-lomatic historian. He teaches each year in the U.S., has been a literary critic of The New Yorker since 1966 and holds the chair of

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adds, that the state of Israel ex-ists. Comparative Literature at Gene-va University, where he spends six months a year.

> One of his most impassioned recent articles was about the super-establishment spy, Anthony Blant.

> "The piece on Blunt explores among other things the violence latent in pure intellectuality. I am profoundly struck by the fact that we have underestimated the sheer brutal power of concentrated thinking, the fact that it both cuts you off from the world and turas you against the world.

> > 'Autistic Activity' "But the Blunt is more a reflec-

tion on the crazy state of the pure scholar. You're a great scholar, you've sweated the last ounce of blood in a five-volume definitive work on some tiny issue and there's only one person in the world who will read it: your enemy who hopes to find a mistake. This is an almost autistic activity. I'm fascinated by the autistic activity of the great humantistic scholar — a man who's cataloging Chinese bronzes is really a very fascinating phenomenon, a kind of cancer of the abstract mind "I always wonder about this

enormous fascination of the intellectual for detective stories, espionage. Wittgenstein saw only westerns, saw them over and over again, Simenon is a hero of intel-lectuals, Le Carré's Smiley series is a real fantasy of the intellectuals — this sense of being a dou-ble or a triple. And I think it's fascinating that a man who in the morning says to his students that if you trick an attribution of a Rembrandt drawing you will fry forever in hell, in the afternoon is telephoning the KGB. I was trying to understand a little how that controlled, cold schizophrenia works."

Steiner's book on the philosopher Martin Heidegger has just come out and he is at work on a long-term project on the Anti-gone theme: "I am taking the meeting between Antigone and Creon and studying its role over two and a half thousand years in literature, law, philosophy and politics — its enormous role be-

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Steiner: A standing theory.

cause it involves woman and man, young and old, law and conscience, the living and the dead. There is almost no issue it doesn't polarize, and it has been used for two and half thousand years to define something central in the condition of the West and of our poetics and politics."

He does not see his novel as basically different from his critical works, "For me 'After Babel," asking questions about the word is already the novel. So is 'Language and Silence' or 'In Blue-beard's Castle.' And in turn the novel speaks back to the philosophic works.
"You see, I don't have the in-

nocence, the creative power of the artist, that sleepwalking intuitive nower of a real artist. That means that when I use fictive or imaginative forms, they are of course metaphors of ideas."

If his other works have won respect and are used in many universities, "The Portage to San Cristobal of A.H.," which Cristo-pher Hampton is adapting for the London stage, has brought Steiner before a wide public on radio and TV.

"Of course it's thrilling and if I earn well I'm going to buy a good chess computer. I have one in Geneva, a small bad one and I would like to invest, if I make some money, in a better one.

Steiner clearly enjoys the attention, but enough is enough, "All this public attention — the novel is coming out in so many languages now — all this is something very new to me and a little outside myself. And it comes late, this kind of circus. I ache to get back to Antigone, who's a very severe, a very silent, lady."

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PEOPLE: Thatcher, Filipino Get Into Dog-Calling Contest

Thatcher's criticism of dog-eating in the Philippines drew a sharp reaction from a Filipino politicism who said Mrs. Thatcher should concern herself with Irish political prisoners. Assemblyman Eddie Barde said the slaughter of dogs for food was prohibited in most parts of the Philippines. He said Filipines are really as "dog-loving" as the British. "Mrs. Thatcher should not be disturbed by the way Filipinos treat dogs because the few of us who are sometimes cruel. to these animals cannot be more cruel than even the British themselves, who have been cruel not only to animals but human beings in their colonies in the past. flarde said. A picture of a dog muzzled by wire with its front legs tied behind its back was published in the Sunday Mirror. The photo prompted James Wellbeloved, a member of Parliament, to urge Mrs. Thatcher to denounce to the Philippine government this "bar-baric cruelty" heaped on dogs be-fore being slaughtered and caten. "I felt the same repugnance as you. and I am sure all members in this house would feel repugnance at that horrible photograph," Mrs. Thatcher said. A British Embassy spokesman in Manila said Britain's "repugnance" was quietly passed on to the foreign ministry

Eric Boyd, 12, of Birmingham, Ala, who received the heart of a I4-year-old boy killed in a motorbike accident in transplant sur-gery, was reported to be "sore, but in good spirits" two days after the operation. Boyd underwent a three-hour operation after doctors determined he had a life-threatening heart disease - a form of heart muscle damage — for which there was no therapy.

in Manila and the response was that it was an internal affair of the

Philippines.

McCartney Way, George Harrison Close and Ringo Starr Drive are the main streets of a 120-dwelling development called Kensington Fields opened Friday in the Beatles' hometown. "They put Liver-pool on the map," said Pat Laecook, spokesman for Wimpey and Co., which is building the develop-ment. "Wherever you go, when you mention the Beatles you think of Liverpool. Bob Dylan ("Blowin" in the Wind"), Jerry Herman ("Hello Dolly") and Psul Simon ("Mrs. Robinson)" are among the nine songwriters just

John Lennon Drive, Paul

elected to the National Academy of Popular Music's Hall of Fame. They represent the post-1950 songwriters. Three song scribes active before 1950 also were elected

Gordon Jenkins ("Manhattan
Tower"), Harold Rome ("Fanny")
and Meredith Wilson ("76 Trombones"). Three deceased songwriters also were named -Rube Bloom ("Fools Rush In"), Jerry Ross ("You've Gotta Have Heart") and Al Stillman ("It's Not For Me To Say").

* * *

If Aeschylus, the ancient Greek dramatist, left Olympus to attend the Saturday's opening night of his trillogy "Oresteia" at London's National Theatre, he would be outraged if the torch on stage did not have real flames. So ruling Lon-don Magistrate Edmand MacDermost overturned the objections of the city's fire prevention department and gave the theater the okay to use an 8-foot flaming torch. The Greater London Conneil's fire prevention branch had declared the torch dangerous and unnecessa - an imitation flame would suffice, they said ... Jacqueline Hall, the wife of Sir Peter Hall, the director of the National Theatre, has been granted an uncontested divorce after he admitted to adultery with U.S. open singer Marie Ewing. They were married in 1965. Sir Peter, 50, and Ewing, 31, met in 1979 while he was producing "Cosi Fan Tutte" at Glyndebourne, fingland. Ewing makes her debut at the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, in spring as Melisande in Debussy's Felleas and Mel-

orary doctorate by the Royal Col-lege of Music — only the third time the prestigious institution has bestowed the honor. "I don't feel in any way that I come up to the required standard to merit such an honor," said the 33-year-old heir to the British throne, "but I am get-ting used to receiving such things," (12) College Director Sir David (12) Willcocks, however, said the award was well earned by Charles' pa-tronage of British performing arts—the music performed at his July 29 wedding was considered by many a triumph—and for his efforts to raise money for the Royal Opera House. The college also awarded fellowships to some of Britain's most distinguished musicians, including opera singer Dame Joan Sotherland, guitarist Julian Bream and Welsh singer Sir Geraint Evans.

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